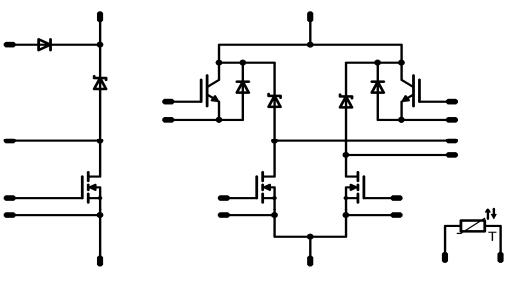


flowSOL BI		600V/35A
Features		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High efficiency • Ultra fast switching frequency • Low inductive design • Open emitter • SiC in boost and H bridge 		
Target Applications		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transformerless solar inverters 		
Types		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FZ06BIA045FH02 		

Maximum Ratings

T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Bypass Diode				
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V _{RRM}		600	V
Forward current per diode	I _{FAV}	DC current T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	36 49	A
Surge forward current	I _{FSM}		370	A
I ² t-value	I ² t	t _p =10ms T _j =25°C	360	A ² s
Power dissipation per Diode	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	42 63	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		150	°C

Input Boost MOSFET

Drain to source breakdown voltage	V _{DS}		600	V
DC drain current	I _D	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	30 37	A
Pulsed drain current	I _{Dpulse}	t _p limited by T _j max	230	A
Power dissipation	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	92 139	W
Gate-source peak voltage	V _{GS}		±20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		150	°C

Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
-----------	--------	-----------	-------	------

Input Boost Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	600	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_j\text{max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	20 24	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by $T_j\text{max}$	70	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_j\text{max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	41 62	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_j\text{max}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Buck Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	600	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_j\text{max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	13 16	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by $T_j\text{max}$ $T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$	35	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_j\text{max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	29 44	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_j\text{max}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Buck MOSFET

Drain to source breakdown voltage	V_{DS}		600	V
DC drain current	I_D	$T_j=T_j\text{max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	30 37	A
Pulsed drain current	I_{Dpulse}	t_p limited by $T_j\text{max}$ $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$	230	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_j\text{max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	94 142	W
Gate-source peak voltage	V_{GS}		± 20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_j\text{max}$		150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Boost IGBT

Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		600	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j=T_j\text{max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	40 40	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{Cpuls}	t_p limited by $T_j\text{max}$	150	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_j\text{max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	86 131	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC} V_{CC}	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	6 360	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_j\text{max}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Maximum Ratings

T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	T _c =25°C	600	V
DC forward current	I _F	T _j =T _{jmax} T _c =80°C	16 20	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I _{FRM}	t _p limited by T _{jmax}	20	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P _{tot}	T _j =T _{jmax} T _c =80°C	32 49	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _{jmax}		175	°C

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T _{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T _{op}		-40...+(T _{jmax} - 25)	°C

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V _{is}	t=2s	DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance				min 12,7	mm
Clearance				min 12,7	mm

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			V _{GE} [V] or V _{GS} [V]	V _I [V] or V _{CE} [V] or V _{DS} [V]	I _C [A] or I _F [A] or I _D [A]	T _J	Min	Typ	Max	
Bypass Diode										
Forward voltage	solar inverter				15	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	0,7	1,01 0,93	1,3	V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	V _{to}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0,86 0,75		V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	r _t					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0,01 0,01		Ω
Reverse current	I _r			1200		T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			0,05	mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R _{thJH}	Thermal foil thickness=76um Kunze foil KU- ALE5						1,68		K/W
Input Boost MOSFET										
Static drain to source ON resistance	R _{DS(on)}		10		44	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0,04 0,09		Ω
Gate threshold voltage	V _{(GS)th}	V _{GS} =V _{DS}			0,003	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	2,1	3	3,9	V
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I _{gss}		20	0		T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			200	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{dss}		0	600		T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			25000	nA
Turn On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}	R _{gooff} =4 Ω R _{gon} =4 Ω	10	400	15	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		28 27		
Rise Time	t _r					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		5 6		ns
Turn off delay time	t _{d(OFF)}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		154 167		
Fall time	t _f					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		10 9		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E _{on}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0,063 0,072		mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E _{off}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0,025 0,025		
Total gate charge	Q _g					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		150	190	
Gate to source charge	Q _{gs}	R _{gon} =4 Ω	10	400	44	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		34		nC
Gate to drain charge	Q _{gd}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		51		
Input capacitance	C _{iss}							6800		
Output capacitance	C _{oss}	f=1MHz	0	100	T _J =25°C			320		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C _{rss}							48		
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R _{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50um λ = 1 W/mK						0,76		K/W
Input Boost Diode										
Forward voltage	V _F				16	T _J =25°C T _J =150°C	1	1,54 1,71	1,8	V
Reverse leakage current	I _{rm}		10	400	15	T _J =25°C T _J =150°C			400	μA
Peak recovery current	I _{PRM}	R _{gon} =4 Ω	10	400	15	T _J =25°C T _J =150°C		16,63 14,68		A
Reverse recovery time	t _{rr}					T _J =25°C T _J =150°C		9,3 10,4		ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q _{rr}					T _J =25°C T _J =150°C		0,058 0,064		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E _{rec}					T _J =25°C T _J =150°C		0,005 0,006		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	di(rec)max /dt					T _J =25°C T _J =150°C		4244 2752		A/μs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R _{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50um λ = 1 W/mK						2,34		K/W

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			V _{GE} [V] or V _{GS} [V]	V _I [V] or V _{CE} [V] or V _{DS} [V]	I _C [A] or I _F [A] or I _D [A]	T _j	Min	Typ	Max	
Buck Diode										
Diode forward voltage	V _F				8	T _j =25°C T _j =125°C	1	1,52 1,64	1,8	V
Peak reverse recovery current	I _{RRM}	R _{gon} =4 Ω	10	400	15	T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		14 12		A
Reverse recovery time	t _{rr}					T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		7,8 8,8		ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q _{rr}					T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		0,05 0,05		μC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	di(rec)max /dt					T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		4078 3373		A/μs
Reverse recovered energy	E _{rec}					T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		0,008 0,007		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R _{thJH}							3,28		K/W
Buck MOSFET										
Static drain to source ON resistance	R _{ds(on)}		10		44	T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		45 90		mΩ
Gate threshold voltage	V _{(GS)th}			V _{DS} =V _{GS}	0,003	T _j =25°C T _j =125°C	2,1	3	3,9	V
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I _{gss}		20	0		T _j =25°C T _j =125°C			200	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{dss}		0	600		T _j =25°C T _j =125°C			25000	nA
Turn On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}	R _{gooff} =4 Ω R _{gon} =4 Ω	10	400	15	T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		31 30		ns
Rise Time	t _r					T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		5,4 6		
Turn off delay time	t _{d(OFF)}					T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		147 158		
Fall time	t _f					T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		13,7 10,3		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E _{on}					T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		0,063 0,067		mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E _{off}					T _j =25°C T _j =125°C		0,02 0,03		
Total gate charge	Q _g	f=1MHz	10	400	44	T _j =25°C		150 34 51	190	nC
Gate to source charge	Q _{gs}									
Gate to drain charge	Q _{gd}									
Input capacitance	C _{iss}	f=1MHz	0	100		T _j =25°C			6800	pF
Output capacitance	C _{oss}								320	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C _{rss}								48	
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R _{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50um λ = 1 W/mK						0,75		K/W

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max	

Boost IGBT

Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,0008	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		50	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		1,18 1,21		V
Collector-emitter cut-off incl diode	I_{CES}		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			0,03	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			650	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}							none		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	25		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3140		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}							200		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}							93		
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}		15	480	50	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		310		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50μm $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						1,1		K/W

Note: For the Boost IGBT only LF switching allowed

Boost Inverse Diode

Diode forward voltage	V_F				10	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		1,68 1,63		V
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50μm $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						2,949		K/W

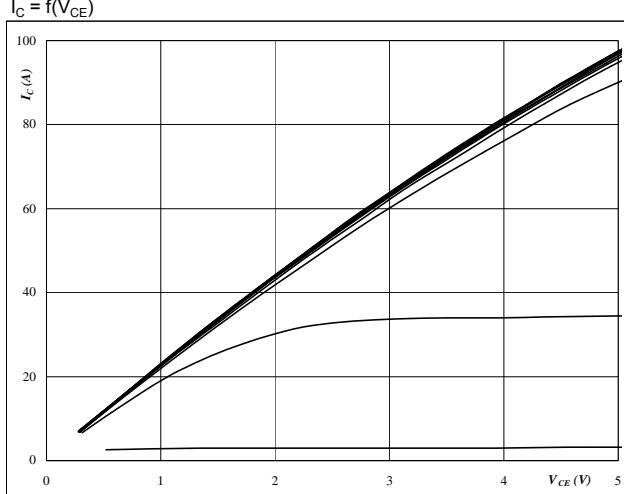
Thermistor

Rated resistance*	R_{25}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	17,5	22	29,0	kΩ
	R_{100}	Tol. ±5%						1486		Ω
Power dissipation	P					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		210		mW
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±3%				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		4000		K

* see details on Thermistor charts on Figure 2.

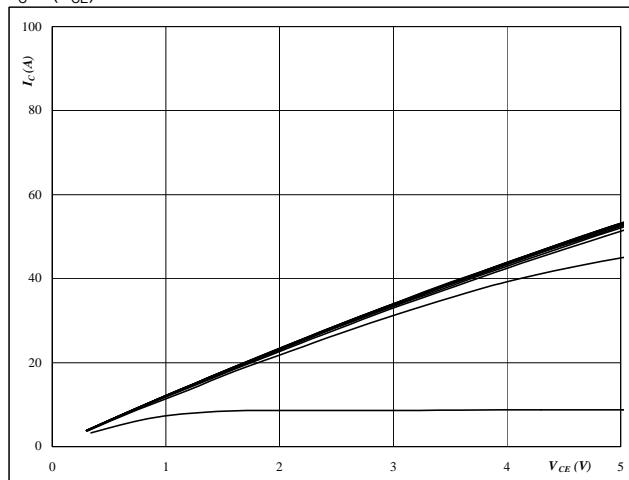
Buck

Figure 1
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



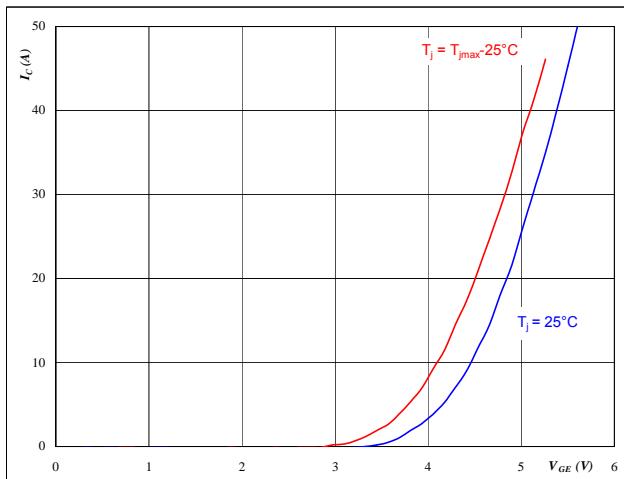
At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 {}^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 4 V to 14 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



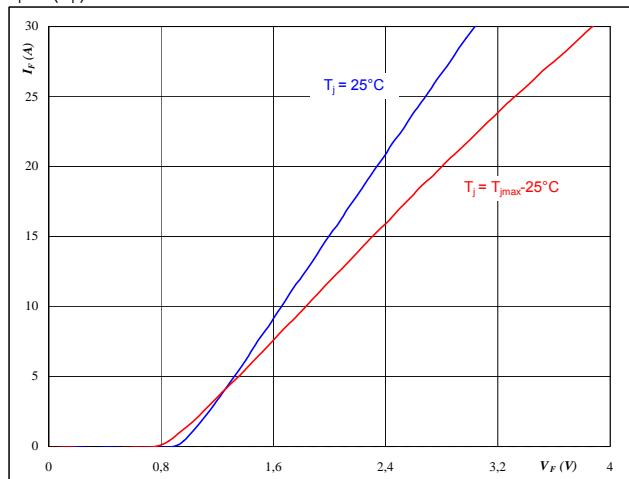
At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 {}^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 4 V to 14 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

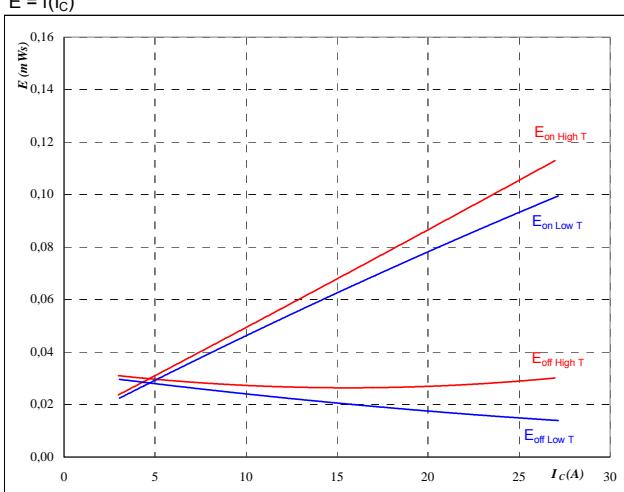
Figure 4
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage
 $I_F = f(V_F)$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

Buck

Figure 5
**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current**
 $E = f(I_C)$

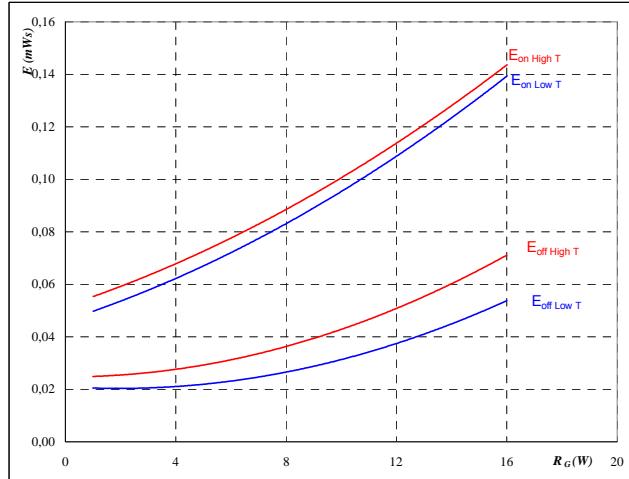


With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ C \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad V \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad V \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

MOSFET

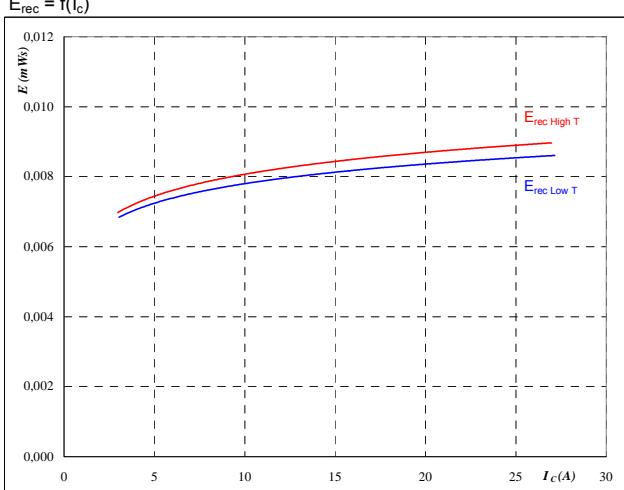
Figure 6
**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor**
 $E = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ C \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad V \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad V \\ I_C &= 15 \quad A \end{aligned}$$

Figure 7
**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current**
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

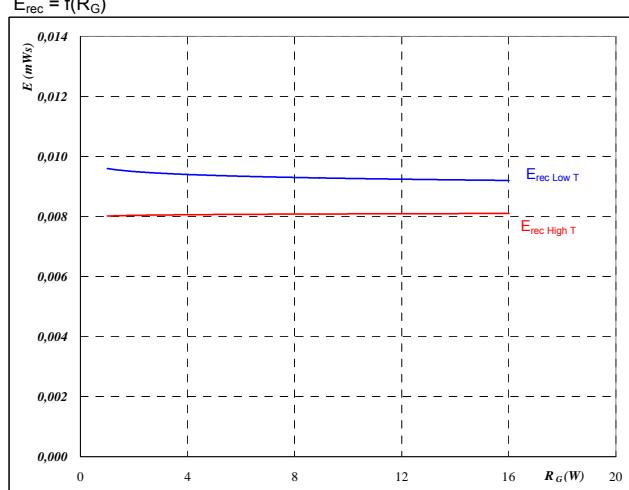


With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ C \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad V \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad V \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

FRED

Figure 8
**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor**
 $E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



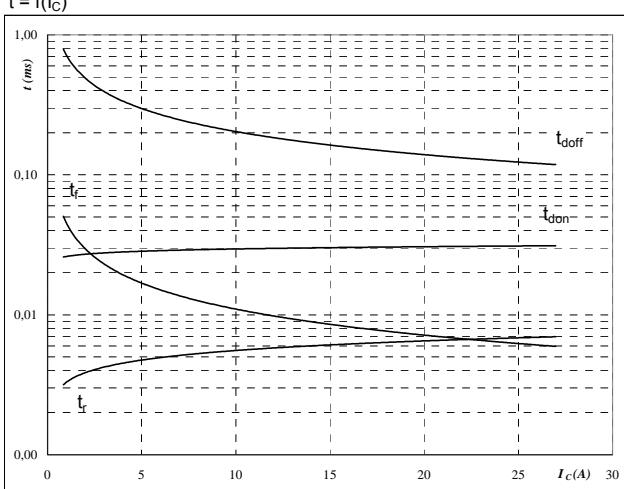
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ C \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad V \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad V \\ I_C &= 15 \quad A \end{aligned}$$

Buck

Figure 9 MOSFET

Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_C)$

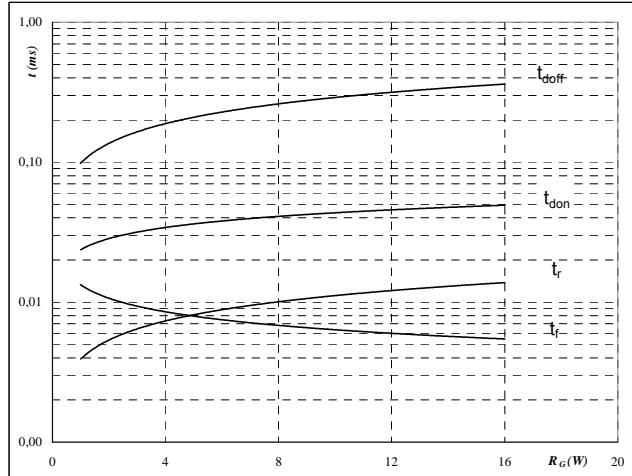


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$

Figure 10 MOSFET

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_G)$

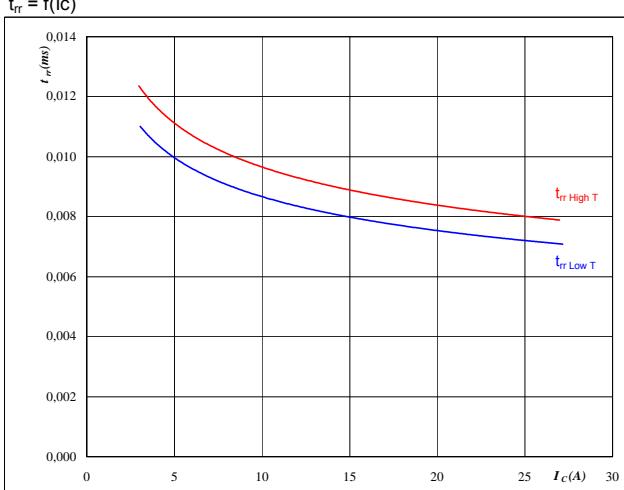


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 15 \text{ A}$

Figure 11 FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

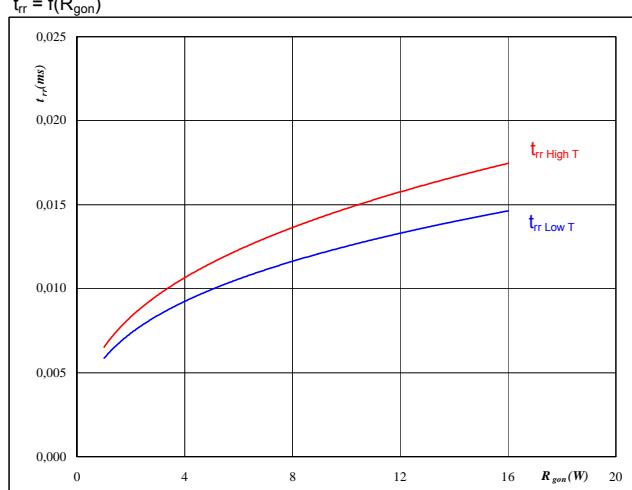


At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$

Figure 12 FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



At

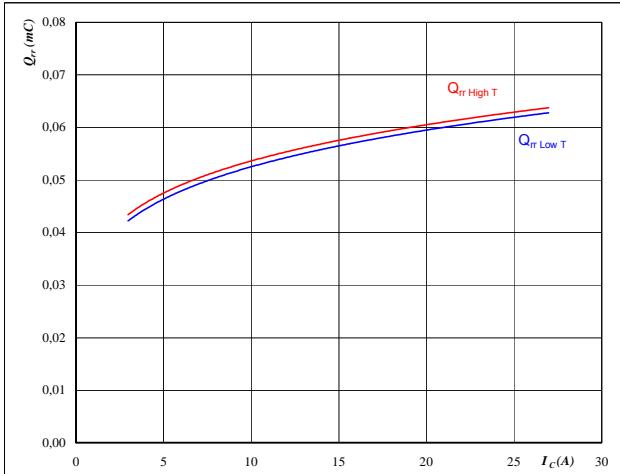
$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Buck

Figure 13

FRED

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current
 $Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$

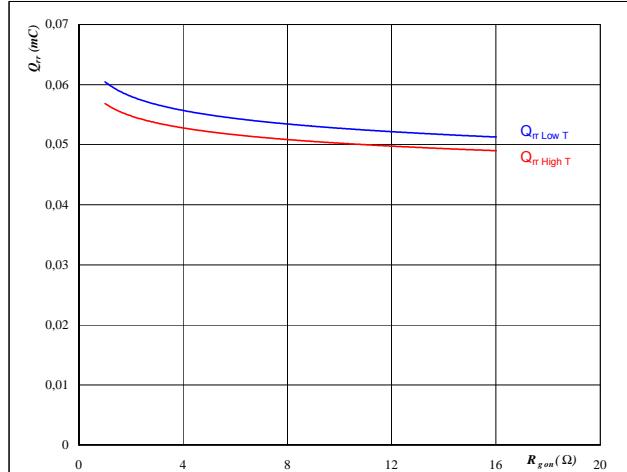
**At**

T_j = 25/125 °C
V_{CE} = 400 V
V_{GE} = 10 V
R_{gon} = 4 Ω

Figure 14

FRED

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$

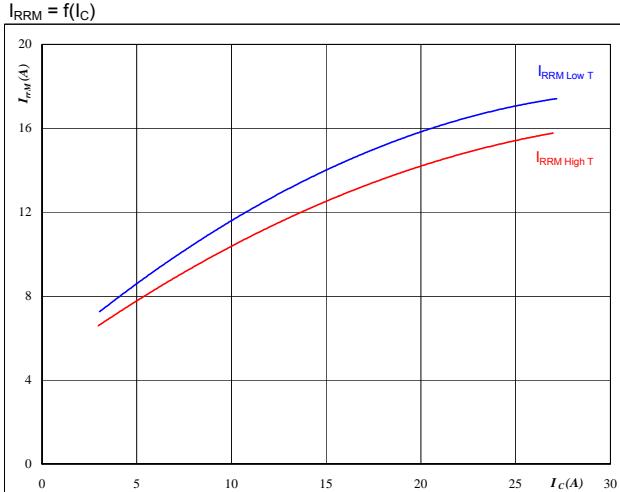
**At**

T_j = 25/125 °C
V_R = 400 V
I_F = 15 A
V_{GE} = 10 V

Figure 15

FRED

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$

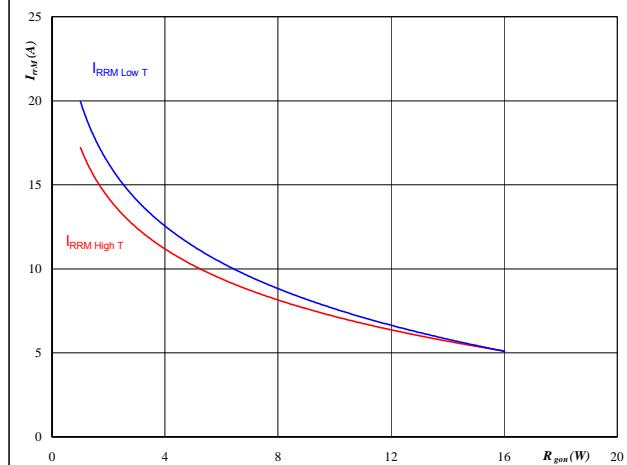
**At**

T_j = 25/125 °C
V_{CE} = 400 V
V_{GE} = 10 V
R_{gon} = 4 Ω

Figure 16

FRED

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$

**At**

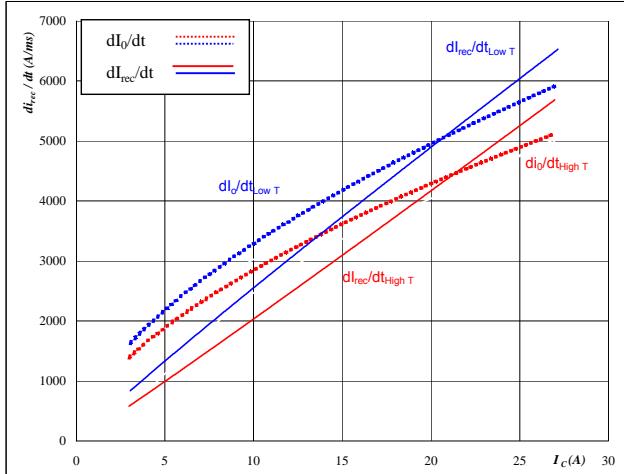
T_j = 25/125 °C
V_R = 400 V
I_F = 15 A
V_{GE} = 10 V

Buck

Figure 17

FRED

Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of collector current
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$


At

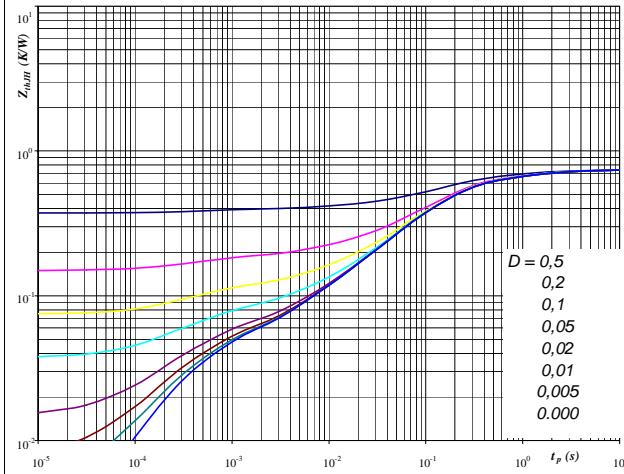
$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$

Figure 19

MOSFET

IGBT transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$


At

$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0.75 \text{ K/W}$

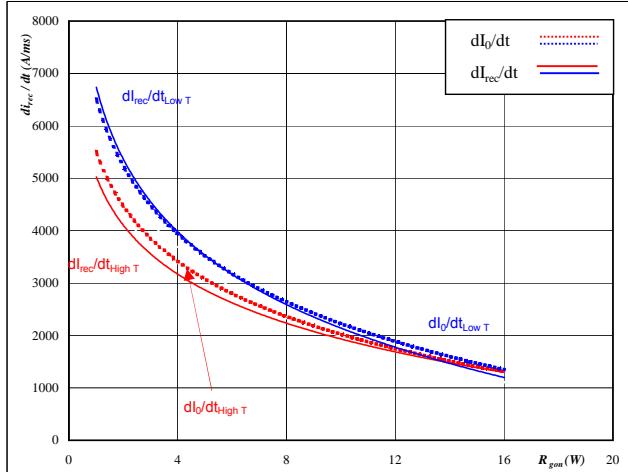
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,03	9,3E+00
0,12	1,2E+00
0,41	1,6E-01
0,11	3,8E-02
0,03	5,2E-03
0,04	3,7E-04

Figure 18

FRED

Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$


At

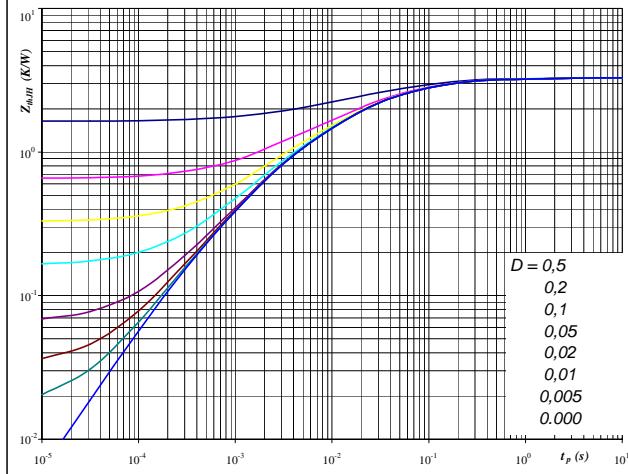
$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 20

FRED

FRED transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$


At

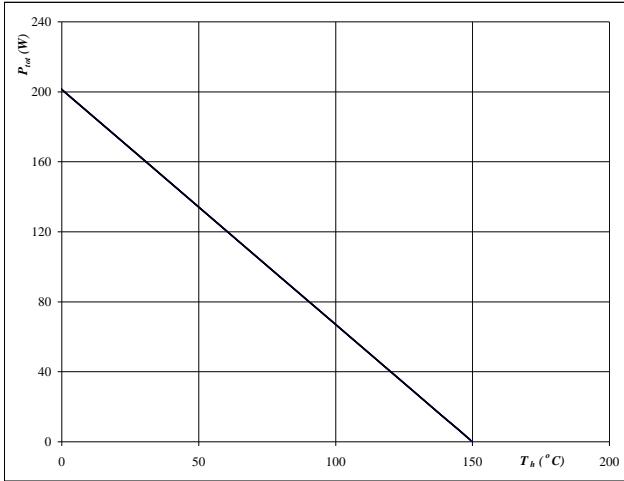
$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 3,28 \text{ K/W}$

FRED thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,17	9,7E-01
1,04	8,5E-02
1,34	1,6E-02
0,65	2,5E-03
0,08	3,2E-04

Buck

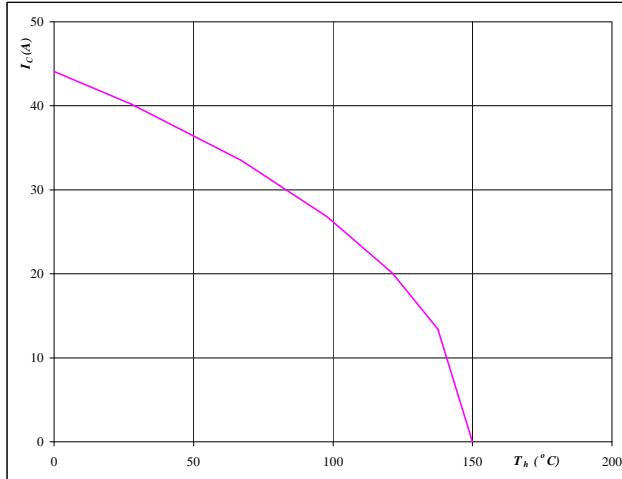
Figure 21
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$



At
T_j = 150 °C

MOSFET

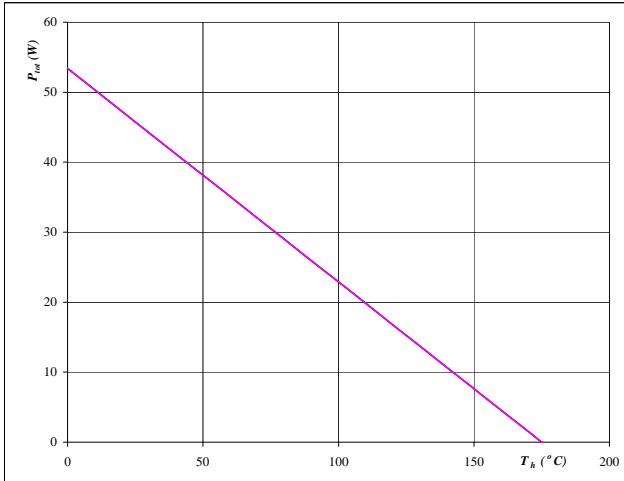
Figure 22
Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature
 $I_C = f(T_h)$



At
T_j = 150 °C
V_{GE} = 15 V

MOSFET

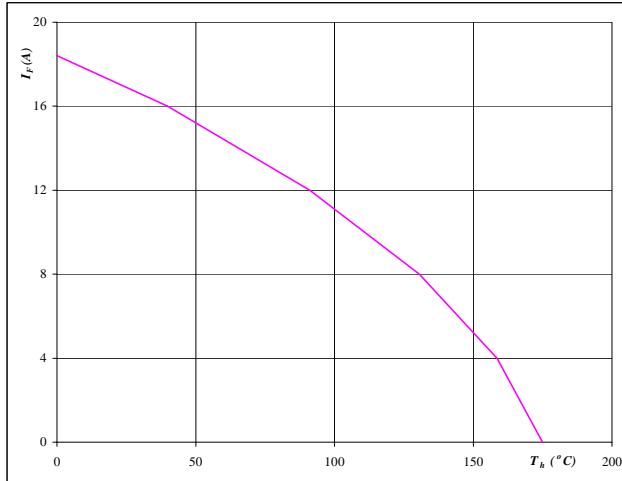
Figure 23
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$



At
T_j = 175 °C

FRED

Figure 24
Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature
 $I_F = f(T_h)$



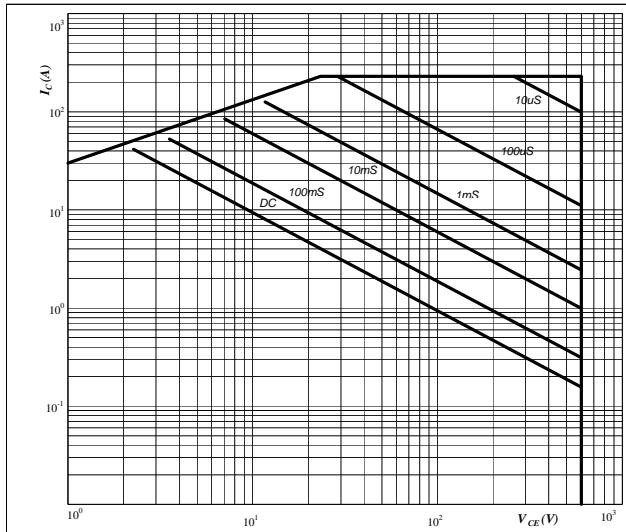
At
T_j = 175 °C

FRED

Buck

Figure 25
**Safe operating area as a function
of collector-emitter voltage**

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



At

D = single pulse

Th = 80 °C

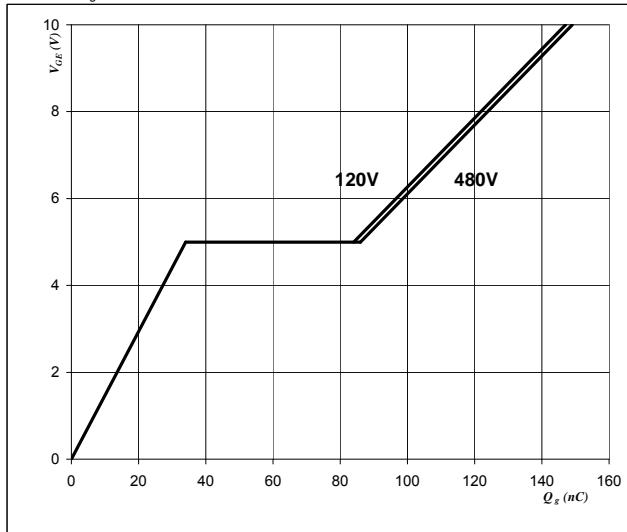
V_{GE} = 15 V

T_j = T_{jmax} °C

MOSFET

Figure 26
Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$

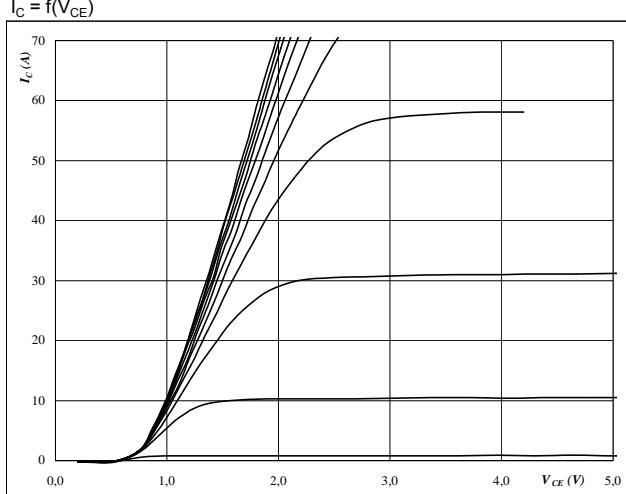


At

I_C = 44 A

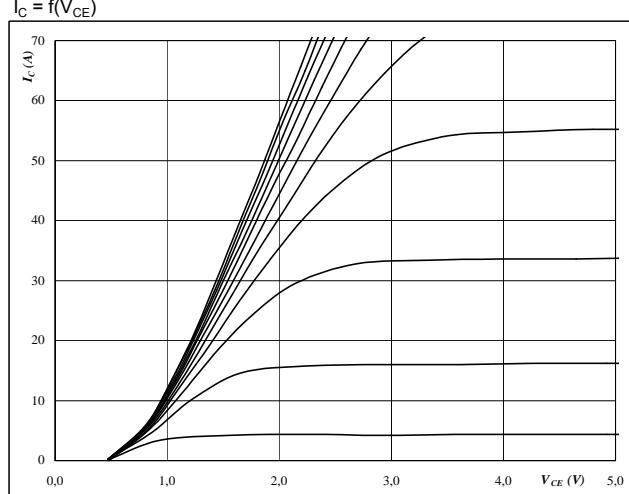
Boost

Figure 1
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



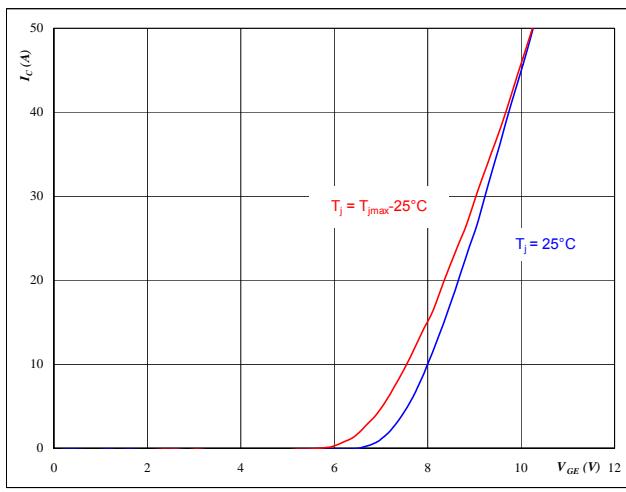
At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



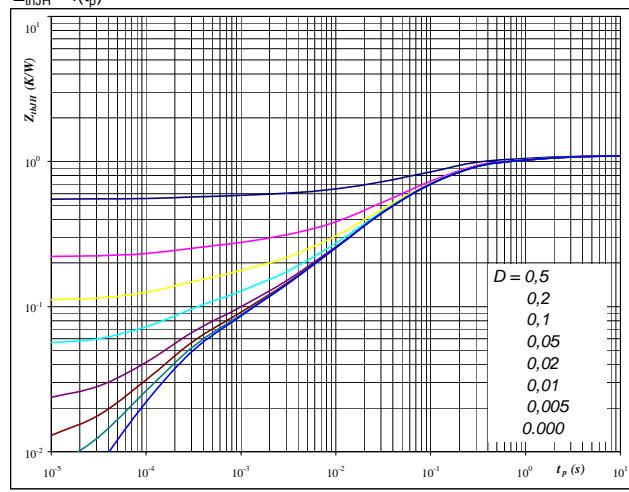
At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

Figure 4
**IGBT transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width**
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



At
 $D = tp / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,10 \text{ K/W}$

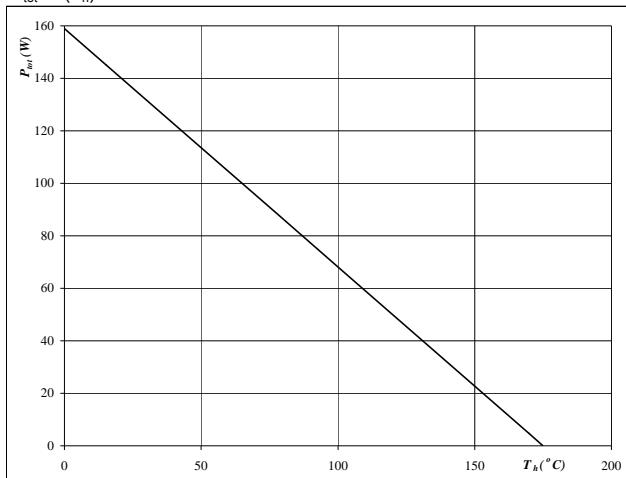
IGBT thermal model values
$0,04 \quad 6,3E+00$
$0,17 \quad 6,9E-01$
$0,58 \quad 1,0E-01$
$0,22 \quad 1,6E-02$
$0,05 \quad 1,7E-03$

Boost

Figure 5

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

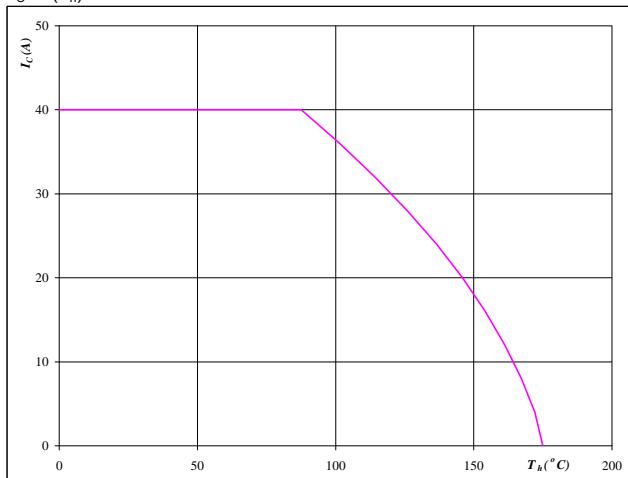

At

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

IGBT
Figure 6

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$


At

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

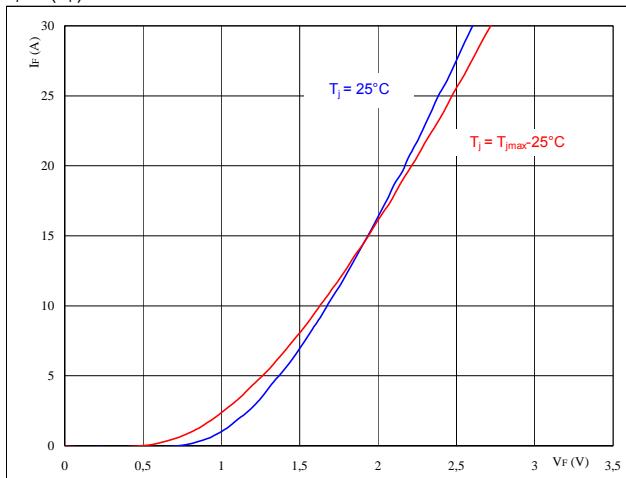
$$V_{GE} = 15 \quad \text{V}$$

Boost

Figure 7

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

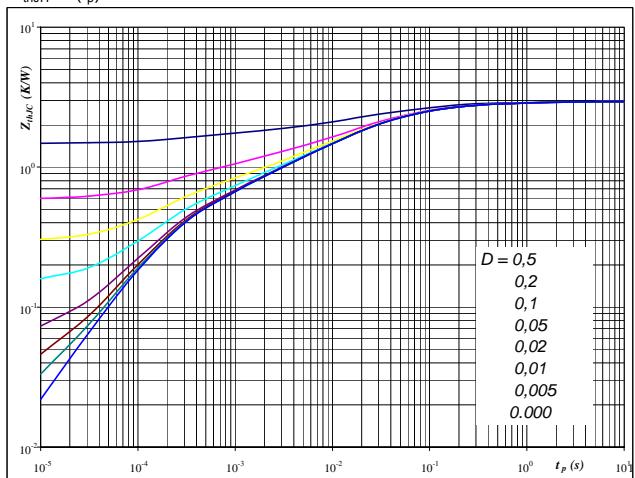

At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

Boost Inverse Diode
Figure 8

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$

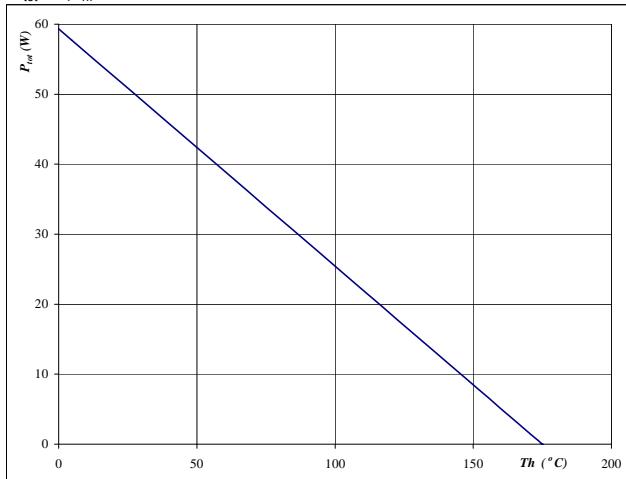

At

$$D = \frac{t_p}{T} = 2.95 \text{ K/W}$$

Figure 9

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

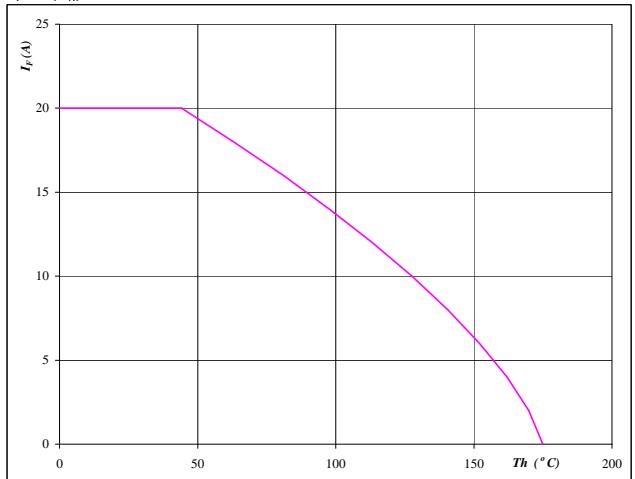

At

$$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$$

Boost Inverse Diode
Figure 10

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

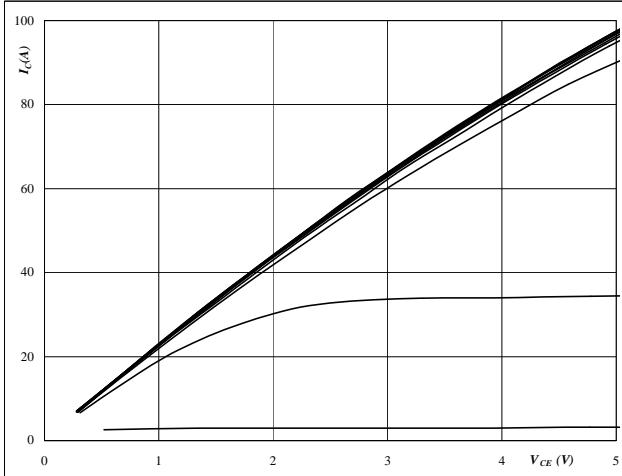

At

$$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 1
Typical output characteristics
 $I_D = f(V_{DS})$

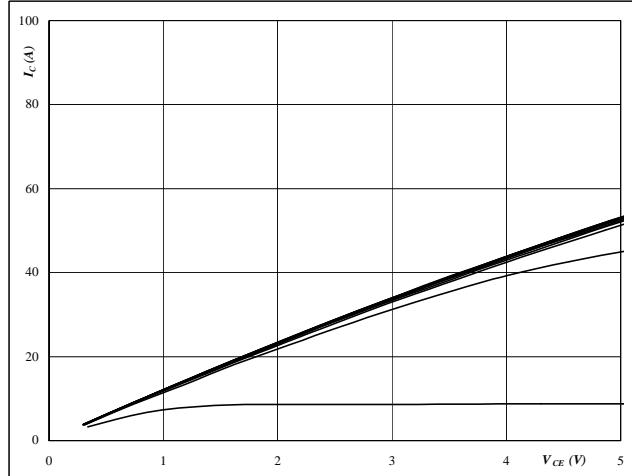
BOOST MOSFET



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 {}^\circ C$
 V_{GS} from 4 V to 14 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2
Typical output characteristics
 $I_D = f(V_{DS})$

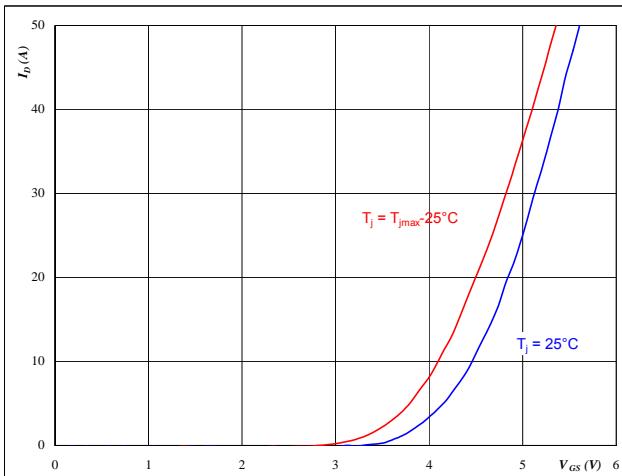
BOOST MOSFET



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 126 {}^\circ C$
 V_{GS} from 4 V to 14 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_D = f(V_{DS})$

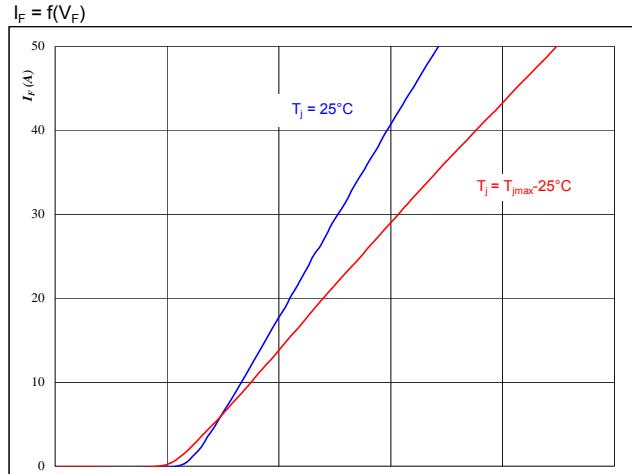
BOOST MOSFET



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{DS} = 10 V$

Figure 4
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage
 $I_F = f(V_F)$

BOOST FRED



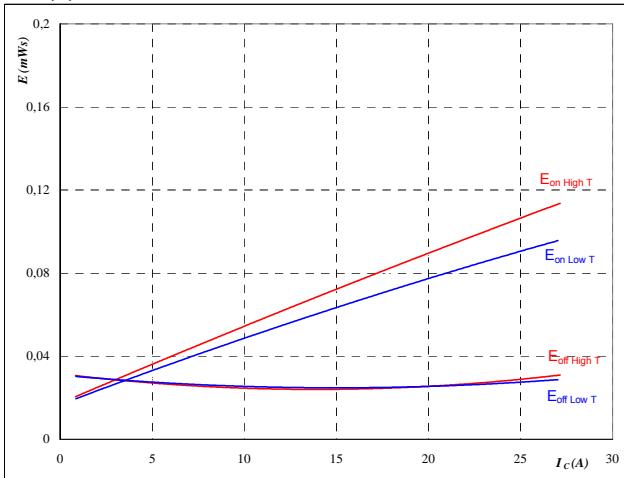
At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 5

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_D)$$



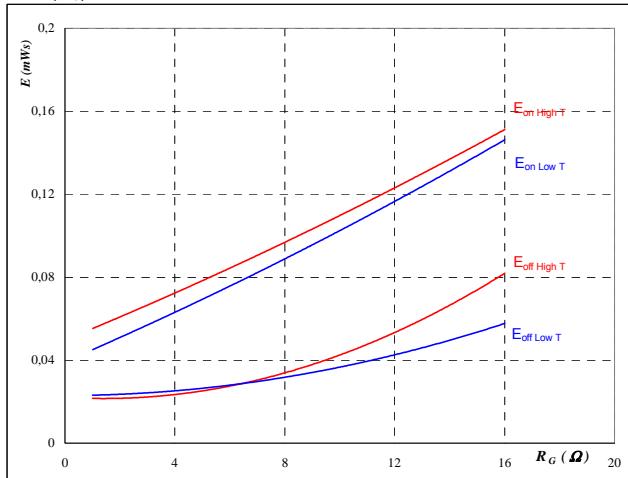
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 6

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_G)$$



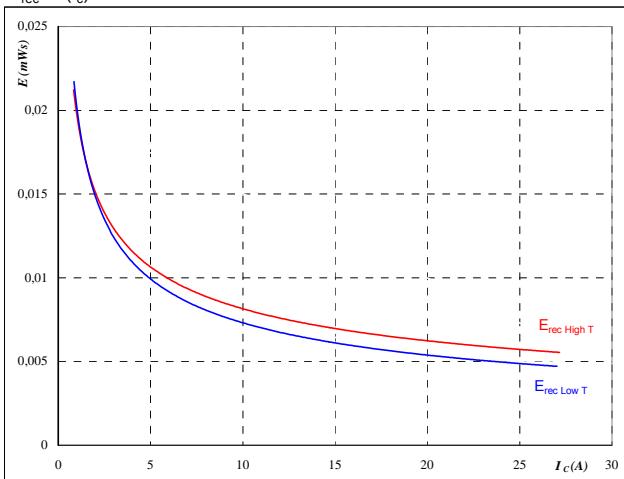
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_D &= 15 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 7

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector (drain) current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



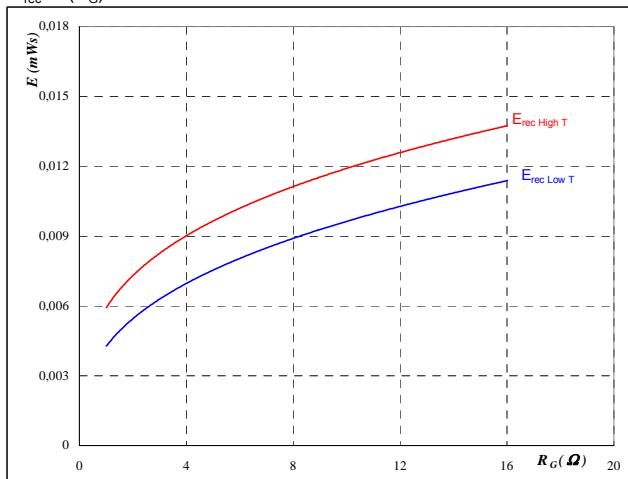
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 8

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



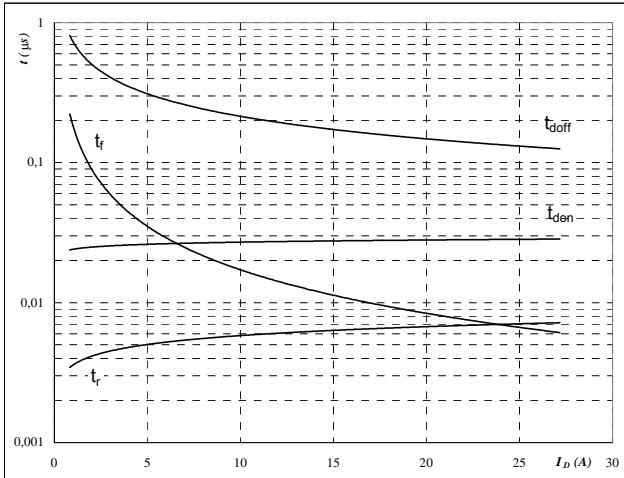
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_D &= 15 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 9
BOOST MOSFET

Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_D)$

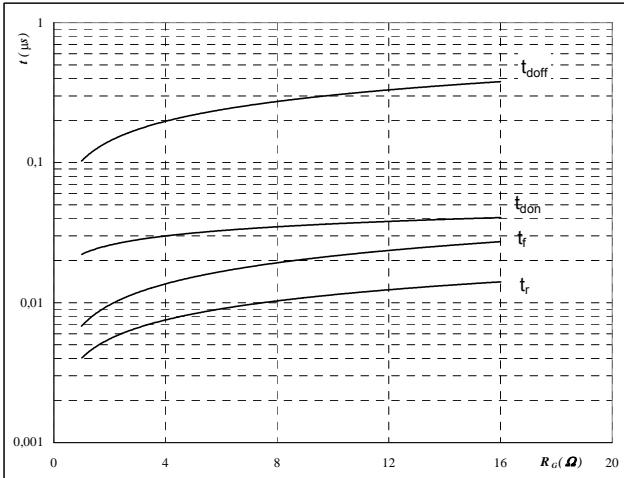


With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{DS} =$	400	V
$V_{GS} =$	10	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	4	Ω

Figure 10
BOOST MOSFET

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_G)$

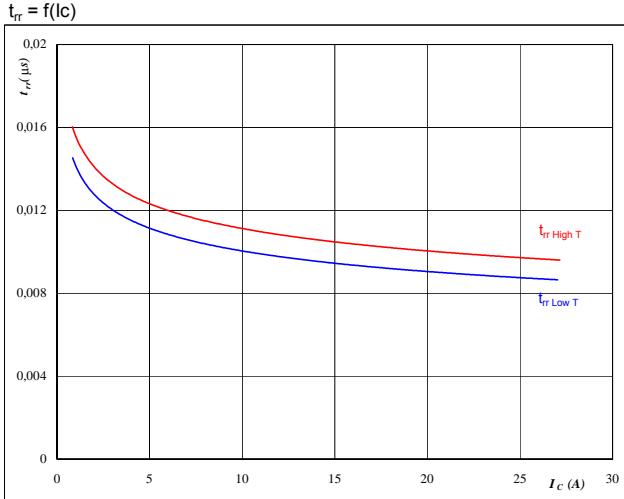


With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{DS} =$	400	V
$V_{GS} =$	10	V
$I_C =$	15	A

Figure 11
BOOST FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

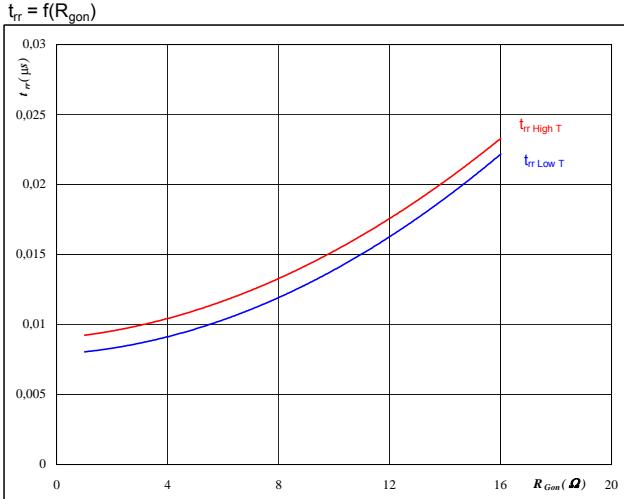


At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$V_{GE} =$	10	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω

Figure 12
BOOST FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



At

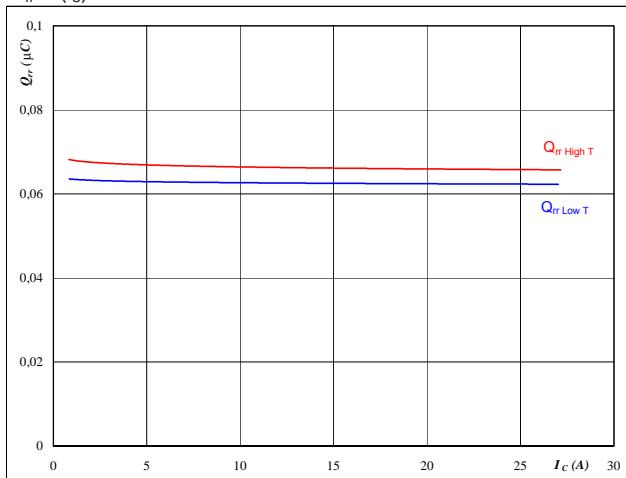
$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	400	V
$I_F =$	15	A
$V_{GS} =$	10	V

INPUT BOOST

Figure 13
BOOST FRED

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$


At

$$T_j = 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 400 \quad \text{V}$$

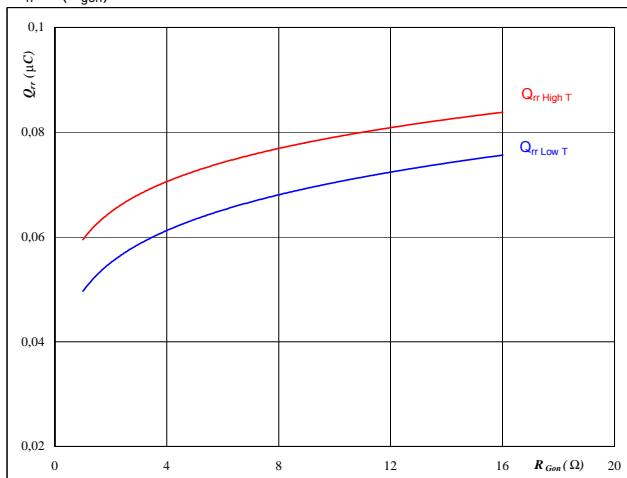
$$V_{GE} = 10 \quad \text{V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 14
BOOST FRED

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$


At

$$T_j = 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 400 \quad \text{V}$$

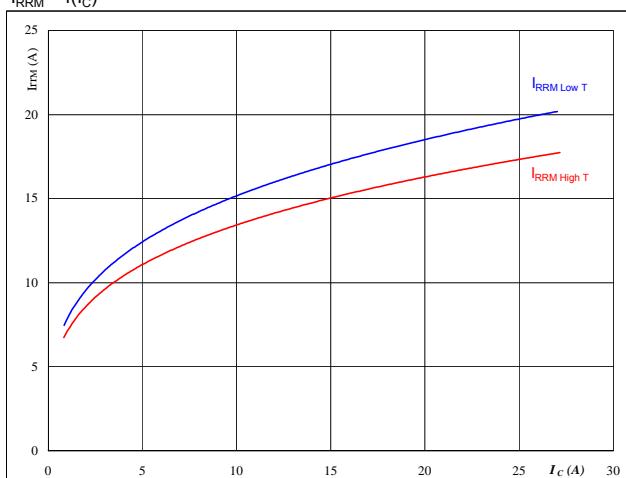
$$I_F = 15 \quad \text{A}$$

$$V_{GS} = 10 \quad \text{V}$$

Figure 15
BOOST FRED

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$


At

$$T_j = 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 400 \quad \text{V}$$

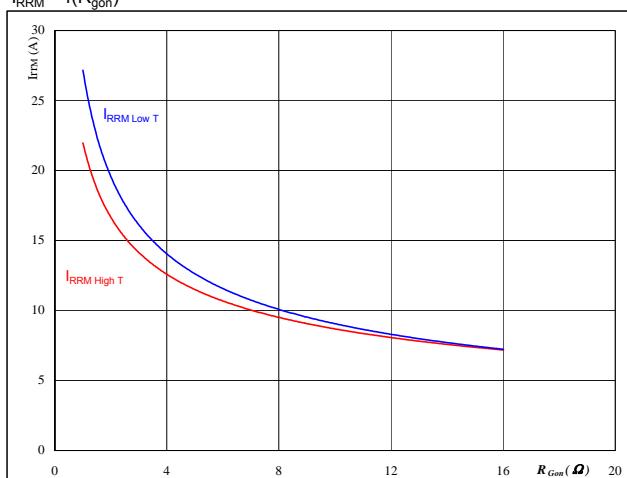
$$V_{GE} = 10 \quad \text{V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 16
BOOST FRED

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$


At

$$T_j = 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

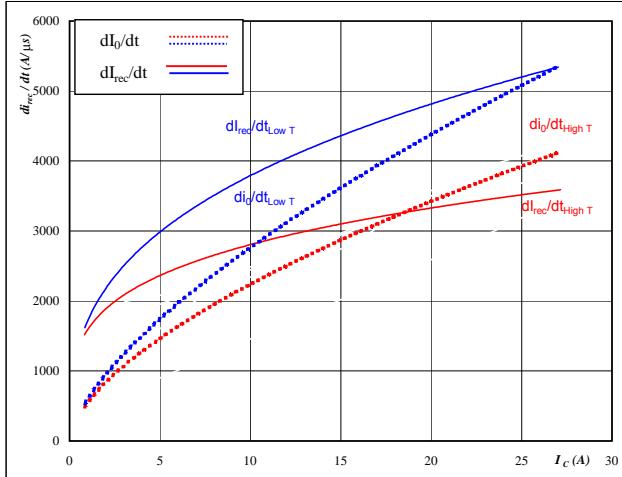
$$V_R = 400 \quad \text{V}$$

$$I_F = 15 \quad \text{A}$$

$$V_{GS} = 10 \quad \text{V}$$

INPUT BOOST

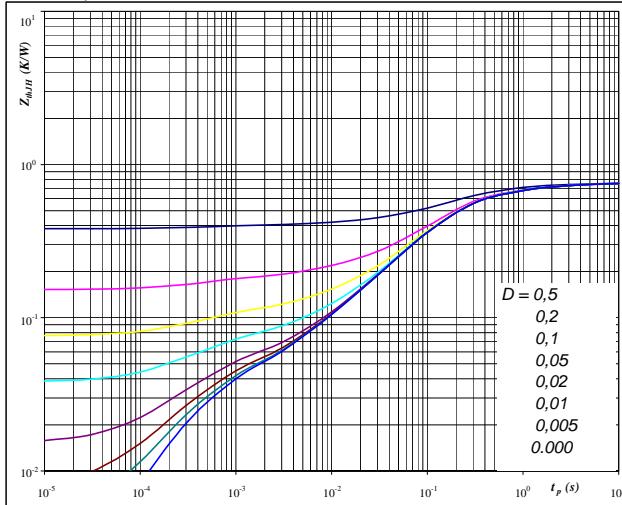
Figure 17
Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of collector current
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$



At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{Gon} = 4 \Omega$

Figure 19
IGBT/MOSFET transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$

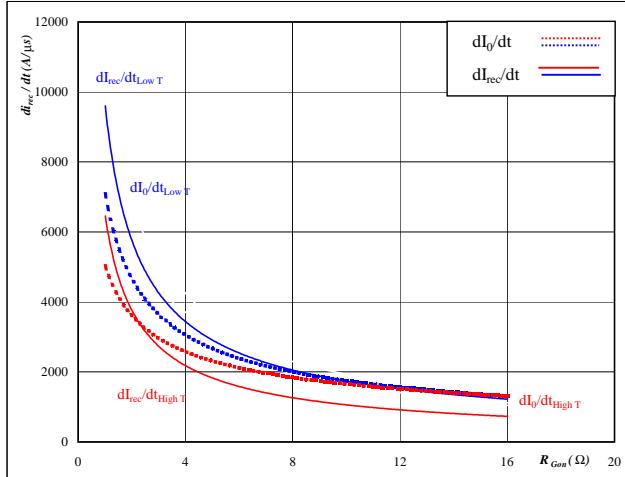


At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,76 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
3,25E-02	9,97E+00
1,22E-01	1,22E+00
4,26E-01	1,80E-01
1,17E-01	4,70E-02
3,10E-02	5,89E-03
3,30E-02	4,04E-04

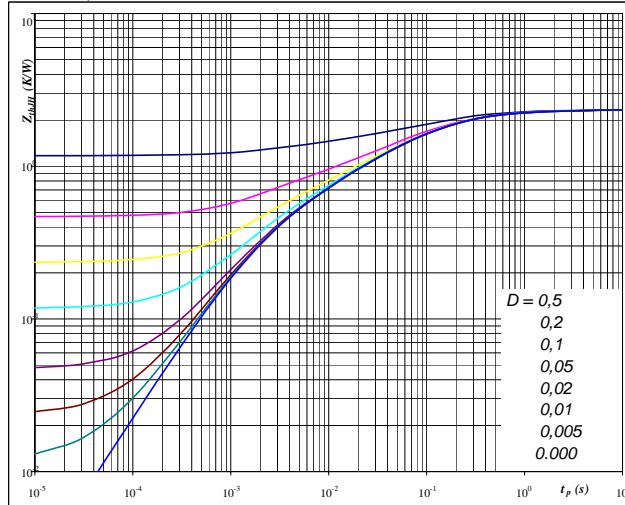
Figure 18
Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{Gon})$



At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 20
FRED transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 2,34 \text{ K/W}$

FRED thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
1,02E-01	2,89E+00
4,95E-01	3,44E-01
9,89E-01	7,04E-02
4,87E-01	1,00E-02
2,67E-01	1,61E-03

INPUT BOOST

Figure 21
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$

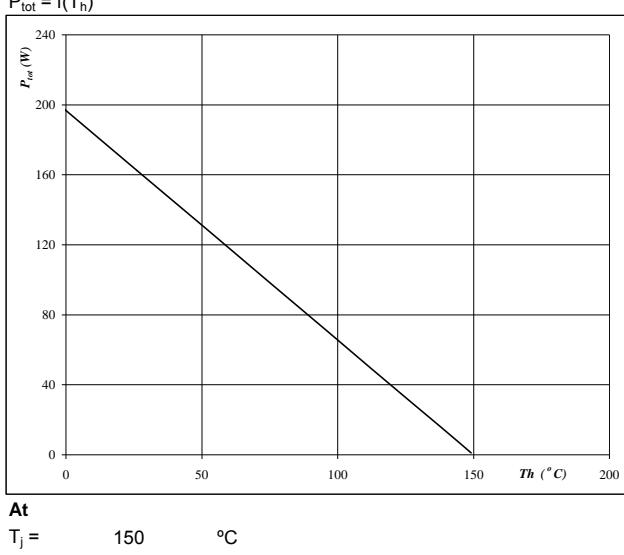


Figure 22
Collector/Drain current as a function of heatsink temperature
 $I_C = f(T_h)$

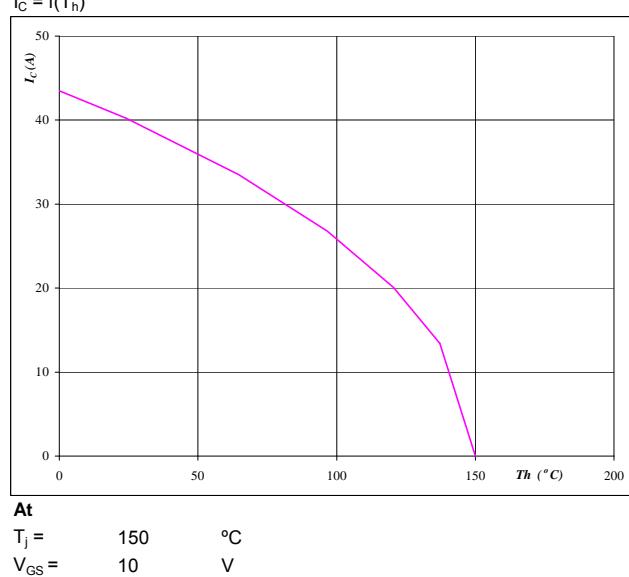


Figure 23
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$

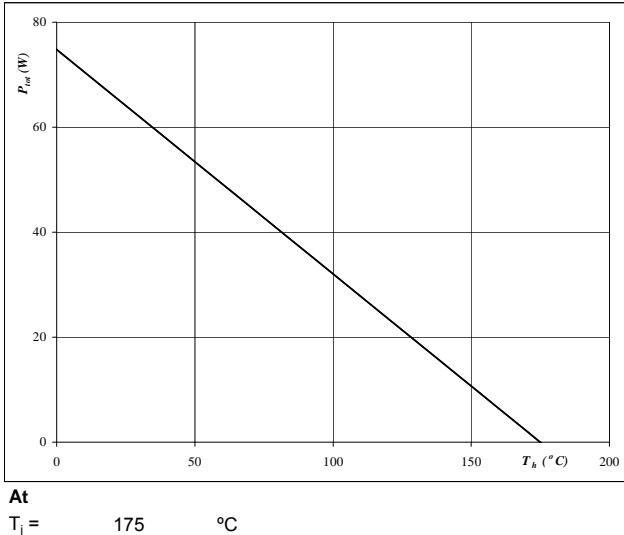
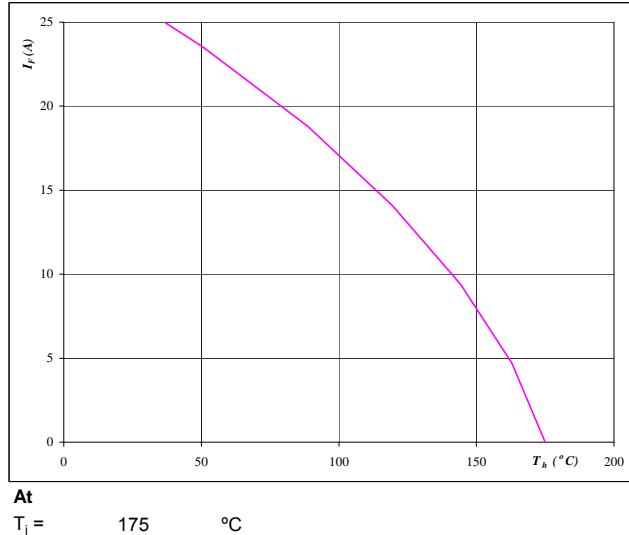


Figure 24
Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature
 $I_F = f(T_h)$

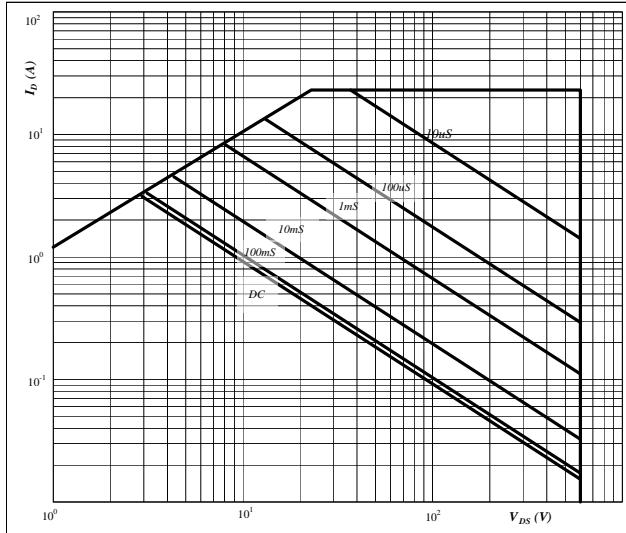


INPUT BOOST

Figure 25
**Safe operating area as a function
of drain-source voltage**

BOOST MOSFET

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$



At

D = single pulse

T_h = 80 °C

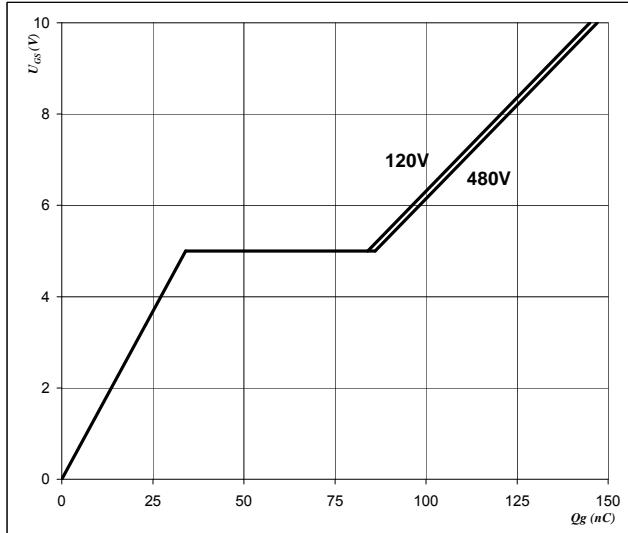
V_{GS} = 10 V

T_j = T_{jmax} °C

Figure 26
Gate voltage vs Gate charge

BOOST MOSFET

$$V_{GS} = f(Qg)$$



At

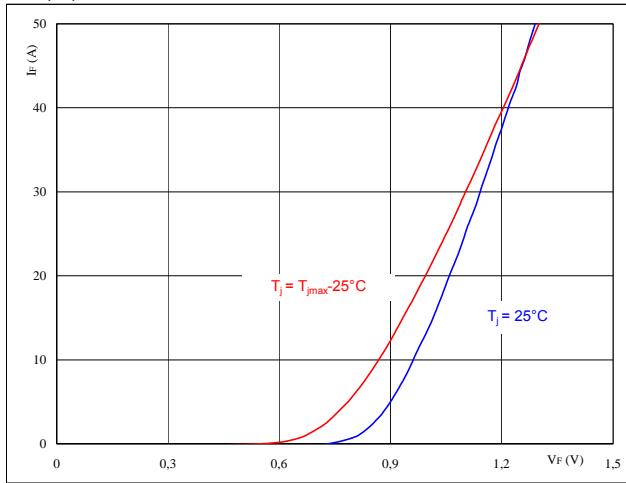
I_D = 44 A

Bypass Diode

Figure 1

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

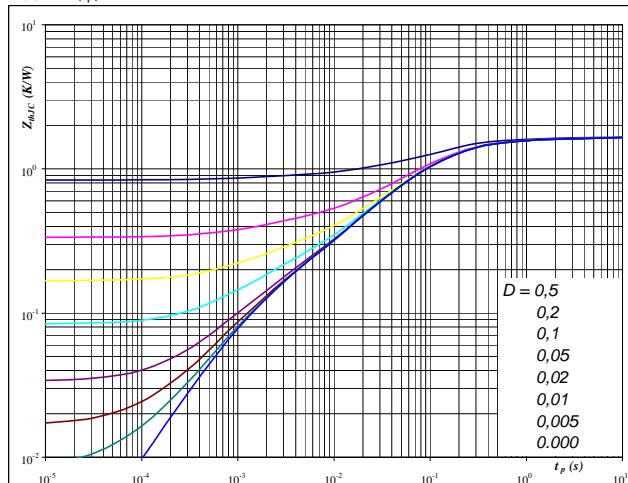

At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

Bypass diode
Figure 2

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$


At

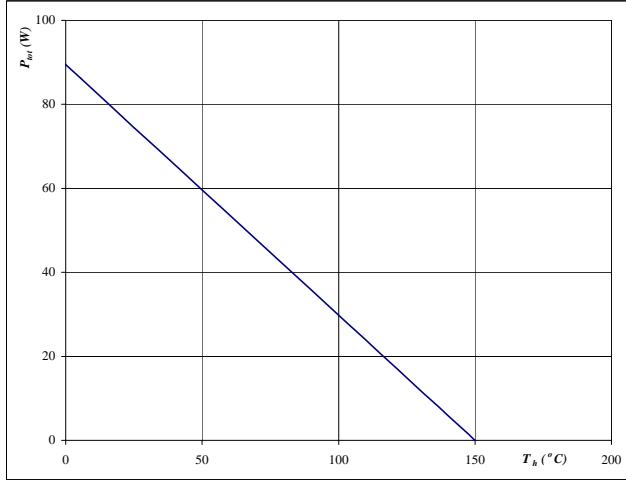
$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thJH} = 1,677 \text{ K/W}$$

Figure 3

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

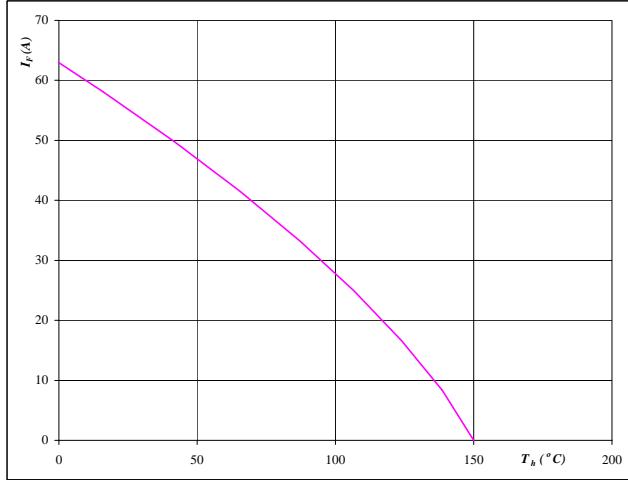

At

$$T_j = 150 ^\circ\text{C}$$

Bypass diode
Figure 4

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$


At

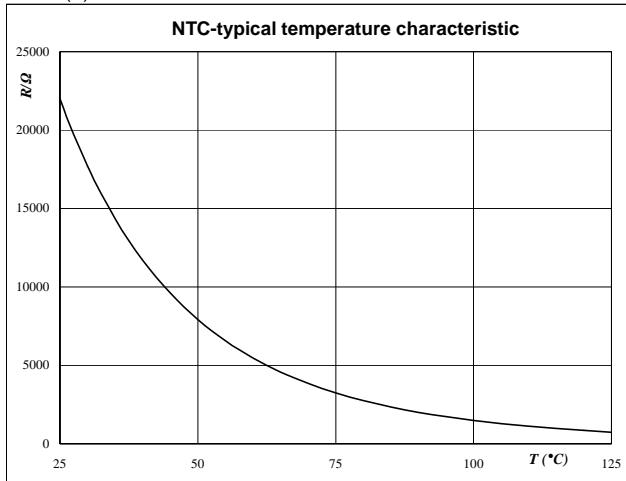
$$T_j = 150 ^\circ\text{C}$$

Thermistor

Figure 1

Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$


Thermistor
Figure 2

Typical NTC resistance values

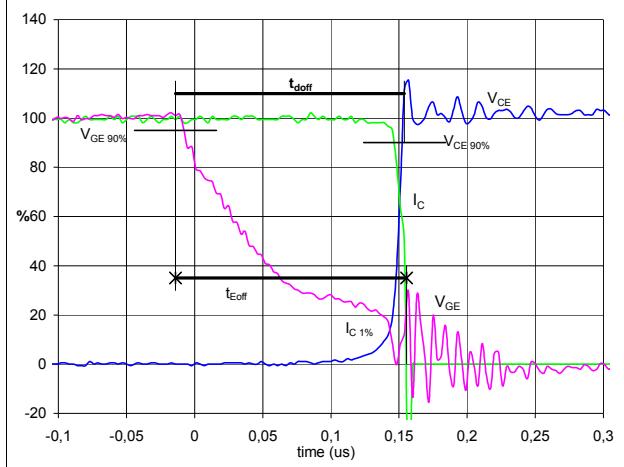
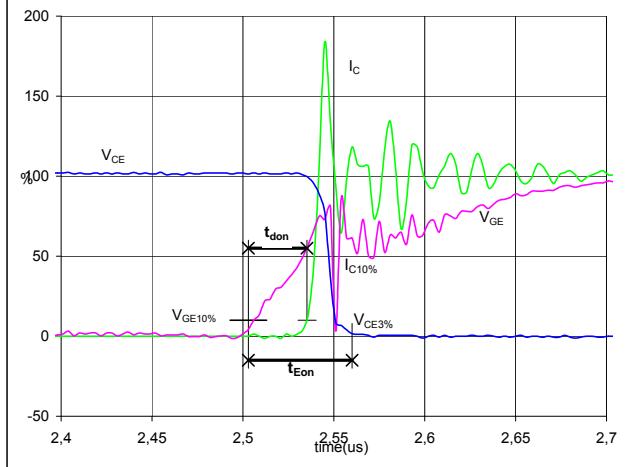
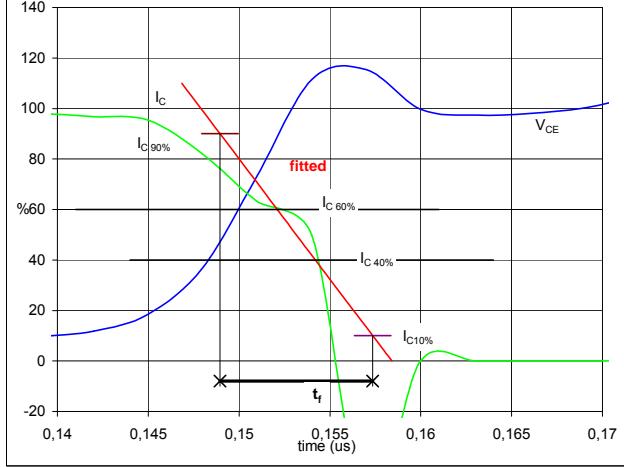
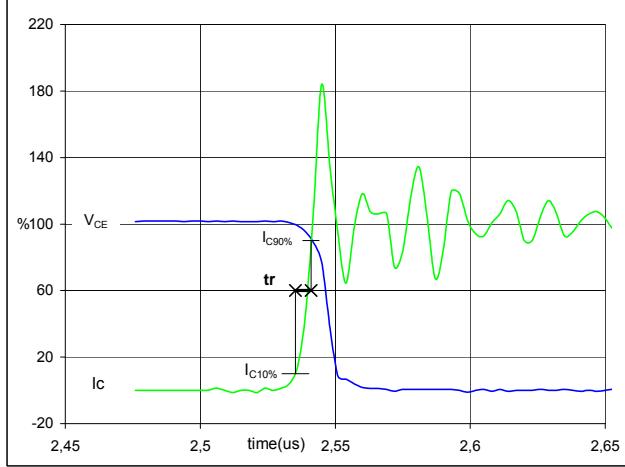
$$R(T) = R_{25} \cdot e^{\left(B_{25/100} \left(\frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{T_{25}} \right) \right)} \quad [\Omega]$$

T [°C]	R _{nom} [Ω]	R _{min} [Ω]	R _{max} [Ω]	△R/R [±%]
-55	2089434,5	1506495,4	2672373,6	27,9
0	71804,2	59724,4	83884	16,8
10	43780,4	37094,4	50466,5	15,3
20	27484,6	23684,6	31284,7	13,8
25	22000	19109,3	24890,7	13,1
30	17723,3	15512,2	19934,4	12,5
60	5467,9	4980,6	5955,1	8,9
70	3848,6	3546	4151,1	7,9
80	2757,7	2568,2	2947,1	6,9
90	2008,9	1889,7	2128,2	5,9
100	1486,1	1411,8	1560,4	5
150	400,2	364,8	435,7	8,8

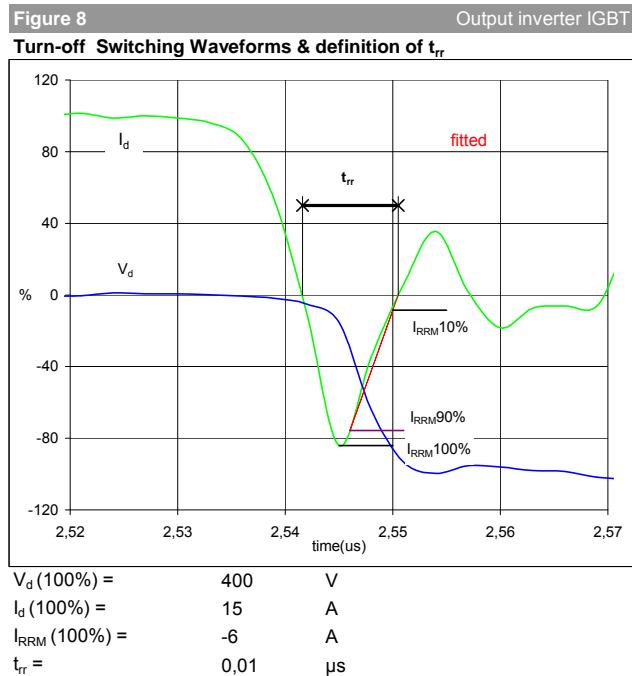
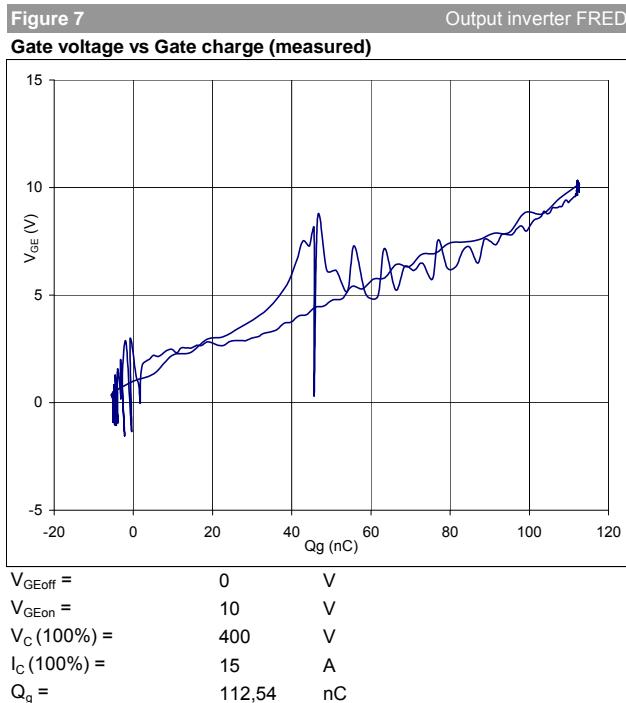
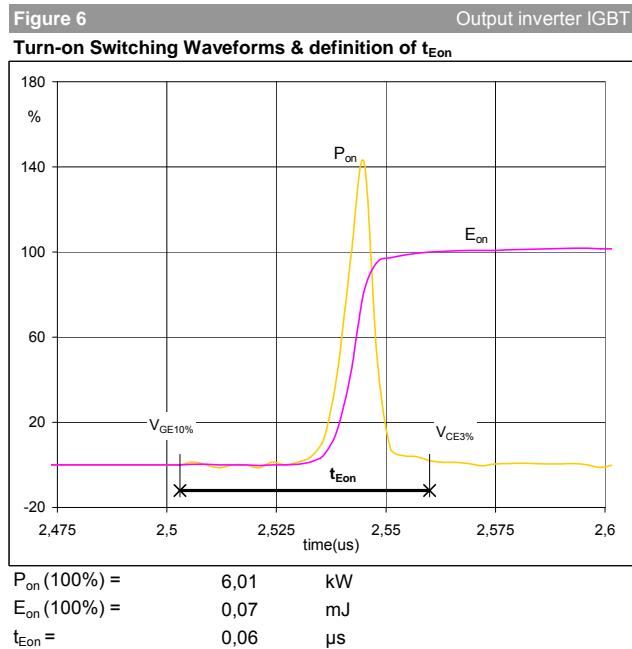
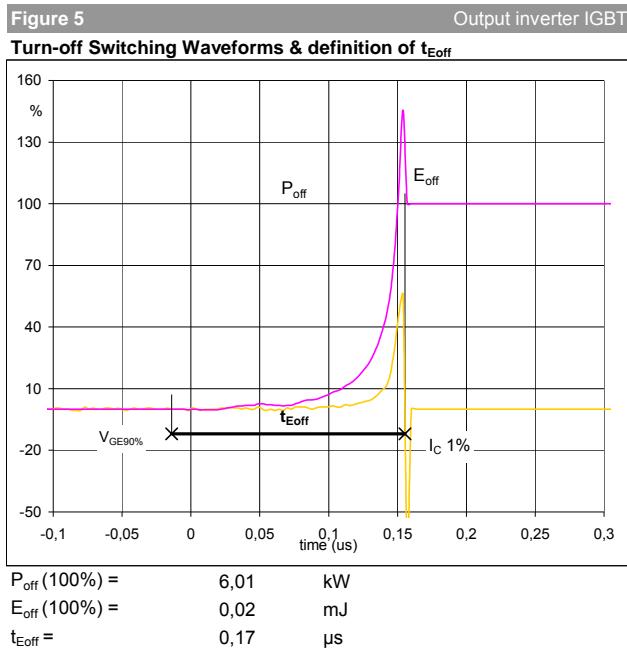
Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET

General conditions

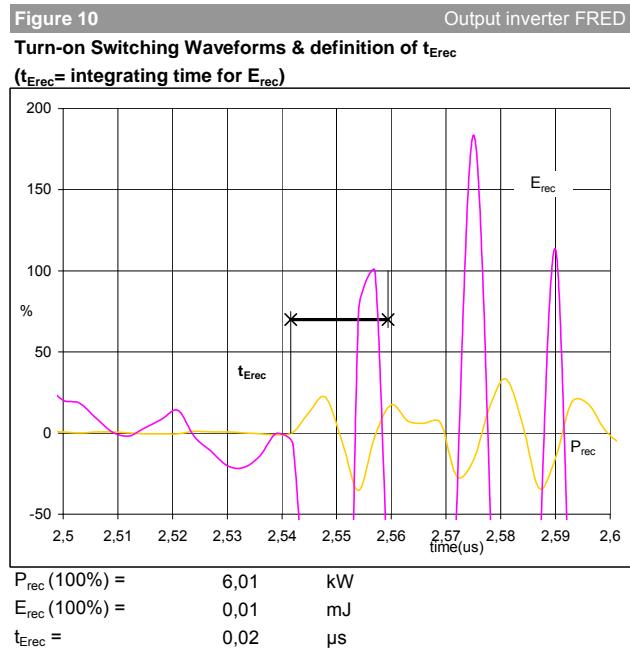
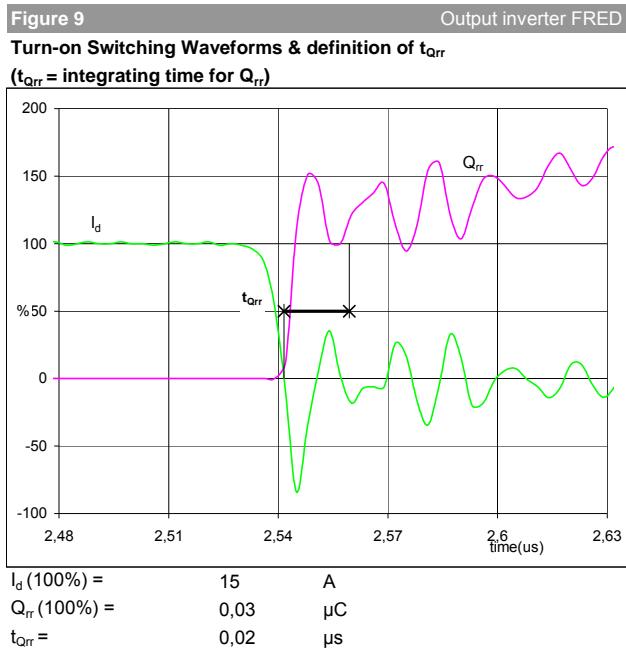
T_j	= 125 °C
R_{gon}	= 4 Ω
R_{goff}	= 4 Ω

Figure 1
Output inverter IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
(t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

 $V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$
 $t_{doff} = 0.16 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0.17 \mu\text{s}$
Figure 2
Output inverter IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
(t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

 $V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$
 $t_{don} = 0.03 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0.06 \mu\text{s}$
Figure 3
Output inverter IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

 $V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$
 $t_f = 0.01 \mu\text{s}$
Figure 4
Output inverter IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r

 $V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$
 $t_r = 0.01 \mu\text{s}$

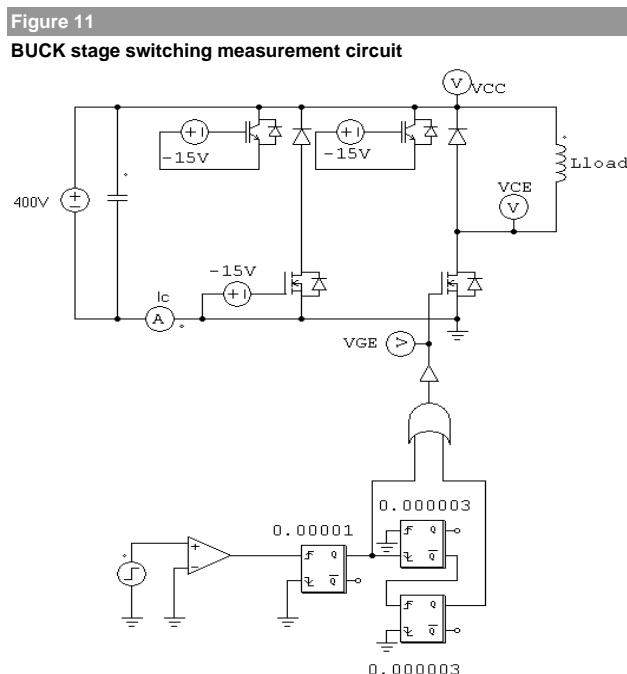
Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET



Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET



Measurement circuits



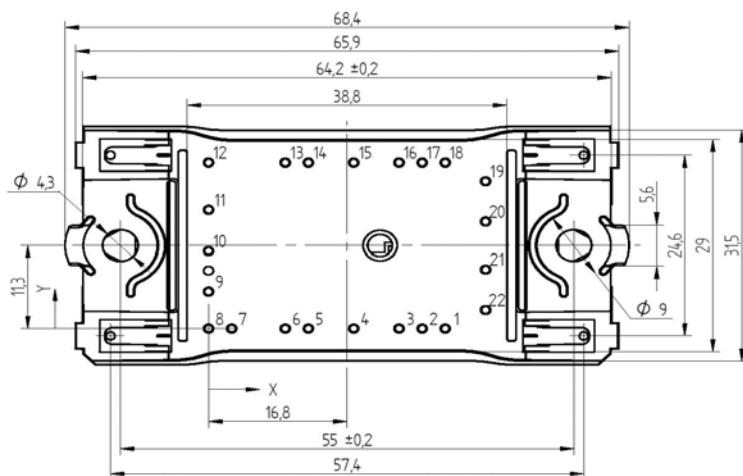
Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

Ordering Code & Marking

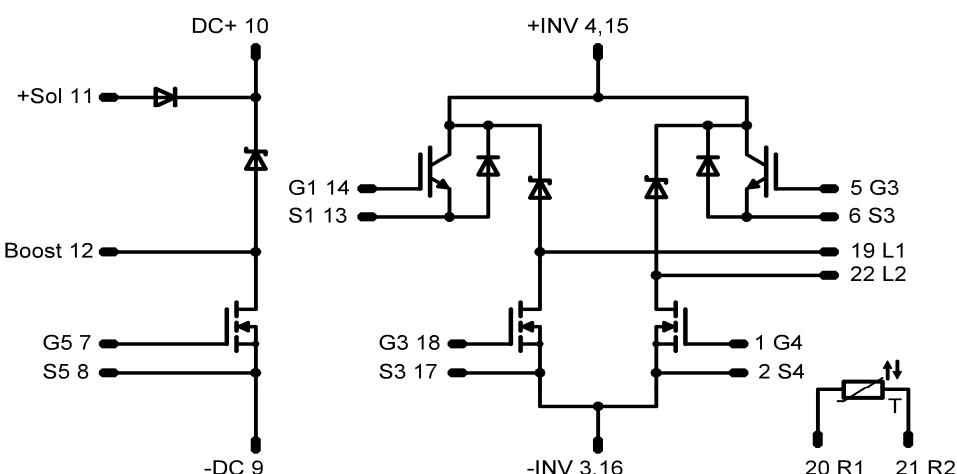
Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
without thermal paste 12mm housing	10-FZ06BIA045FH02-P897D	P897D	P897D

Outline

Pin table		
Pin	X	Y
1	28,7	0
2	25,9	0
3	23,1	0
4	17,6	0
5	12,1	0
6	9,3	0
7	2,8	0
8	0	0
9	0	5,05
10	0	10,55
11	0	16,15
12	0	22,6
13	9,3	22,6
14	12,1	22,6
15	17,6	22,6
16	23,1	22,6
17	25,9	22,6
18	28,7	22,6
19	33,6	20,05
20	33,6	14,55
21	33,6	8,05
22	33,6	2,55



Pinout



PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Datasheet Status	Product Status	Definition
Target	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.
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