

**flowPFC 0**

600 V / 2 x 99mOhm / 200 kHz

**Features**

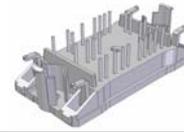
- Vincotech clip-in housing
- Compact and low inductance design
- Suitable for Interleaved topology
- Suitable for current sensing in source
- CP series CoolMOS™ and SiC boost FRED

**Target Applications**

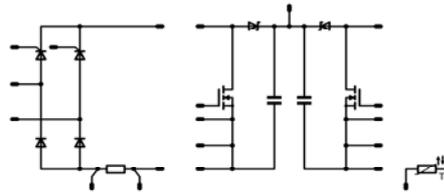
- PFC for welding
- PFC for SMPS
- PFC for motor drives
- PFC for UPS
- PFC for battery charger

**Types**

- F0062TA099FH02; with SCR, current sense in source

**flow0 housing**

**Schematic**

F0062TA099FH02



## Maximum Ratings

 $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Input Rectifier Diode</b>				
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	35	A
Surge forward current	$I_{FSM}$	$t_p=10\text{ms}$ $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	250	A
I2t-value	$I^2t$		310	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
Power dissipation per Diode	$P_{tot}$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	40	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
<b>Input Rectifier Thyristor</b>				
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		800	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	34	A
Surge forward current	$I_{FSM}$	$t_p=10\text{ms}$ $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	250	A
I2t-value	$I^2t$		310	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
Power dissipation per Thyristor	$P_{tot}$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	44	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

CoolMOS is a trademark of Infineon Technologies AG

## Maximum Ratings

 $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>PFC Transistor (MOSFET)-per leg</b>				
Drain to source voltage	$V_{DS}$		600	V
DC drain current	$I_D$	$T_j=T_{j,max}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	16	A
Pulsed drain current	$I_{D,pulse}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{j,max}$	93	A
Avalanche energy, single pulse	$P_{tot}$	$T_j=T_{j,max}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	800	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive	$V_{GS}$		1.2	mJ
Avalanche current, repetitive	$T_{j,max}$		11	A
dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	$V_{DS}=0\dots480\text{V}$	50	V/ns
Reverse diode dv/dt	dv/dt		15	V/ns
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j=T_{j,max}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	62	W
Gate-source peak voltage	$V_{GS}$		+/- 20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{j,max}$		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### PFC diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	600	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j=T_{j,max}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	15	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{j,max}$	42	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j=T_{j,max}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	34	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{j,max}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### PFC Shunt

DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	23	A
Power dissipation per Shunt	$P_{tot}$	$T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	5	W

### DC link Capacitor

Max.DC voltage	$V_{MAX}$	$T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	500	V
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### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{sig}$		-40...+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{op}$		-40...+( $T_{j,max}$ - 25)	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	$V_{is}$	$t=2\text{s}$ DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance			min 12,7	mm
Clearance			min 12,7	mm

**Characteristic Values**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] or $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_f$ [V] or $V_{CE}$ [V] or $V_{OS}$ [V]	$I_c$ [A] or $I_f$ [A] or $I_b$ [A]	$T_j$	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Input Rectifier Diode</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	1.16 1.11	1.4			V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	$V_{to}$			30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	0.9 0.77				V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	$r_f$			30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	9 12				m $\Omega$
Reverse current	$I_r$		1500		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		0.02 2			mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{thJH}$	Thermal grease thickness:50 $\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$					1.72			K/W
<b>Input Rectifier Thyristor</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	1.25 1.22	1.6			V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	$V_{to}$			30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	0.93 0.82				V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	$r_f$			30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	0.011 0.014				m $\Omega$
Reverse current	$I_r$		800		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0.05 2			mA
Gate controlled delay time	$t_{GD}$	$I_g=0,5\text{A}$ $di/dt=0,5\text{A/us}$		$VD=1/2V_{drm}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		2			$\mu\text{s}$
Gate controlled rise time	$t_{GR}$	$I_g=0,2\text{A}$ $di/dt=0,2\text{A/us}$			$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		<1			$\mu\text{s}$
Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	$(dv/dt)_{cr}$			$VD=2/3V_{drm}$	$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		500			V/ $\mu\text{s}$
Critical rate of rise of on-state current	$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$I_g=0,2\text{A}$ $f=50\text{Hz}$		$VD=2/3V_{drm}$	40 $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		150			A/ $\mu\text{s}$
Circuit commutated turn-off time	$t_q$	$VD=2/3V_{drm}$ $tp=200\mu\text{s}$		100	26 $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		150			$\mu\text{s}$
Holding current	$I_H$	$VD=6\text{V}$			$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		50			mA
Latching current	$I_L$	$tp=10\mu\text{s}$ $I_g=0,2\text{A}$			$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		90			mA
Gate trigger voltage	$V_{GT}$	$VD=6\text{V}$			$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=-40^\circ\text{C}$		1.3 1.6			V
Gate trigger current	$I_{GT}$	$VD=6\text{V}$			$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=-40^\circ\text{C}$	11	28 50			mA
Gate non-trigger voltage	$V_{GD}$			$VD=1/2V_{drm}$	$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0.2			V
Gate non-trigger current	$I_{GD}$			$VD=1/2V_{drm}$	$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		1			mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{thJH}$	Thermal grease thickness:50 $\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$					1.57			K/W
<b>PFC Transistor (MOSFET)-per leg</b>										
Avalanche breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DS}$		0		0.0003 $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	600				V
Static drain to source ON resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$		10		18 $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		111 223			m $\Omega$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$		$V_{ds}$		0.0012 $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	2.5	3.0	3.9		V
Gate to Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$		20	0				200		nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$		0	600	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			10		$\mu\text{A}$
Turn On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		21 20			ns
Rise Time	$t_r$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		3 4			
Turn off delay time	$t_{d(OFF)}$	$R_{goff}=4 \Omega$ $R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	10	400	15 $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		72 73			
Fall time	$t_f$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		3 3			
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	$E_{on}$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0.044 0.051			mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	$E_{off}$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0.010 0.009			
Total gate charge	$Q_{GE}$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		60			nC
Gate to source charge	$Q_{GS}$		0	400	18 $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		14			
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{GD}$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		20			
Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$						2800			pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	100	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		130			
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{riss}$						2.5			
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{thJH}$	Thermal grease thickness:50 $\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$					1.13			K/W

**Characteristic Values**

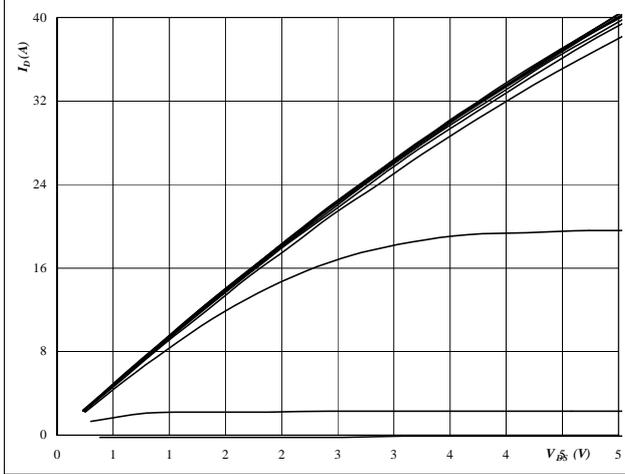
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit	
		$V_{GE}$ [V] or $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_f$ [V] or $V_{CE}$ [V] or $V_{OS}$ [V]	$I_c$ [A] or $I_f$ [A] or $I_b$ [A]	$T_j$	Min	Typ	Max			
<b>PFC Diode-per leg</b>											
Forward voltage	$V_F$				10	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	1.53 1.68	1.8		V	
Reverse leakage current	$I_{rm}$			600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		140		$\mu\text{A}$	
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	Rgon=4 $\Omega$	10	400	15	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	22.7			A	
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	19.6				
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	6.6				
						$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	7.0				
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	0.09				
						$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	0.06				
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$\frac{di(\text{rec})_{\text{max}}}{dt}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	10900 8149			A/ $\mu\text{s}$	
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{thJH}$	Thermal grease thickness:50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						2.80			K/W
<b>PFC Shunt</b>											
R1 value	R						9.4	10	10.6		m $\Omega$
Temperature coefficient	$t_c$	20°C to 60°C						< 50			ppm/K
Internal heat resistance	$R_{thi}$							<13			K/W
Inductance	L							< 3			nH
<b>DC link Capacitor</b>											
C value	C						480	540	600		nF
<b>Thermistor</b>											
Rated resistance	R					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		22			k $\Omega$
Deviation of R100	$\Delta R/R$	R25=22 K $\Omega$				$T_j=100^\circ\text{C}$	-5		5		%
Power dissipation	P					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$			210		mW
Power dissipation constant						$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3.5			mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3940			K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		4000			K

**PFC**

**Figure 1** PFC MOSFET

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

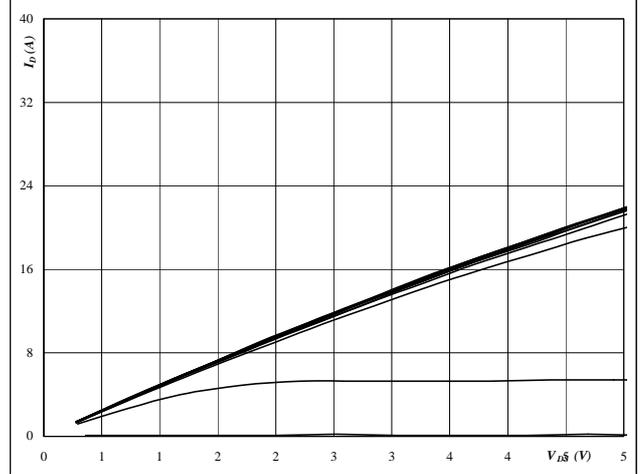


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GS}$  from 3 V to 13 V in steps of 1 V

**Figure 2** PFC MOSFET

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

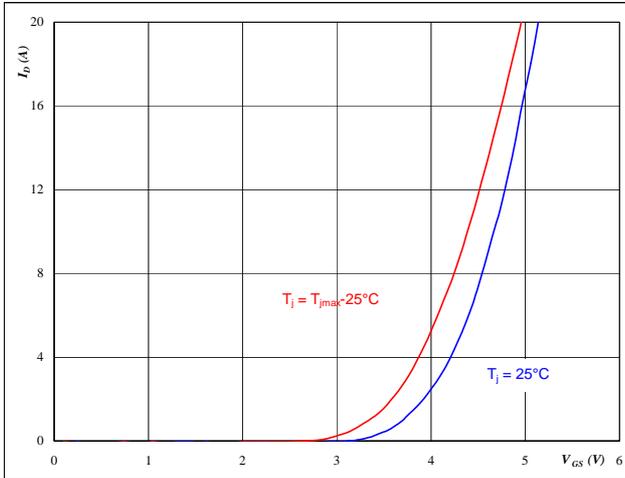


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GS}$  from 3 V to 13 V in steps of 1 V

**Figure 3** PFC MOSFET

**Typical transfer characteristics**

$I_D = f(V_{GS})$

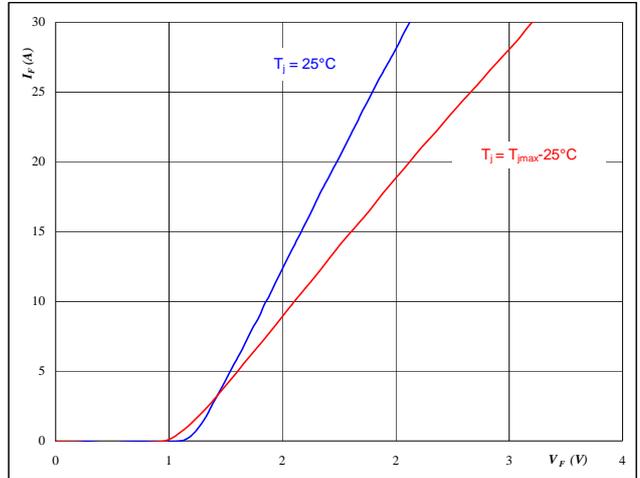


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{DS} = 10 V$

**Figure 4** PFC FRED

**Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

$I_F = f(V_F)$

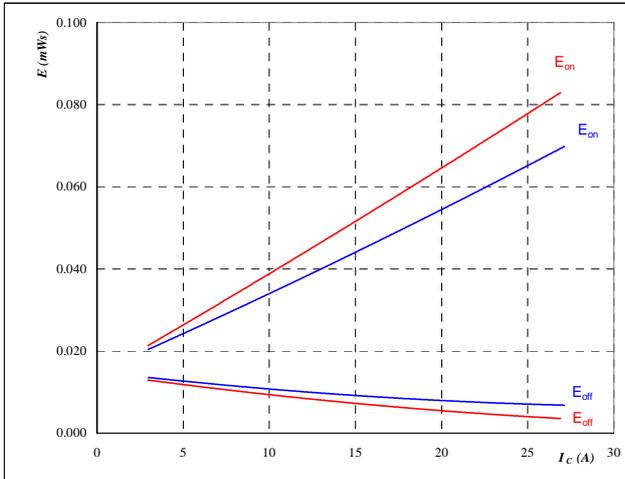


$t_p = 250 \mu s$

PFC

Figure 5 PFC MOSFET

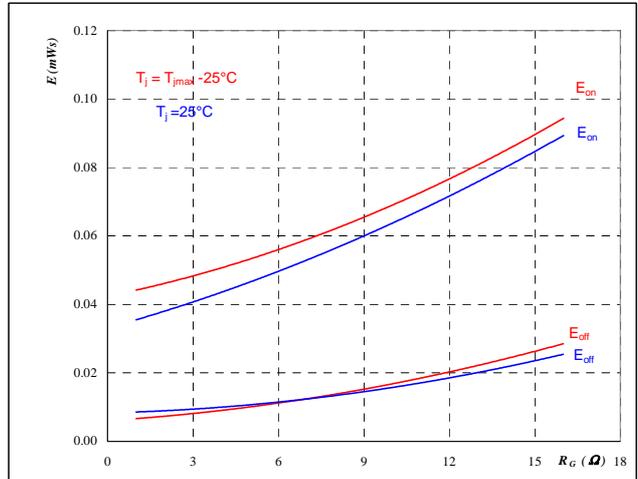
Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 10$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 4$  Ω

Figure 6 PFC MOSFET

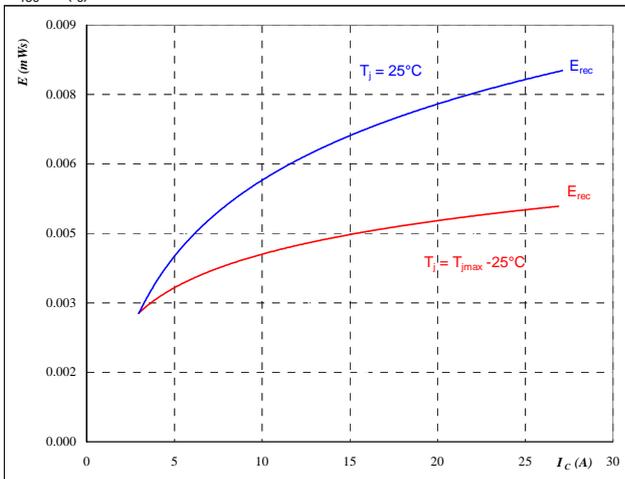
Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 10$  V  
 $I_D = 15$  A

Figure 7 PFC MOSFET

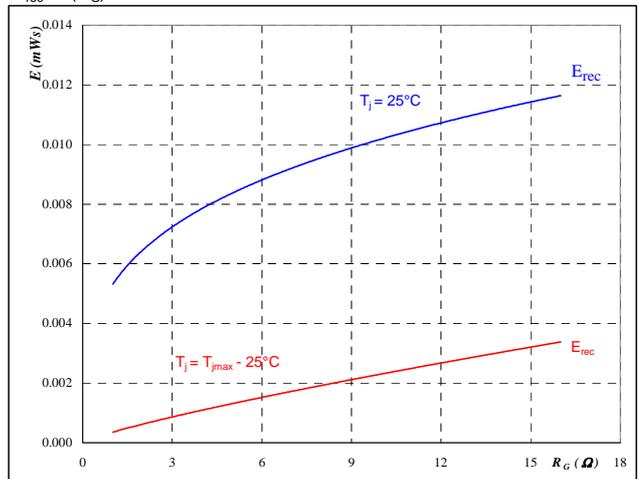
Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of collector (drain) current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 10$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 4$  Ω

Figure 8 PFC MOSFET

Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_G)$

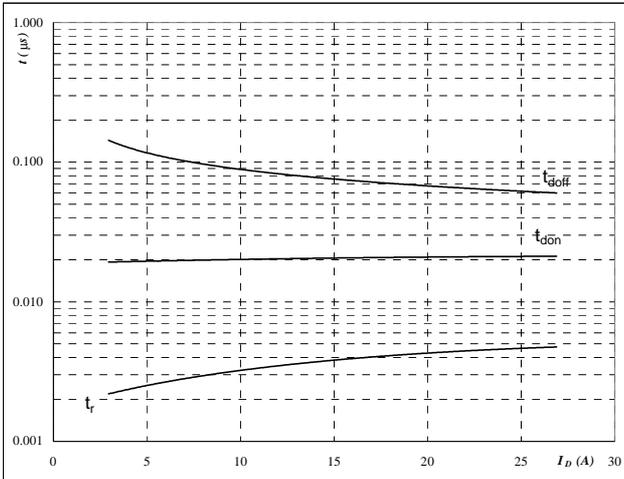


With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 10$  V  
 $I_D = 15$  A

PFC

Figure 9 PFC MOSFET

Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_C)$

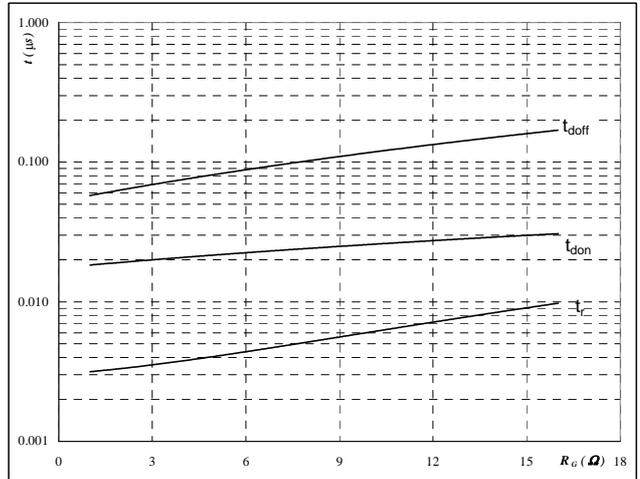


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 10 PFC MOSFET

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_G)$

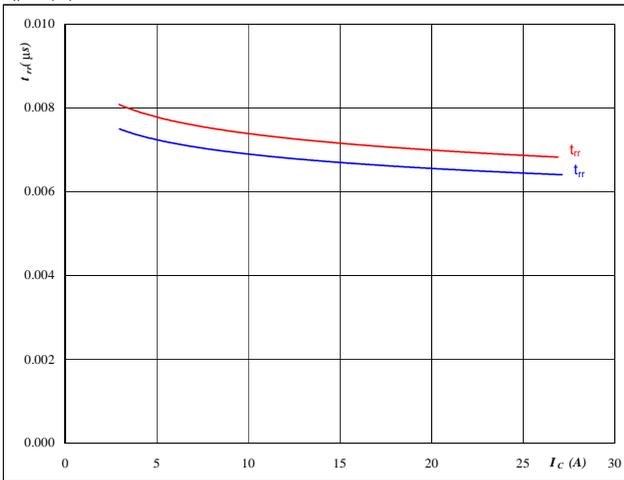


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 15 \text{ A}$

Figure 11 PFC FRED

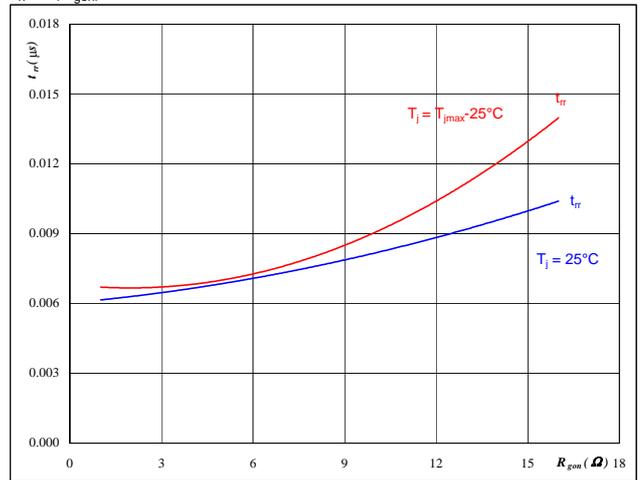
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 12 PFC FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



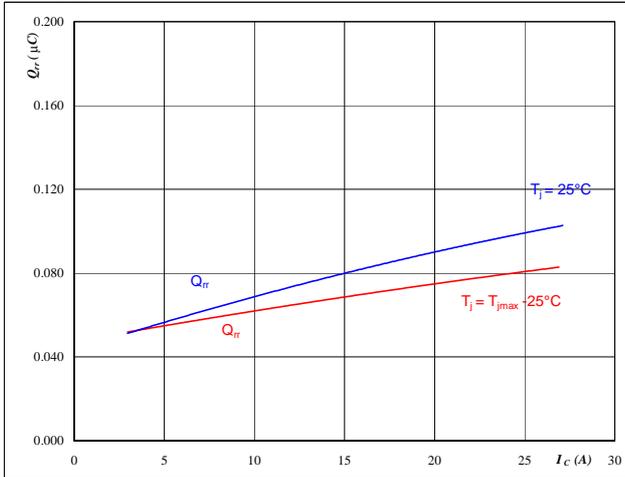
$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$

**PFC**

**Figure 13** PFC FRED

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current**

$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$

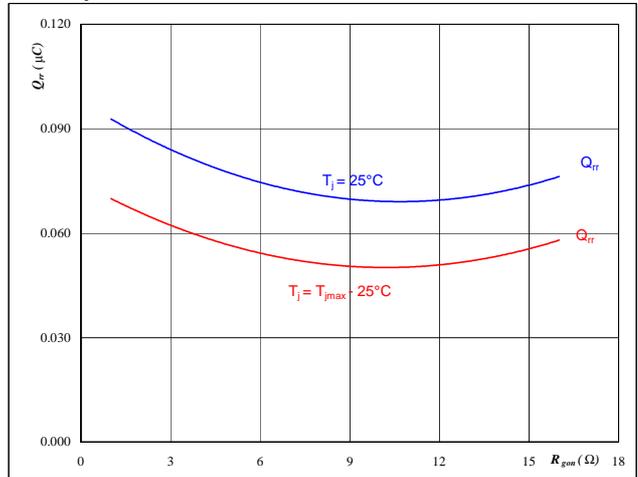


$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

**Figure 14** PFC FRED

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$

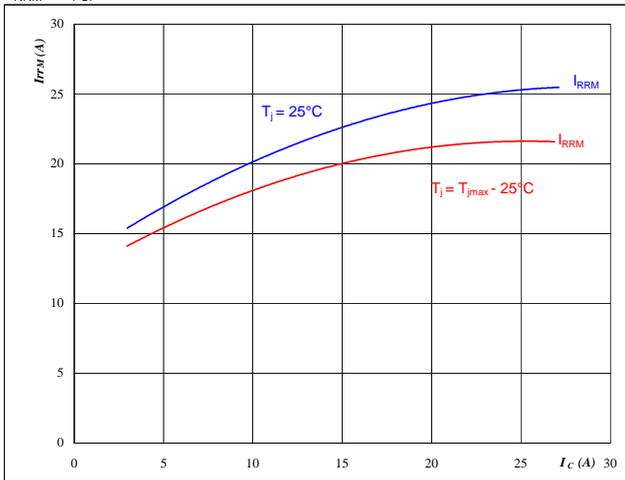


$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$

**Figure 15** PFC FRED

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$

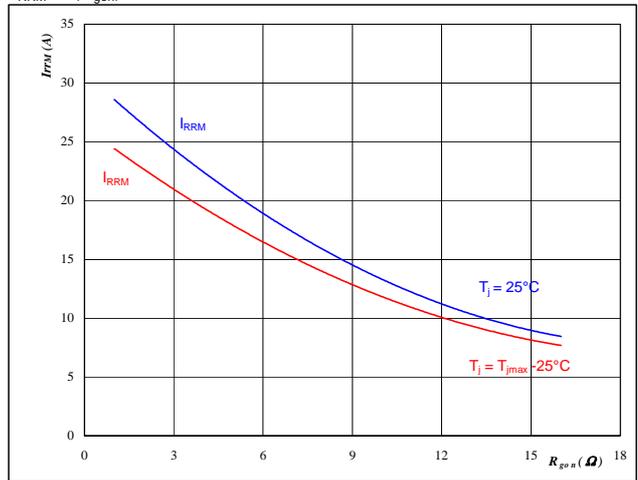


$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

**Figure 16** PFC FRED

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$



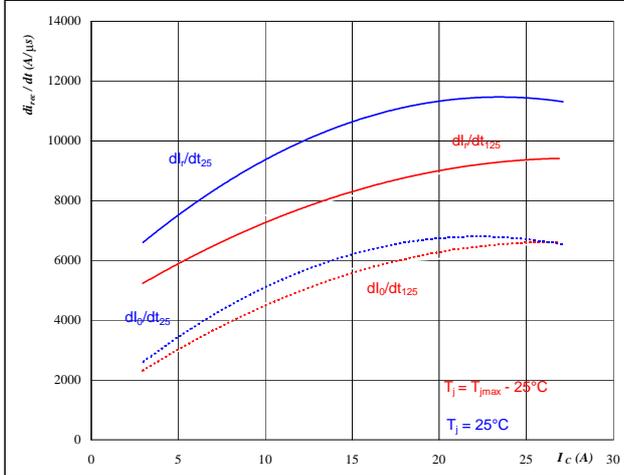
$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$

PFC

Figure 17 PFC FRED

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$

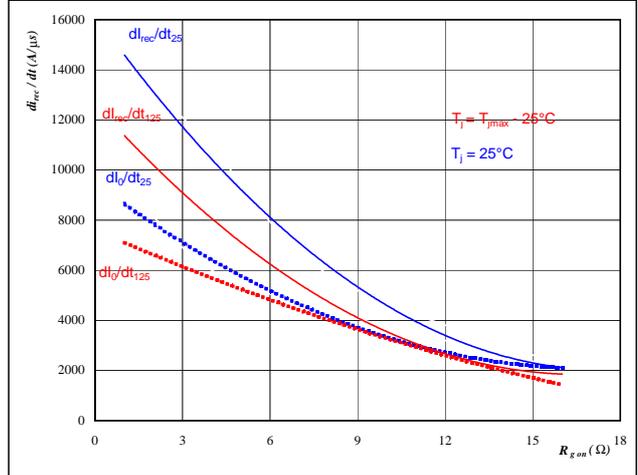


$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 18 PFC FRED

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$

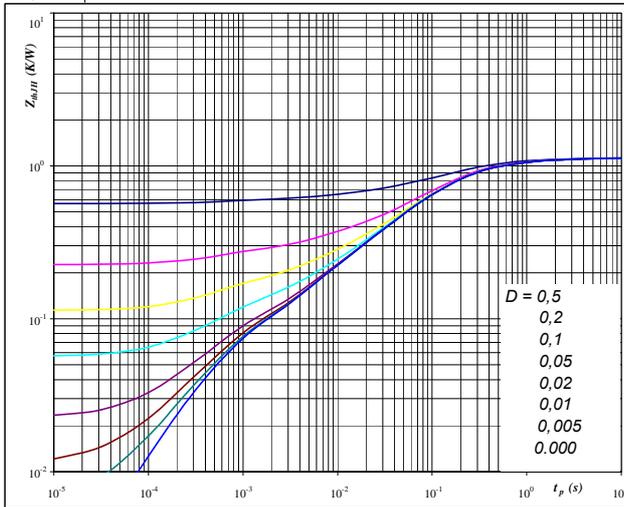


$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 19 PFC MOSFET

IGBT/MOSFET transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 1.13 \text{ K/W}$

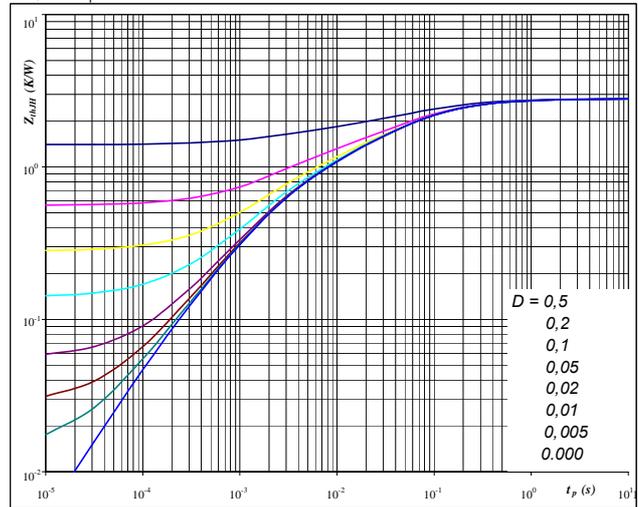
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0.026	8.47E+00
0.127	1.17E+00
0.544	1.77E-01
0.266	4.73E-02
0.107	7.23E-03
0.062	5.51E-04

Figure 20 PFC FRED

FRED transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 2.80 \text{ K/W}$

FRED thermal model values

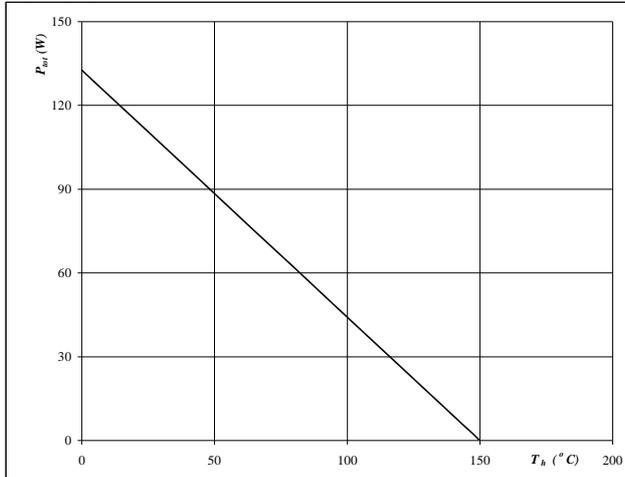
R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0.12	2.13E+00
0.46	2.58E-01
1.13	5.66E-02
0.66	8.78E-03
0.41	1.61E-03
0.03	1.71E-04

**PFC**

**Figure 21** PFC MOSFET

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

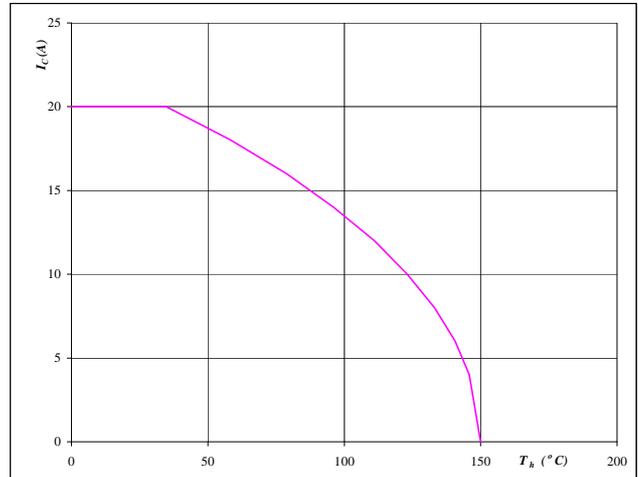


$T_j = 150$  °C

**Figure 22** PFC MOSFET

**Collector/Drain current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$I_C = f(T_h)$

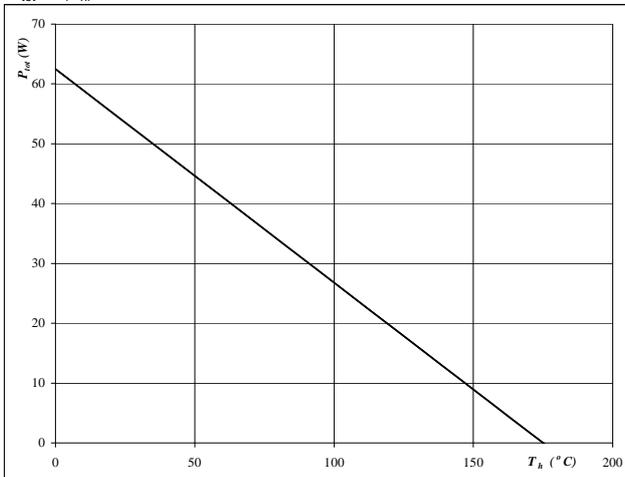


$T_j = 150$  °C  
 $V_{GS} = 10$  V

**Figure 23** PFC FRED

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

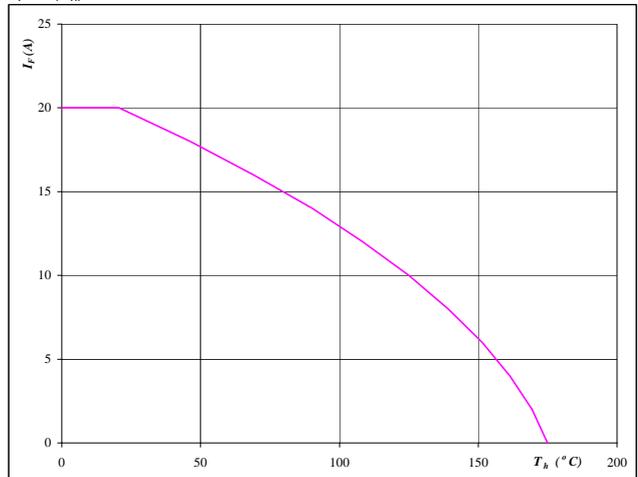


$T_j = 175$  °C

**Figure 24** PFC FRED

**Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$I_F = f(T_h)$



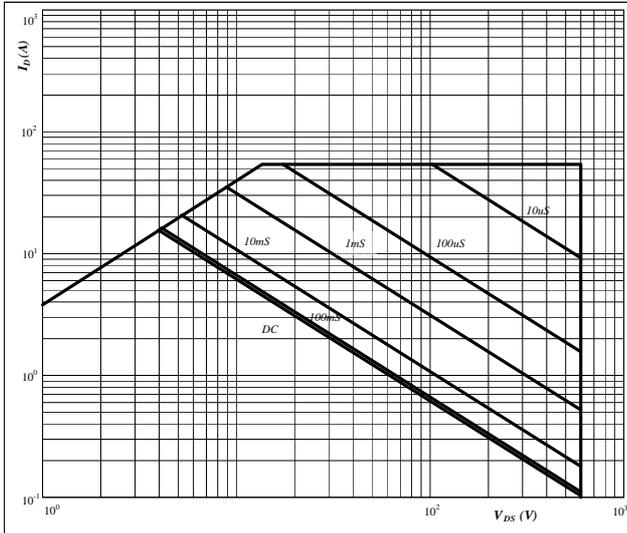
$T_j = 175$  °C

**PFC**

**Figure 25** PFC MOSFET

**Safe operating area as a function of drain-source voltage**

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

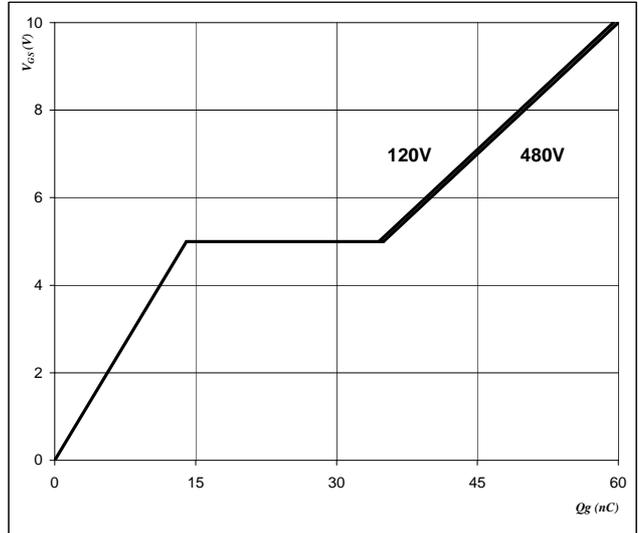


D = single pulse  
 $T_n = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GS} = 10$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$  °C

**Figure 26** PFC MOSFET

**Gate voltage vs Gate charge**

$V_{GS} = f(Q_g)$



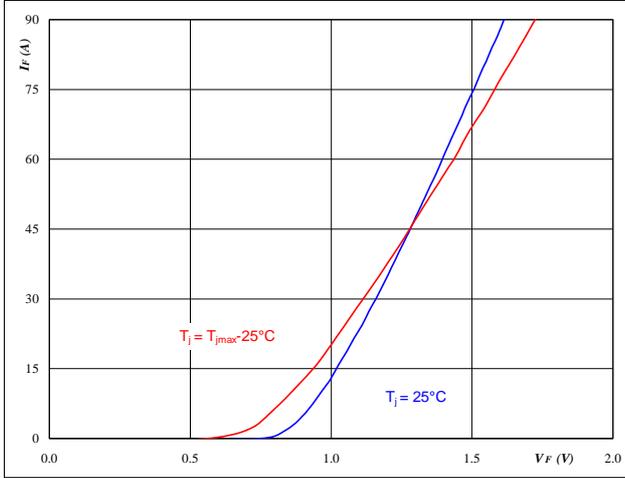
$I_D = 15$  A

### Input Rectifier Bridge

Figure 1 Rectifier diode

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$

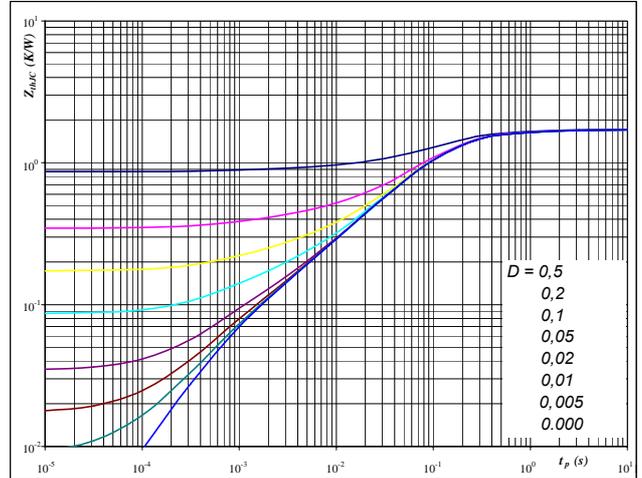


$t_p = 250 \mu s$

Figure 2 Rectifier diode

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$

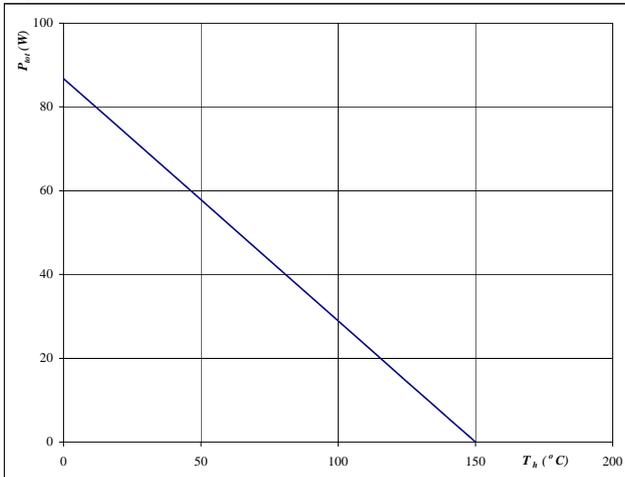


$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 1.728 \text{ K/W}$

Figure 3 Rectifier diode

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

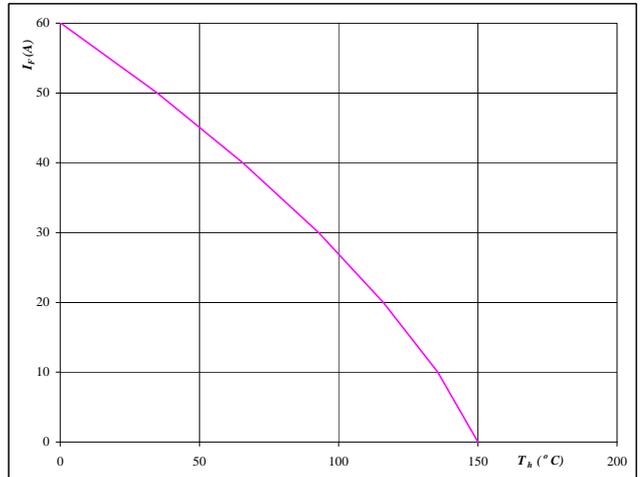


$T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$

Figure 4 Rectifier diode

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_F = f(T_h)$



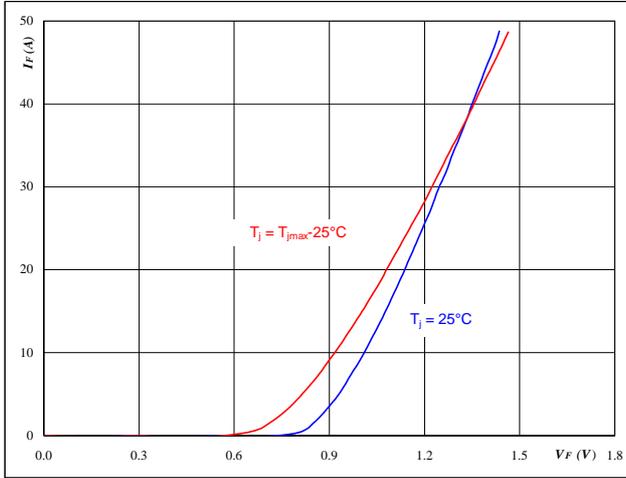
$T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$

# Thyristor

Figure 1 Thyristor

Typical thyristor forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$

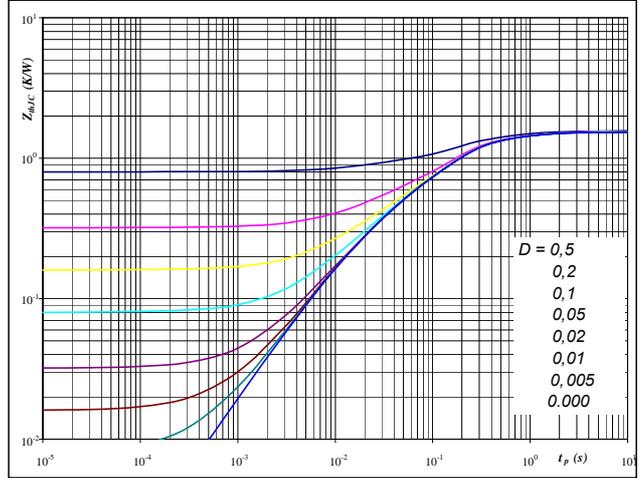


$t_p = 250 \mu s$

Figure 2 Thyristor

Thyristor transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$

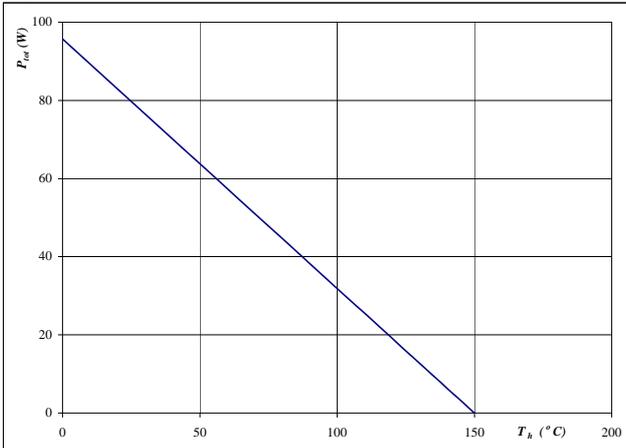


$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 1.57 \text{ K/W}$

Figure 3 Thyristor

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

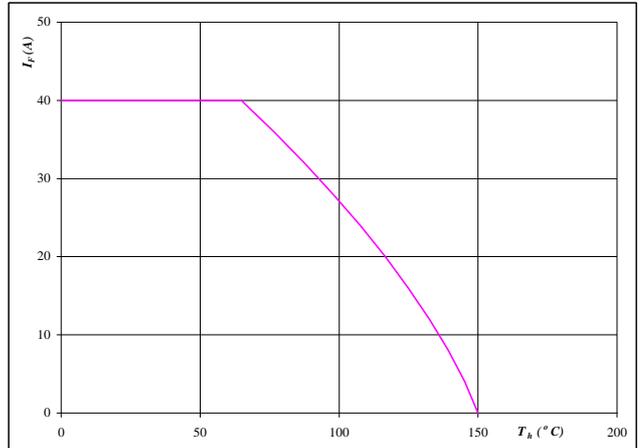


$T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$

Figure 4 Thyristor

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

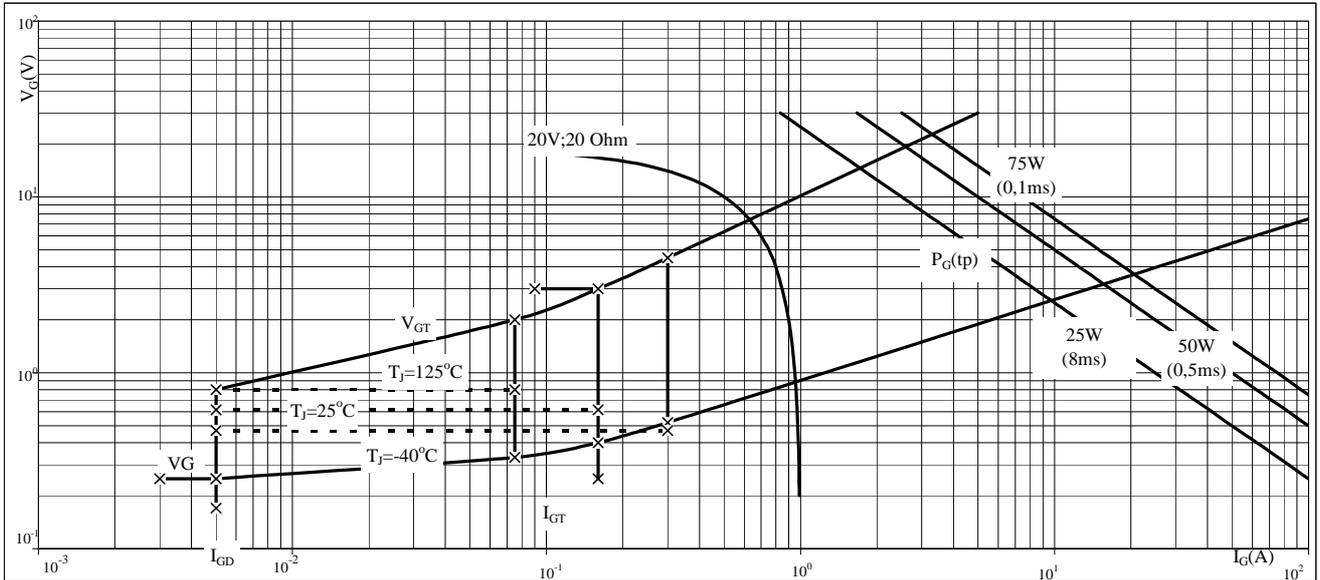
$I_F = f(T_h)$



$T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$

### Thyristor

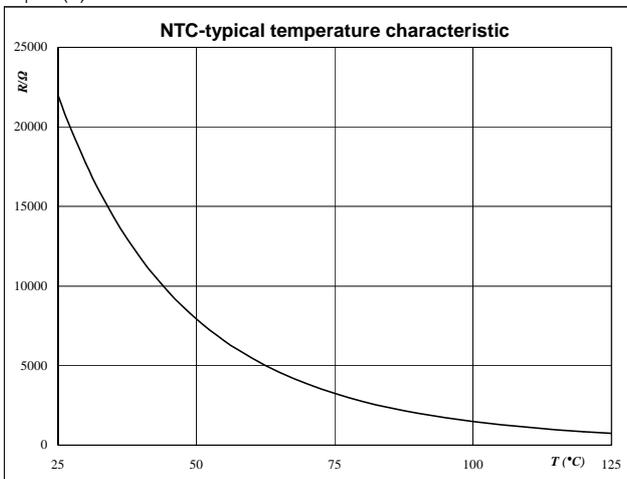
**Figure 5** Thyristor  
**Gate trigger characteristics**



### Thermistor

**Figure 1** Thermistor  
**Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature**

$R_T = f(T)$

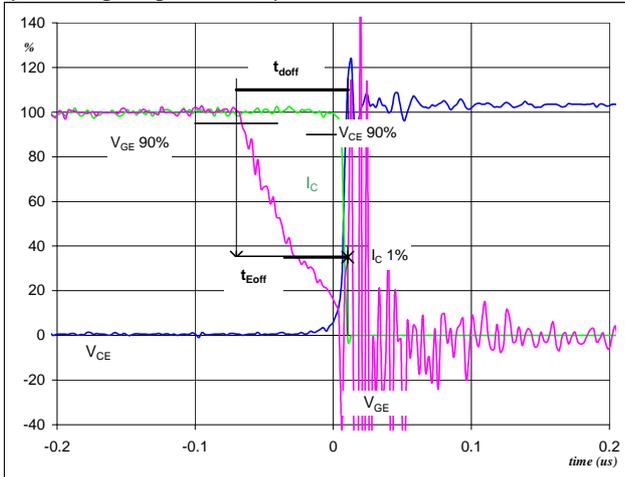


## Switching Definitions PFC

General conditions	
$T_j$	= 125 °C
$R_{gon}$	= 4 Ω
$R_{goff}$	= 4 Ω

**Figure 1** PFC MOSFET

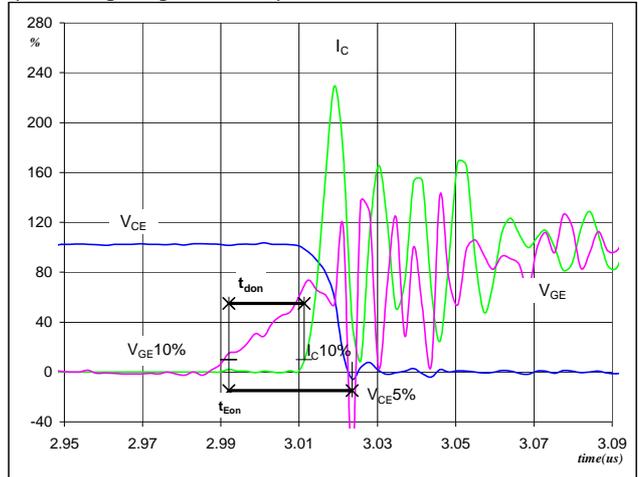
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$**   
( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	10	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_{doff} =$	0.07	μs
$t_{Eoff} =$	0.08	μs

**Figure 2** PFC MOSFET

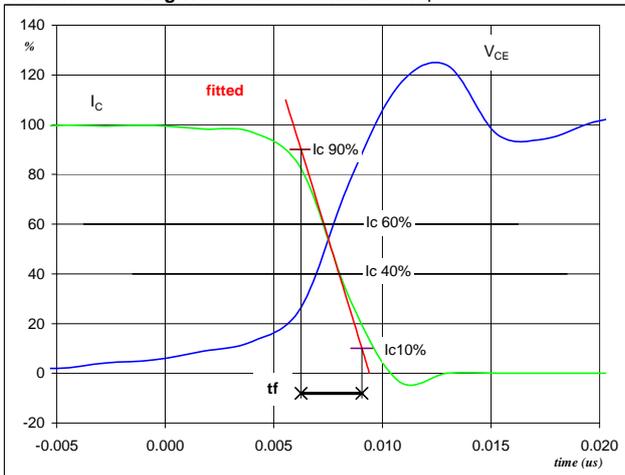
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$**   
( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	10	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_{don} =$	0.02	μs
$t_{Eon} =$	0.03	μs

**Figure 3** PFC MOSFET

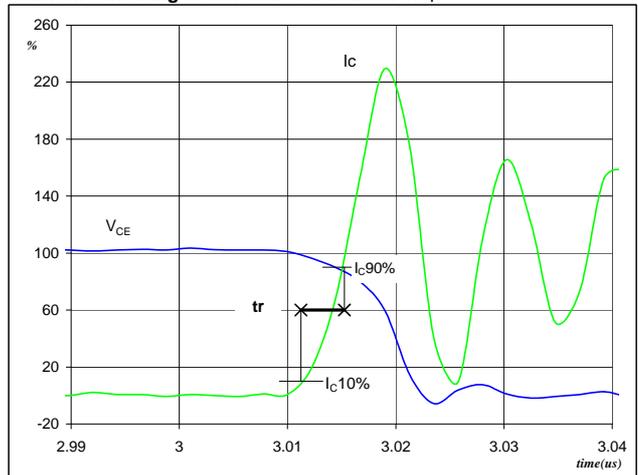
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$**



$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_f =$	0.003	μs

**Figure 4** PFC MOSFET

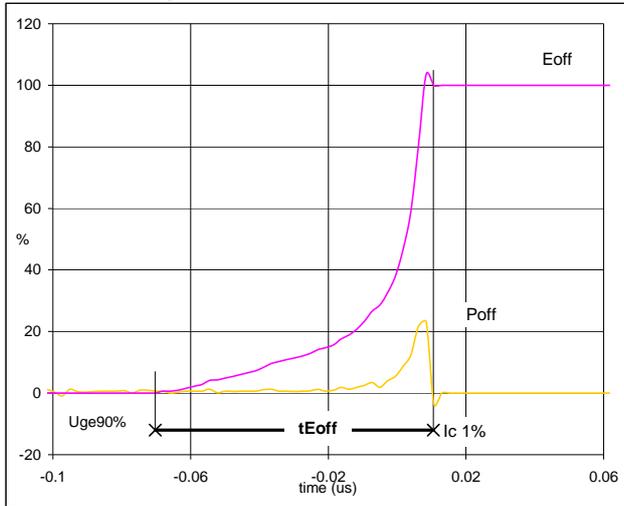
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$**



$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_r =$	0.004	μs

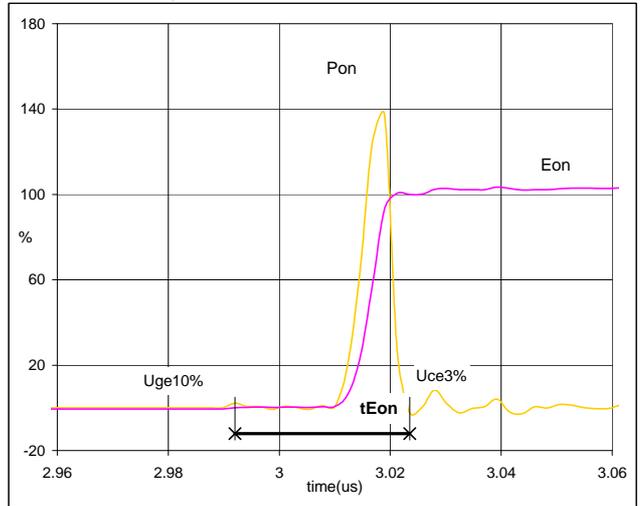
## Switching Definitions PFC

**Figure 5** PFC MOSFET  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eoff}$**



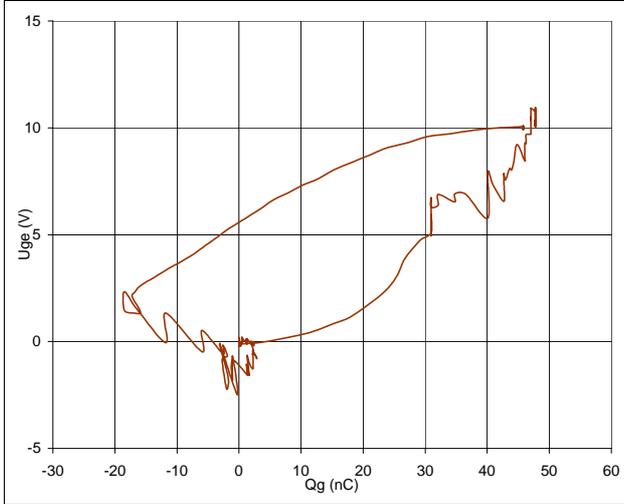
$P_{off}(100\%) = 5.97$  kW  
 $E_{off}(100\%) = 0.01$  mJ  
 $t_{Eoff} = 0.08$  μs

**Figure 6** PFC MOSFET  
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eon}$**



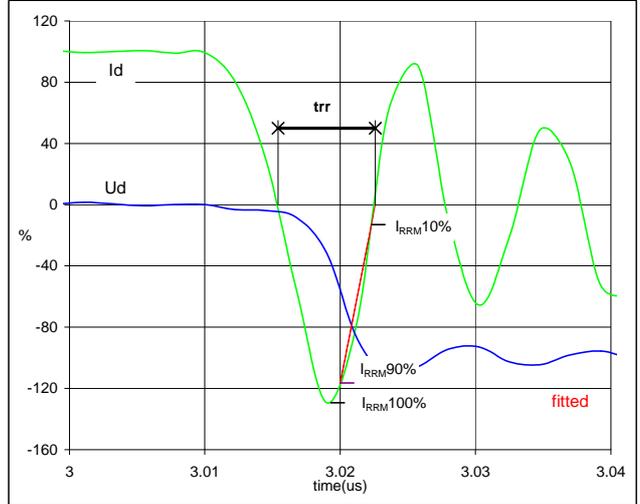
$P_{on}(100\%) = 5.9656$  kW  
 $E_{on}(100\%) = 0.05$  mJ  
 $t_{Eon} = 0.0315$  μs

**Figure 7** PFC MOSFET  
**Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)**



$V_{GEoff} = 0$  V  
 $V_{GEon} = 10$  V  
 $V_C(100\%) = 400$  V  
 $I_C(100\%) = 15$  A  
 $Q_g = 47.78$  nC

**Figure 8** PFC FRED  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{tr}$**

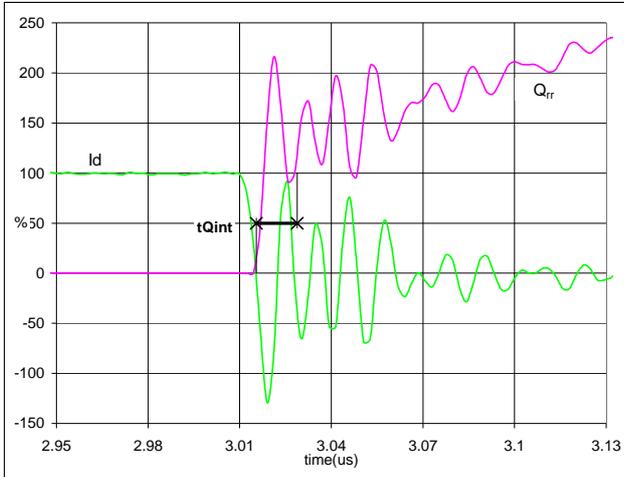


$V_d(100\%) = 400$  V  
 $I_d(100\%) = 15$  A  
 $I_{RRM}(100\%) = -20$  A  
 $t_{tr} = 0.01$  μs

## Switching Definitions PFC

**Figure 9** PFC FRED

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qrr}$**   
( $t_{Qrr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_{rr}$ )



$I_d$ (100%) =	15	A
$Q_{rr}$ (100%) =	0.06	$\mu\text{C}$
$t_{Qint}$ =	0.013	$\mu\text{s}$

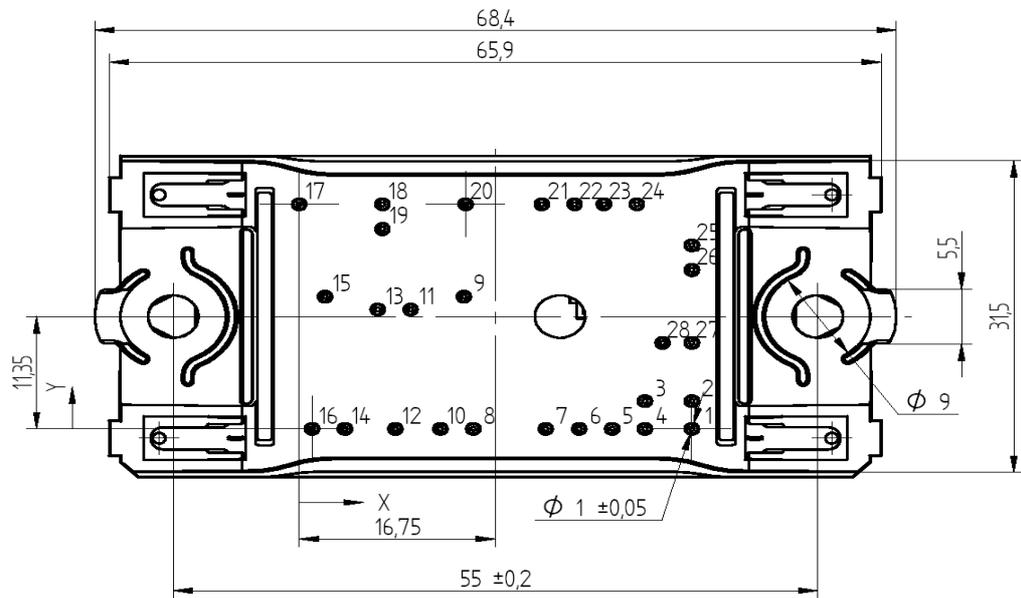
### Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

#### Ordering Code & Marking

Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
with SCR, current sense in source	10-F0062TA099FH02-P980D49	P980D49	P980D49

#### Outline

Pin table		
Pin	X	Y
1	33,5	0
2	33,5	2,8
3	21,5	2,8
4	21,5	0
5	28,7	0
6	21,9	0
7	21,0	0
8	14,85	0
9	14,95	13,95
10	12,05	0
11	9,5	12,05
12	8,2	0
13	6,7	12,05
14	3,9	0
15	2,2	13,95
16	1,1	0
17	0	22,7
18	7,1	22,7
19	7,1	20,2
20	14,2	22,7
21	20,7	22,7
22	23,5	22,7
23	28	22,7
24	28,8	22,7
25	33,5	18,55
26	33,5	16,05
27	33,5	8,7
28	31	8,7



#### Pinout



**PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS**

Datasheet Status	Product Status	Definition
Target	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data may be published at a later date. Vincotech reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.
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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.