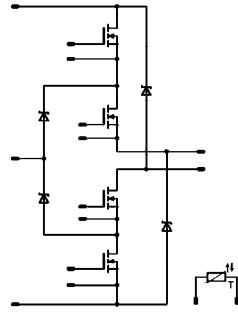


flowNPC1	1200V/22mΩ
Features	flow1 12mm housing
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • neutral point clamped inverter • reactive power capability • SiC buck diode • clip-in pcb mounting • low inductance layout 	
Target Applications	Schematic
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solar inverter • UPS 	
Types	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 10-PY06NRA021FS-M410FY 	

Maximum Ratings

T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
-----------	--------	-----------	-------	------

Out Boost MOSFET

Drain to source breakdown voltage	V _{DS}	T _j =25°C	600	V
DC drain current	I _D	T _j =T _j max	47 59	A
Pulsed drain current	I _{Dpulse}	t _p limited by T _j max	544	A
Power dissipation	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max	108 164	W
Gate-source peak voltage	V _{GS}	static/AC (f>1 Hz)	±20±30	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		150	°C

Out Boost FWD

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	T _j =25°C	1200	V
DC forward current	I _F	T _j =T _j max	24 28	A
Surge Peak Forward Current	I _{FSM}	10 ms sin 180°	T _j =25°C T _j =150°C 170 170	A
Power dissipation	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max	58 87	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		175	°C

Maximum Ratings

T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
-----------	--------	-----------	-------	------

Buck FWD

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	T _j =25°C	600	V
DC forward current	I _F	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	24 32	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I _{FRM}	t _p =10 ms, Half Sine Wave, D=0.3 T _c =25°C	201	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max	39 58	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		175	°C

Buck MOSFET

Drain to source breakdown voltage	V _{DS}		600	V
DC drain current	I _D	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	47 59	A
Pulsed drain current	I _{Dpulse}	t _p limited by T _j max T _c =25°C	544	A
Power dissipation	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	108 164	W
Gate-source peak voltage	V _{gs}	static/AC (f>1 Hz)	±20/±30	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		150	°C

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T _{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T _{op}		-40...+(T _j max - 25)	°C

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V _{is}	t=2s	DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance				min 12,7	mm
Clearance				min 12,7	mm

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_T [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_J	Min	Typ	Max	

Out Boost MOSFET

Static drain to source ON resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$		10		60	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		20,8 41,2		$\text{m}\Omega$			
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}$			0,00296	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	2,4	3	3,6	V			
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I_{gss}		20	0		$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$			200	nA			
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{dss}		0	600		$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$			10	μA			
Turn On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$	$R_{goff}=2 \Omega$ $R_{gon}=2 \Omega$	10	400	30	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		49,2 49,6		ns			
Rise Time	t_r					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		11,4 14,6					
Turn off delay time	$t_{d(OFF)}$					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		267,6 327,8					
Fall time	t_f					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		13,8 16,8					
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		0,2768 0,4834		mWs			
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		0,2285 0,3298					
Total gate charge	Q_g					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		580					
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0 to 10	480	89	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		72		nC			
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		300					
Input capacitance	C_{iss}							13060					
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	100		$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$		720		pF			
Gate resistor	r_G							0,35					
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	$\text{Thermal grease thickness} \leq 50\text{um}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						0,65		K/W			
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R_{thJC}							0,43					

Out Boost FWD

Forward voltage	V_F				35	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		2,51 2,68		V			
Reverse leakage current	I_{rm}			1200		$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$			60 5500	μA			
Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	$R_{gon}=2 \Omega$	10	400	30	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		87,9 94,4		A			
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		28,6 91,0		ns			
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		2,69 4,73		μC			
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		0,89 1,58		mWs			
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)\max/dt$					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		9484 6335		$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$			
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	$\text{Thermal grease thickness} \leq 50\text{um}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						1,65		K/W			
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R_{thJC}							1,09					

Buck FWD

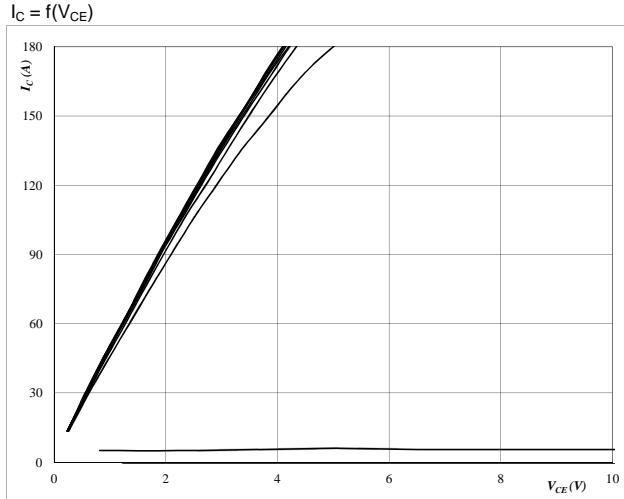
Diode forward voltage	V_F				30	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		1,43 1,59		V			
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}	$R_{on}=2 \Omega$	10	400	30	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		24 21		A			
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		12 13		ns			
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		0,172 0,221		μC			
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)\max/dt$					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		6880 4288		$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$			
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		0,023 0,044		mWs			
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	$\text{Thermal grease thickness} \leq 50\text{um}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						2,46		K/W			
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R_{thJC}							1,62					

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max	
Buck MOSFET									
Static drain to source ON resistance	$R_{ds(on)}$		10		60	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		21 41	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$			$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$	0,0005	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	2,4	3	3,6
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I_{gss}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		200	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{dss}		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		10000	nA
Turn On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff}=2\ \Omega$ $R_{gon}=2\ \Omega$	10	400	30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		31 30	
Rise Time	t_r					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		8,2 9	
Turn off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		224 246	
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		12 46	
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0,191 0,209	
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0,126 0,162	
Total gate charge	Q_g							580	
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	0 to 10	480	89	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$			72	
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}							300	
Input capacitance	C_{iss}							13060	
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	100	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$			720	
Gate resistor	r_G							0,35	Ω
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}							0,65	
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R_{thJC}	$\text{Thermal grease thickness}\leq 50\text{um}$ $\lambda = 1\text{ W/mK}$						0,43	K/W
Thermistor									
Rated resistance	R					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		22000	
Deviation of R100	$\Delta R/R$	$R_{100}=1486\ \Omega$				$T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$	-5		5
Power dissipation	P					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		200	mW
Power dissipation constant						$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		2	mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3950	K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3996	K
Vincotech NTC Reference						$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		B	

BUCK

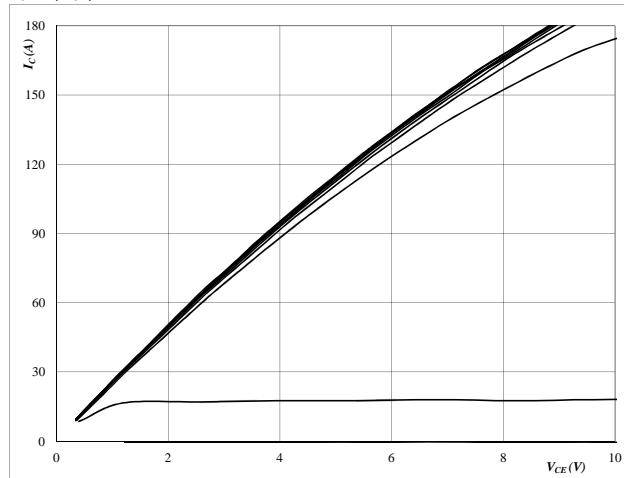
Figure 1
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 0 V to 20 V in steps of 2 V

MOSFET

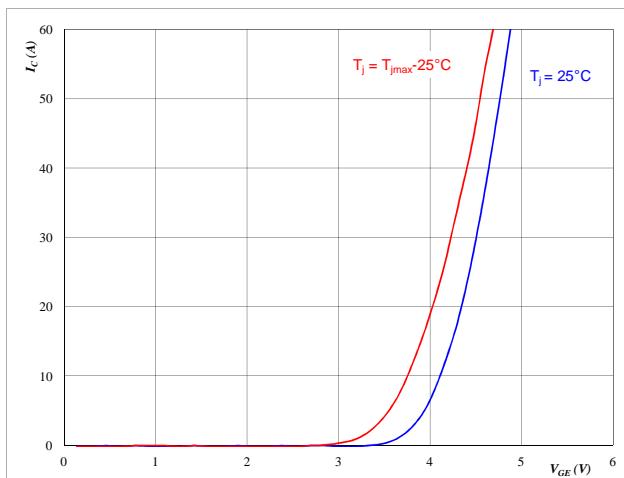
Figure 2
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 0 V to 20 V in steps of 2 V

MOSFET

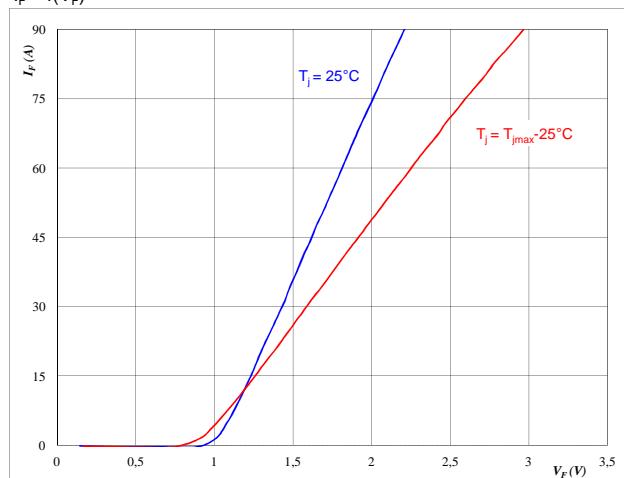
Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

MOSFET

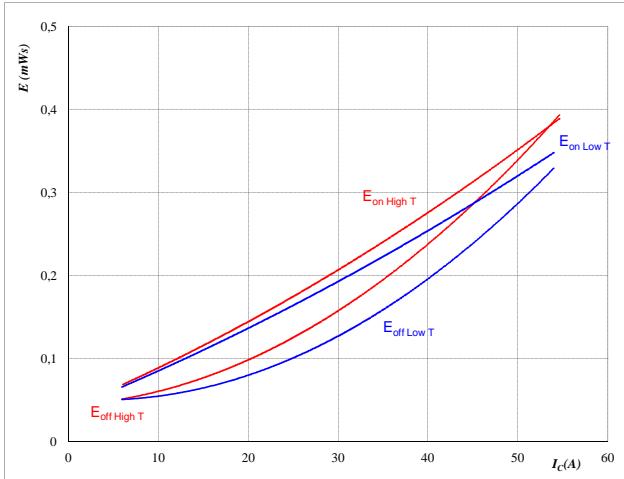
Figure 4
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage
 $I_F = f(V_F)$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

BUCK

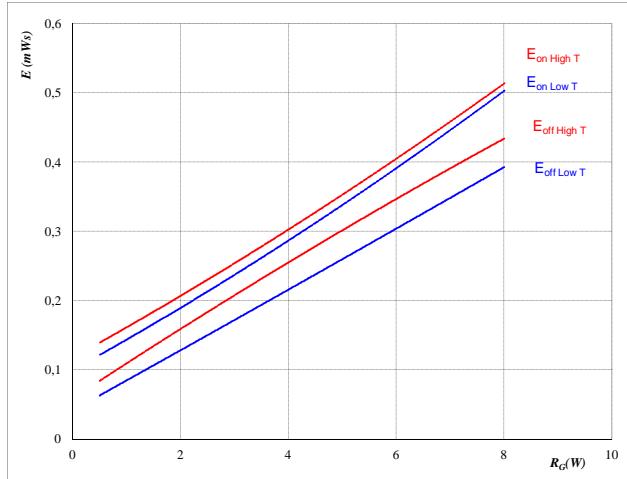
Figure 5
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 2 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 2 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

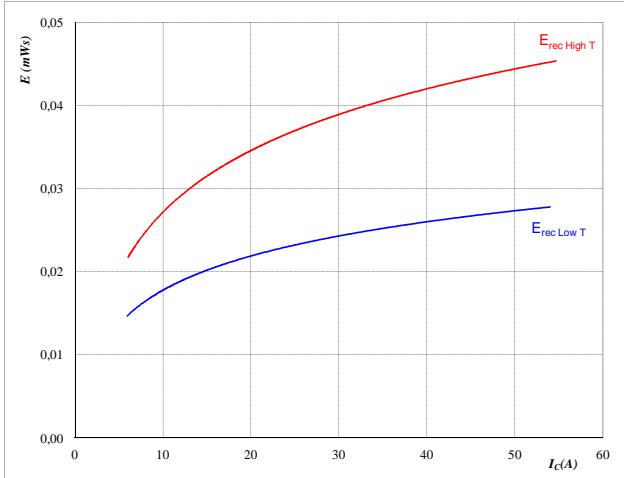
Figure 6
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
 $E = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_C &= 30 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

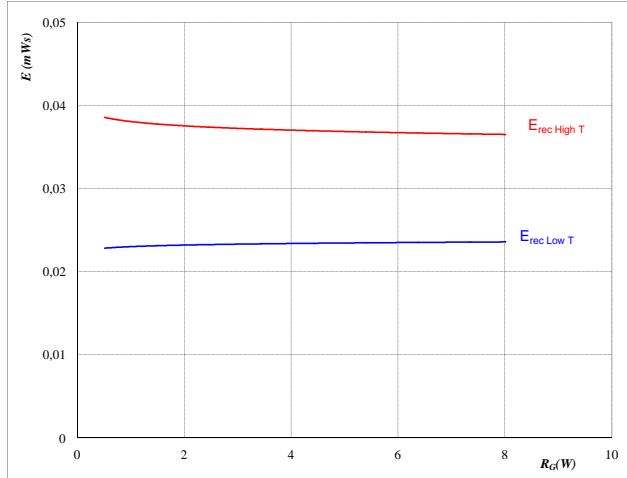
Figure 7
Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 2 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 8
Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_G)$

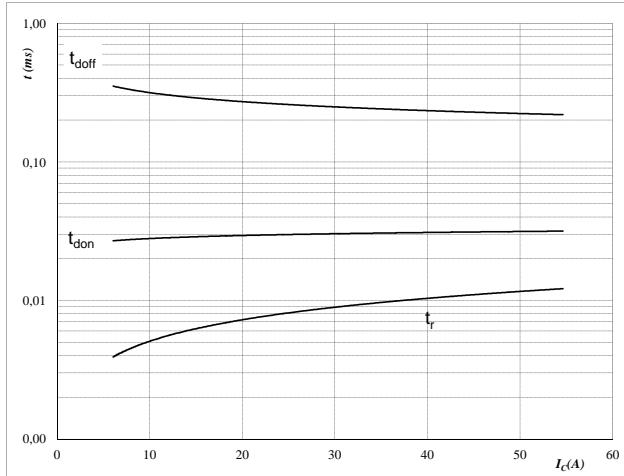


With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_C &= 30 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

BUCK

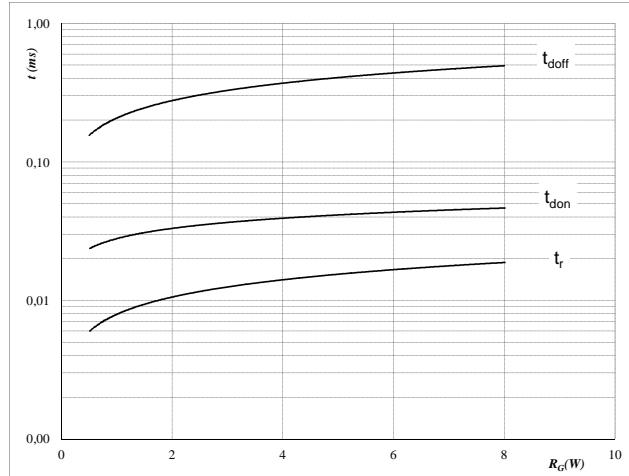
Figure 9
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \Omega$

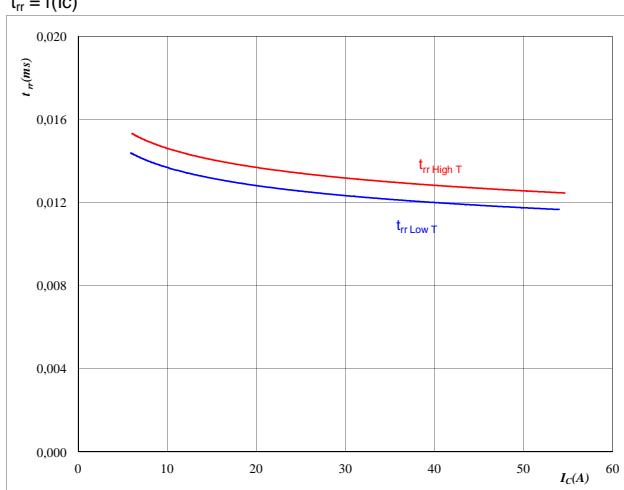
Figure 10
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

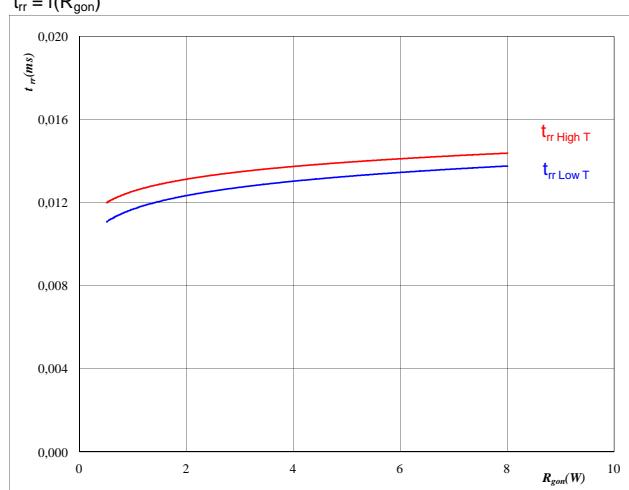
$T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

Figure 11
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$

Figure 12
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



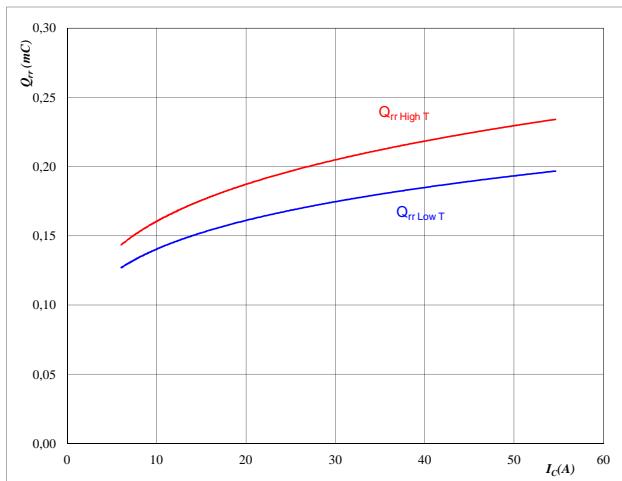
At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 30 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$

BUCK
Figure 13

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

**At**

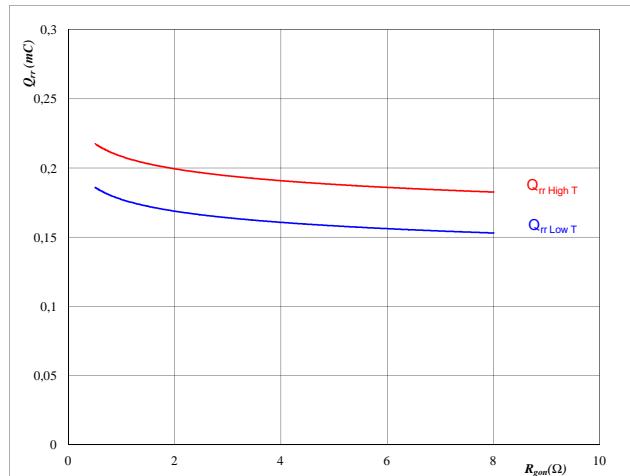
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 2 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 14

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

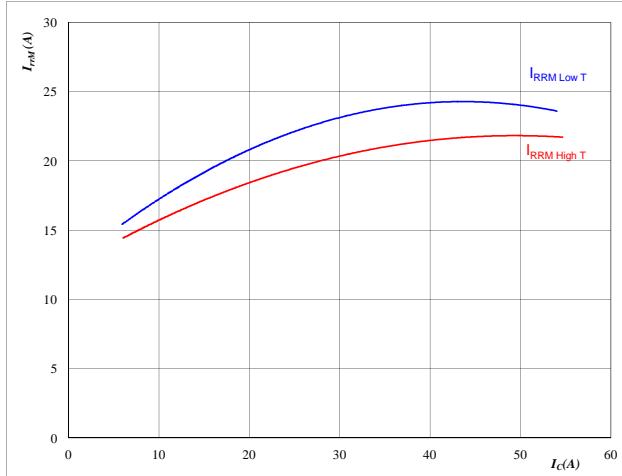
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_R &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ I_F &= 30 \quad \text{A} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 15

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$

**At**

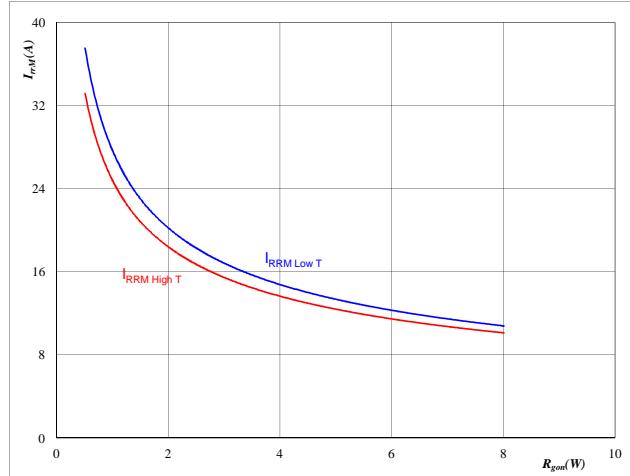
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 2 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 16

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$

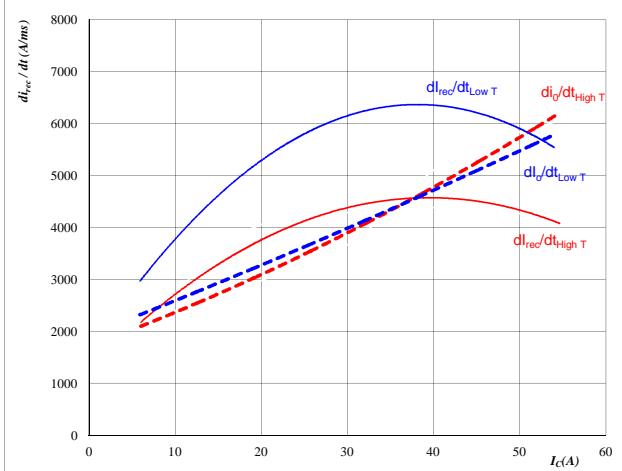
**At**

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_R &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ I_F &= 30 \quad \text{A} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \end{aligned}$$

BUCK

Figure 17

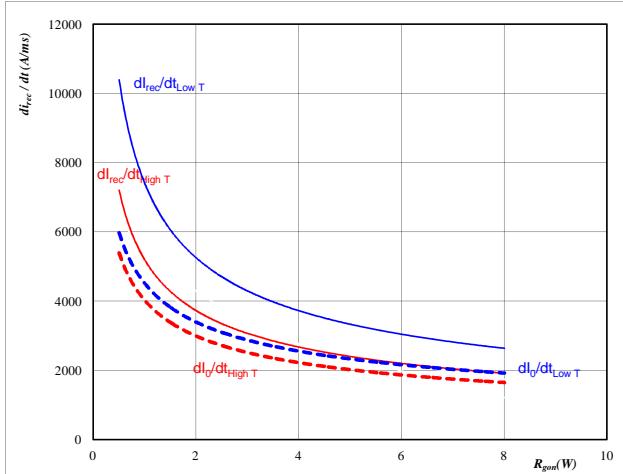
Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of collector current
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$


At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$

FWD
Figure 18

Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$

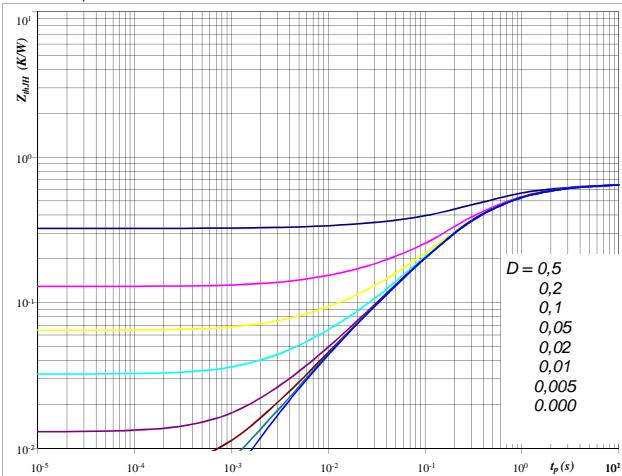

At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 30 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 19
MOSFET

MOSFET transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$

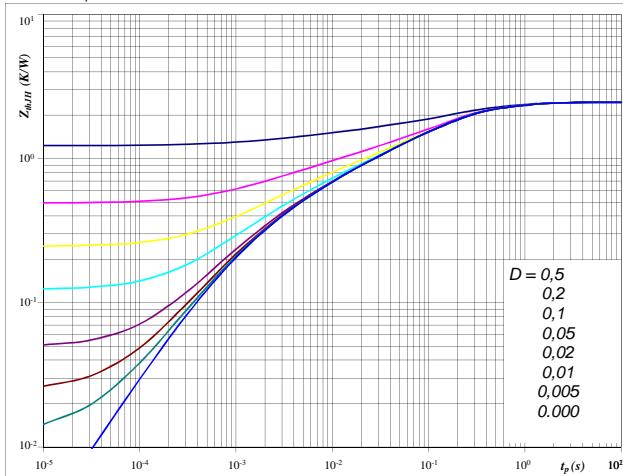

At

$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,65 \text{ K/W}$ $R_{thJH} = 0,55 \text{ K/W}$

Figure 20

FWD transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$


At

$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 2,46 \text{ K/W}$ $R_{thJH} = 2,09 \text{ K/W}$

MOSFET thermal model values

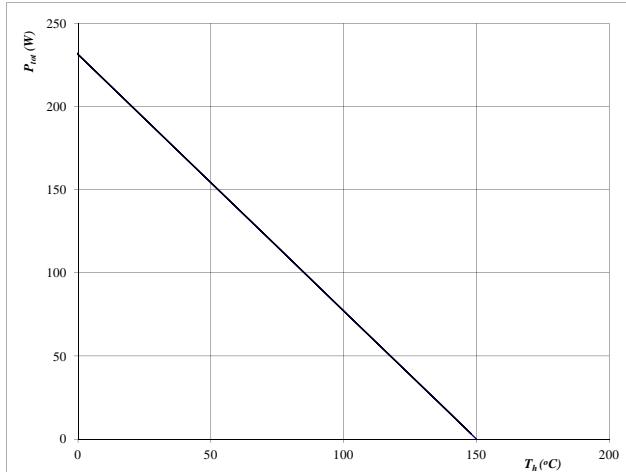
Thermal grease		Phase change interface	
R (C/W)	Tau (s)	R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,12	2,641	0,10	2,245
0,20	0,608	0,17	0,517
0,28	0,200	0,23	0,170
0,05	0,027	0,04	0,023
0,01	0,004	0,01	0,004

FWD thermal model values

Thermal grease		Phase change interface	
R (C/W)	Tau (s)	R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,31	0,946	0,27	0,804
0,96	0,184	0,82	0,156
0,44	0,063	0,38	0,053
0,37	0,013	0,32	0,011
0,28	0,003	0,24	0,002
0,10	0,001	0,08	0,000

BUCK

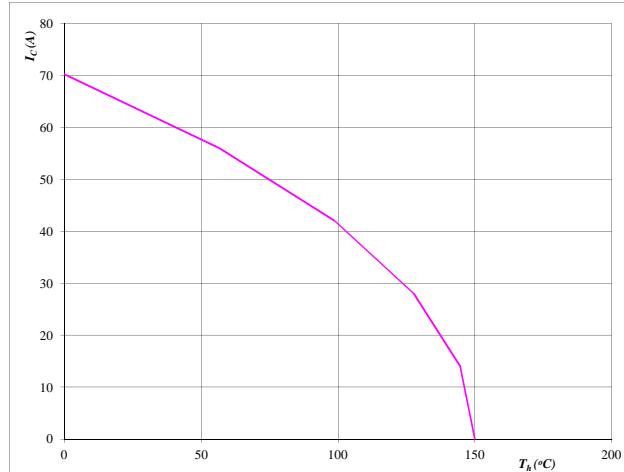
Figure 21
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$



At
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

MOSFET

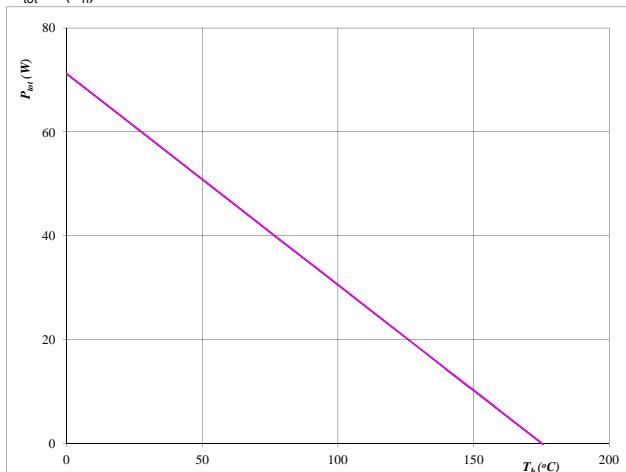
Figure 22
Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature
 $I_C = f(T_h)$



At
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$

MOSFET

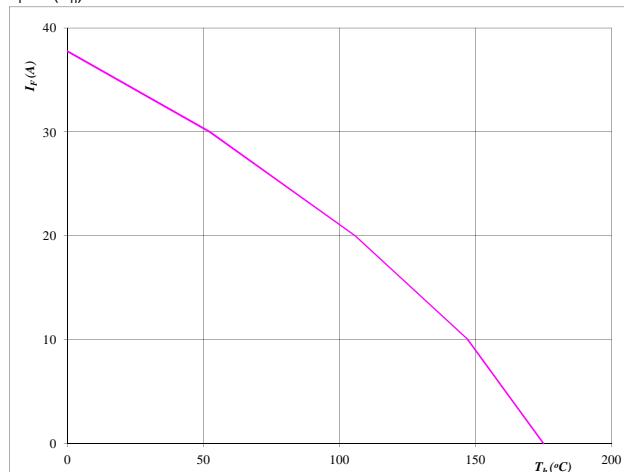
Figure 23
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$



At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

FWD

Figure 24
Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature
 $I_F = f(T_h)$



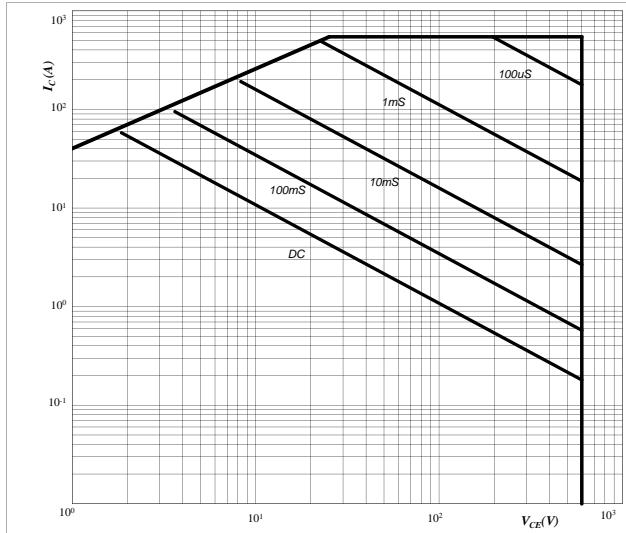
At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

FWD

BUCK

Figure 25
**Safe operating area as a function
 of collector-emitter voltage**

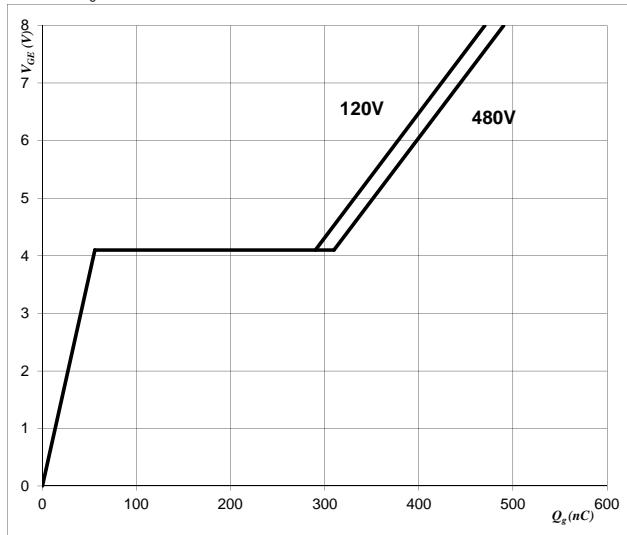
$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



MOSFET

Figure 26
Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$



MOSFET

At

D = single pulse

Th = 80 °C

 V_{GE} = 10 V

 T_j = T_{jmax} °C

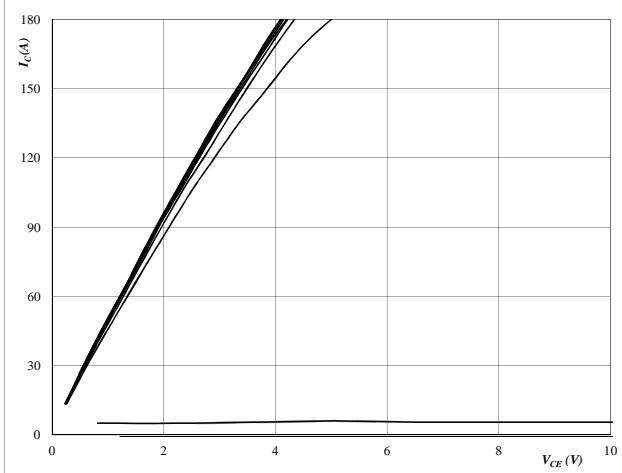
At

 I_C = 89 A pulsed

OUTPUT BOOST

Figure 1
Typical output characteristics
 $I_D = f(V_{DS})$

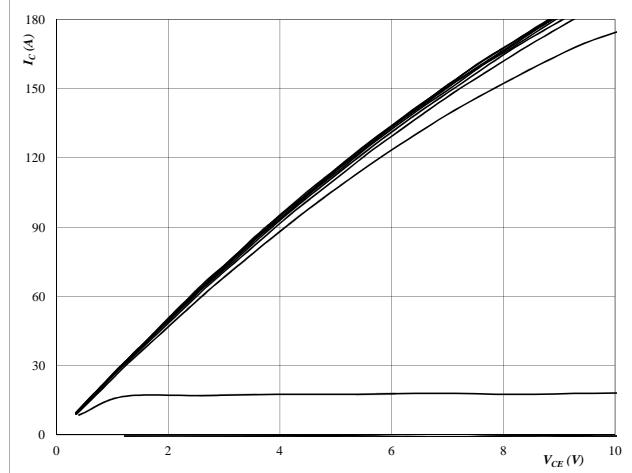
BOOST MOSFET



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25^\circ C$
 V_{GS} from 0 V to 20 V in steps of 2 V

Figure 2
Typical output characteristics
 $I_D = f(V_{DS})$

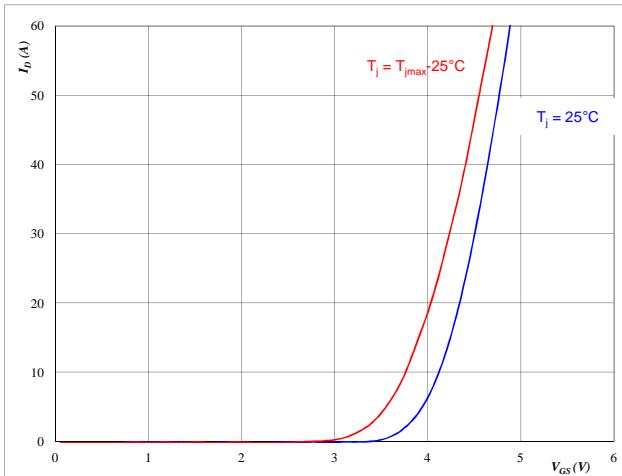
BOOST MOSFET



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 126^\circ C$
 V_{GS} from 0 V to 20 V in steps of 2 V

Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_D = f(V_{GS})$

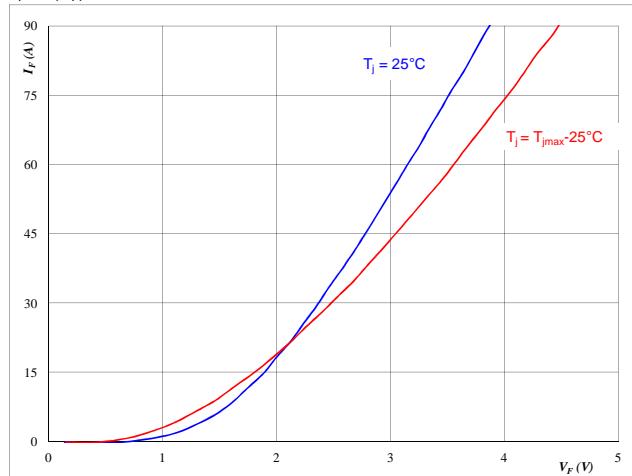
BOOST MOSFET



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{DS} = 12 V$

Figure 4
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage
 $I_F = f(V_F)$

BOOST FWD



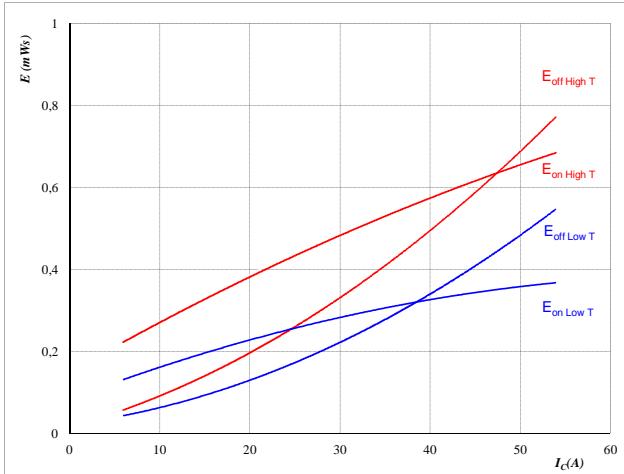
At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

OUTPUT BOOST

Figure 5

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current**

$$E = f(I_D)$$



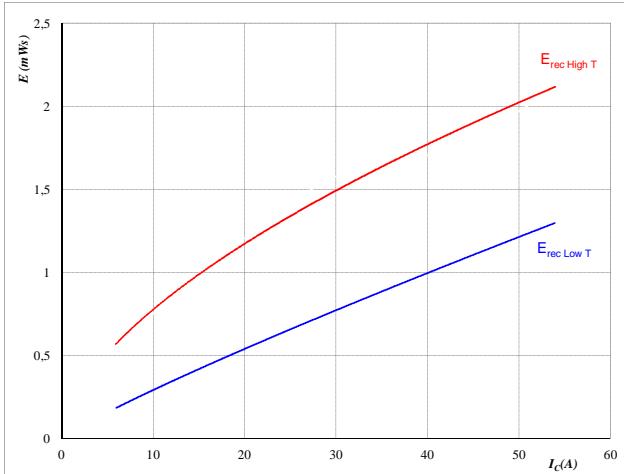
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 2 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 2 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 7

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector (drain) current**

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



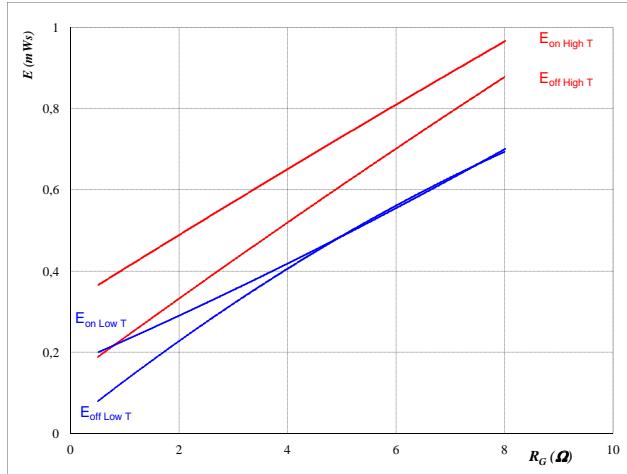
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 2 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 2 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 6

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E = f(R_G)$$



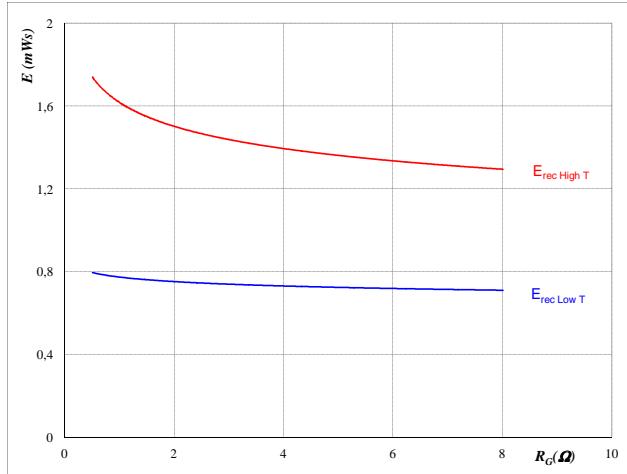
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_D &= 30 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 8

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$

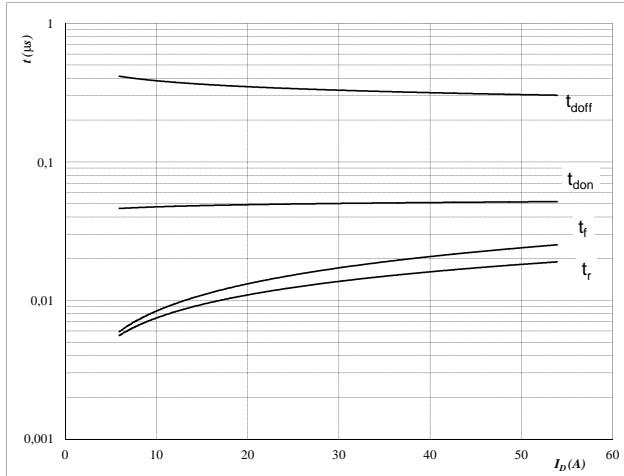


With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_D &= 30 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

OUTPUT BOOST

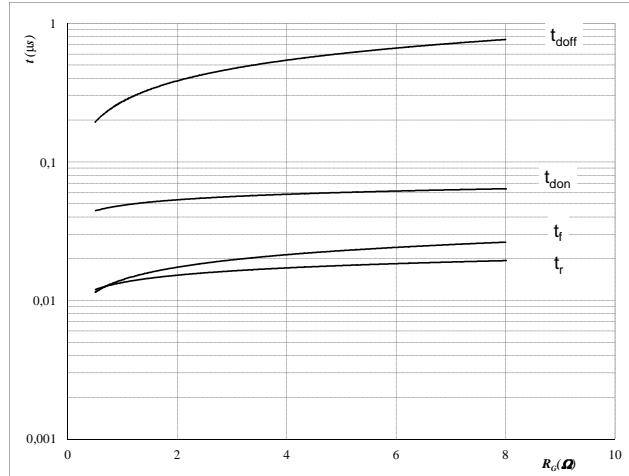
Figure 9
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_D)$



With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{DS} =$	400	V
$V_{GS} =$	10	V
$R_{gon} =$	2	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	2	Ω

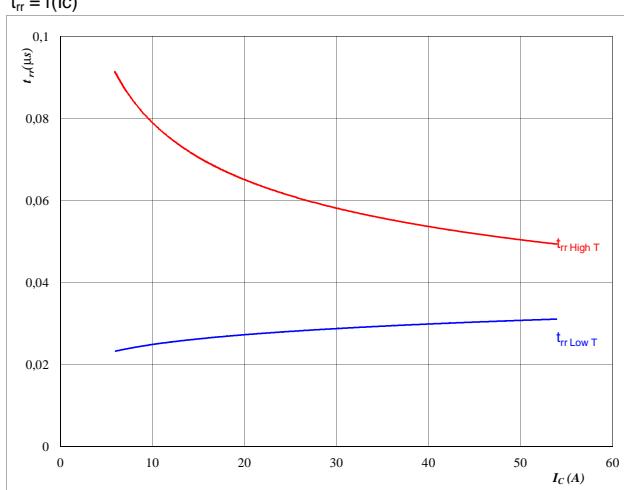
Figure 10
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{DS} =$	400	V
$V_{GS} =$	10	V
$I_C =$	30	A

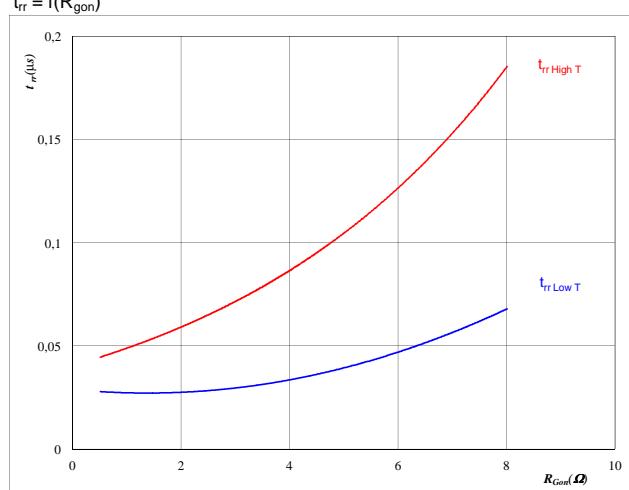
Figure 11
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$V_{GE} =$	10	V
$R_{gon} =$	2	Ω

Figure 12
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



At

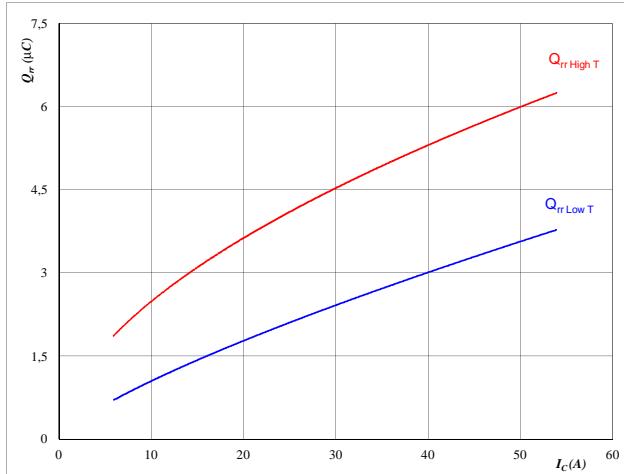
$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	400	V
$I_F =$	30	A
$V_{GS} =$	10	V

OUTPUT BOOST

Figure 13

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

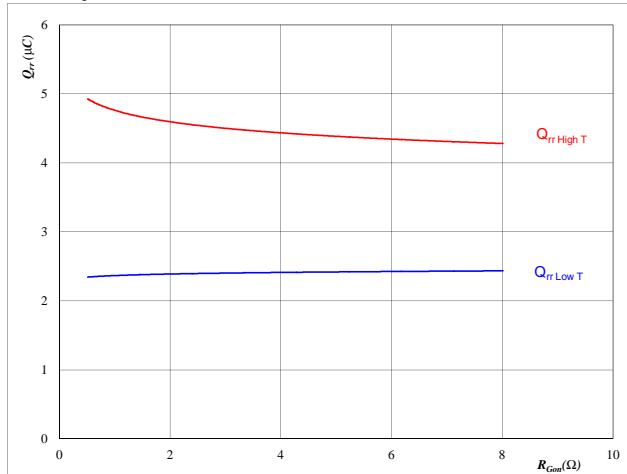

At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$

BOOST FWD
Figure 14

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

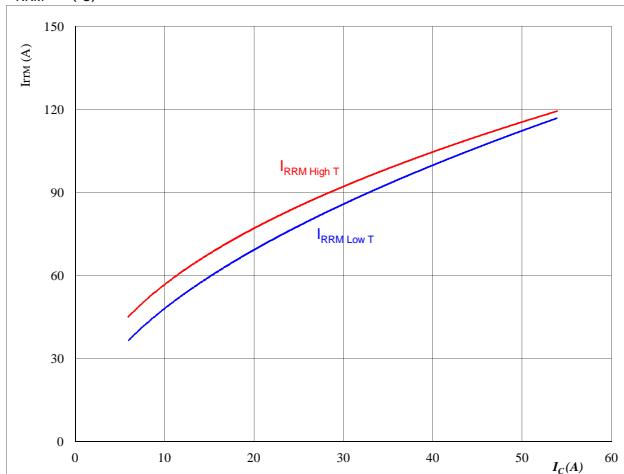

At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 30 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 15

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$

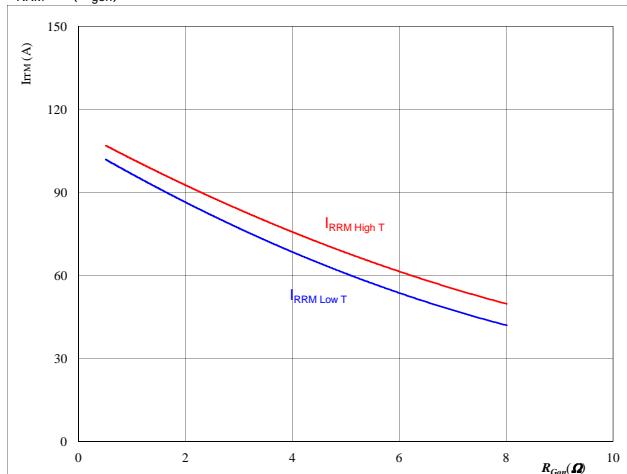

At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$

BOOST FWD
Figure 16

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$

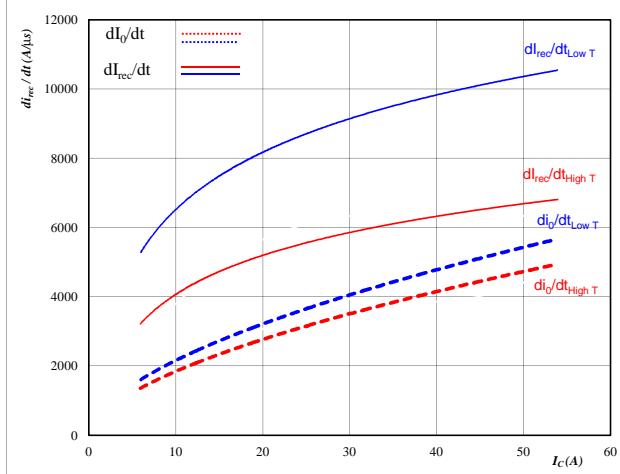

At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 30 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$

OUTPUT BOOST

Figure 17

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$

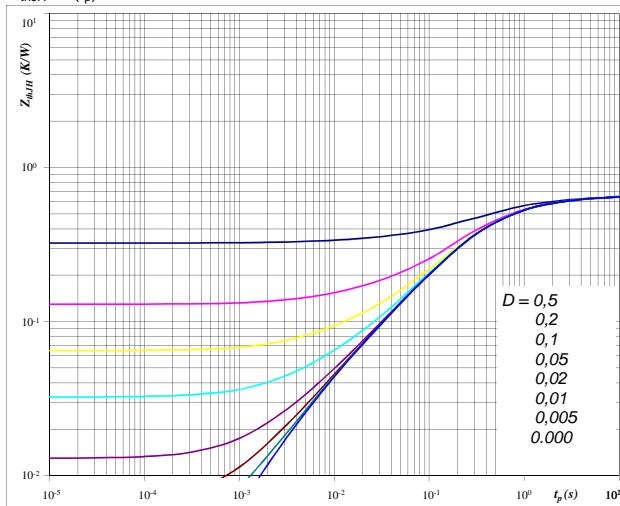

At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{Gon} = 2 \Omega$

Figure 19

MOSFET transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$


At

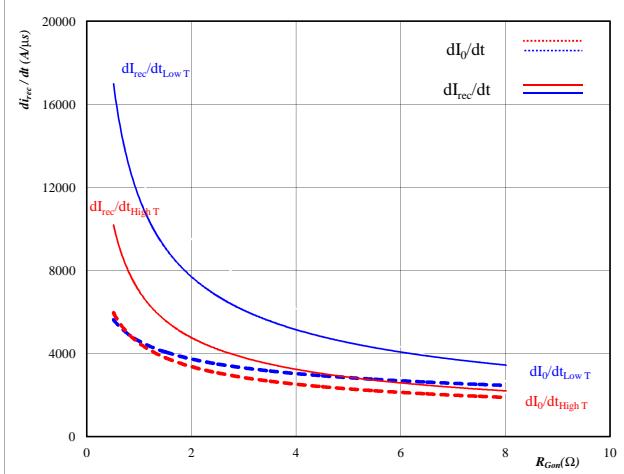
$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,65 \text{ K/W}$ $R_{thJH} = 0,55 \text{ K/W}$

MOSFET thermal model values

Thermal grease		Phase change interface	
R (C/W)	Tau (s)	R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,12	2,641	0,10	2,245
0,20	0,608	0,17	0,517
0,28	0,200	0,23	0,170
0,05	0,027	0,04	0,023
0,01	0,004	0,01	0,004
0,21	0,003	0,18	0,003

Figure 18

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{Gon})$

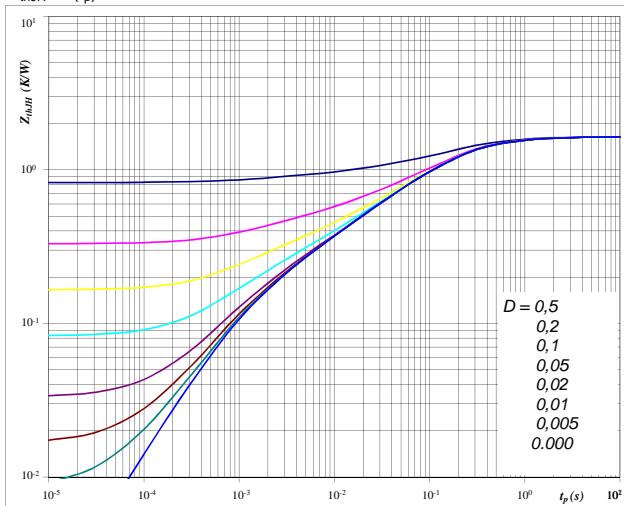

At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 30 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 20

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$


At

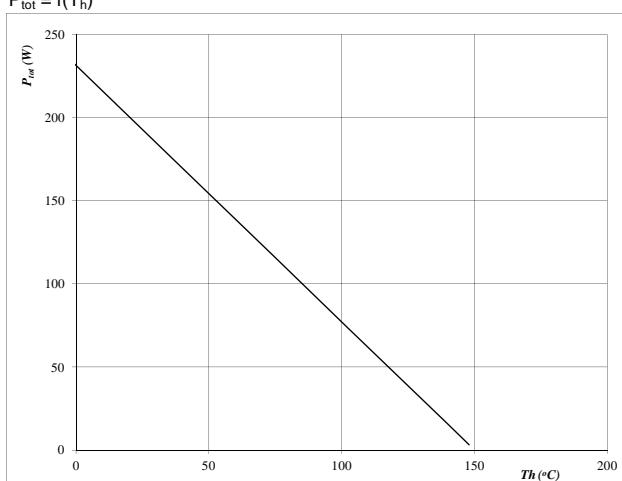
$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,65 \text{ K/W}$ $R_{thJH} = 1,40 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

Thermal grease		Phase change interface	
R (C/W)	Tau (s)	R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,05	4,87	0,04	4,142
0,28	0,58	0,24	0,495
0,79	0,14	0,67	0,118
0,25	0,03	0,21	0,028
0,17	0,01	0,15	0,006
0,12	0,00	0,10	0,001

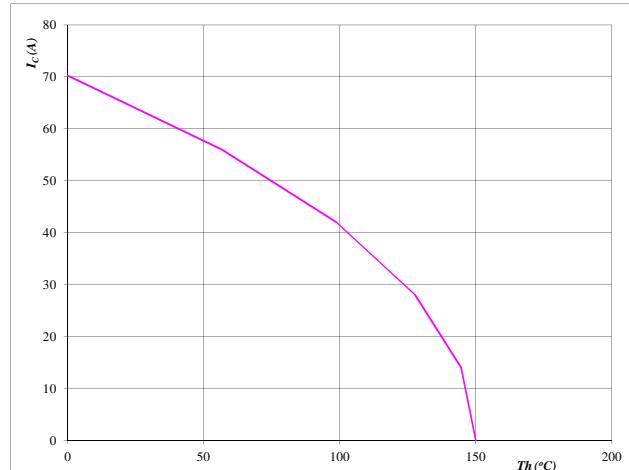
OUTPUT BOOST

Figure 21
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

 P_{tot} = f(T_h)


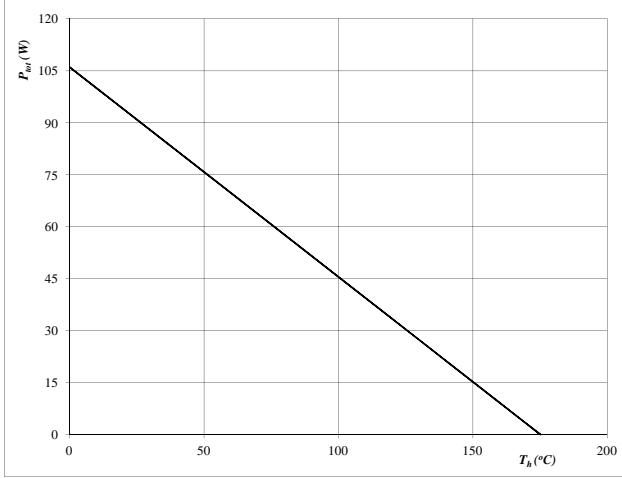
At
 T_j = 150 °C

Figure 22
Collector/Drain current as a function of heatsink temperature

 I_C = f(T_h)


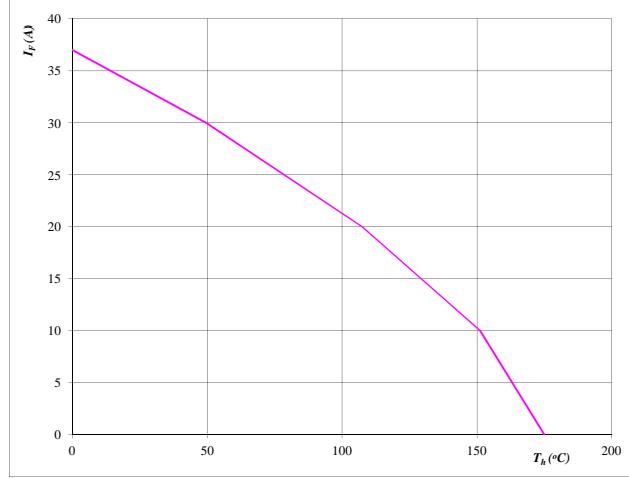
At
 T_j = 150 °C
 V_{GS} = 10 V

Figure 23
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

 P_{tot} = f(T_h)


At
 T_j = 175 °C

Figure 24
Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

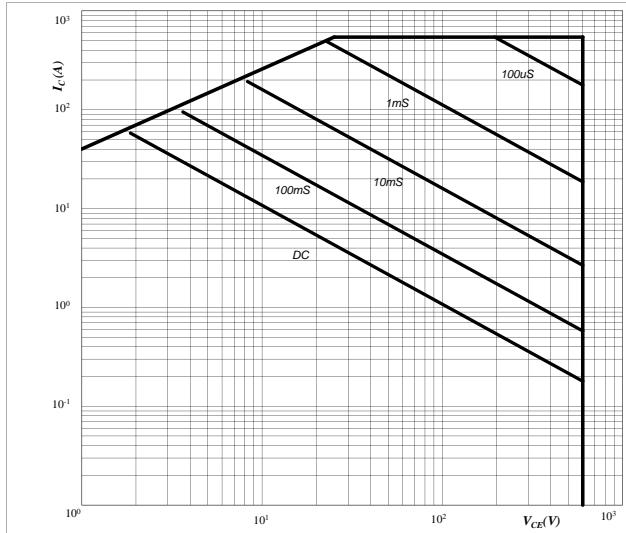
 I_F = f(T_h)


At
 T_j = 175 °C

OUTPUT BOOST

Figure 25
**Safe operating area as a function
 of collector-emitter voltage**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At

D = single pulse

Th = 80 °C

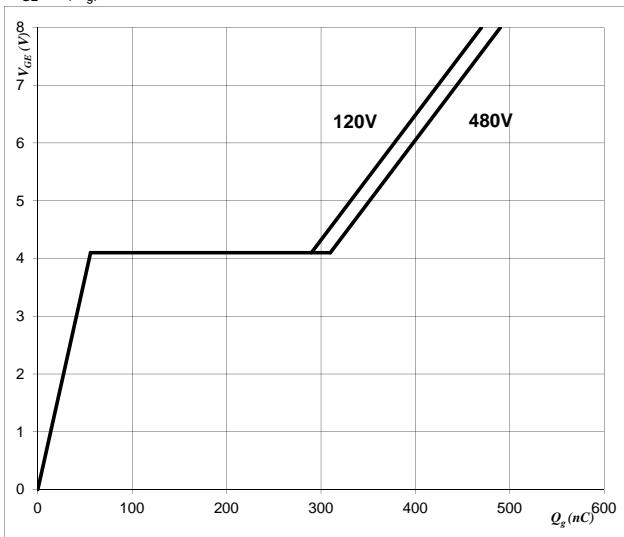
V_{GE} = 10 V

T_j = T_{jmax} °C

BOOST MOSFET

Figure 26
Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



At

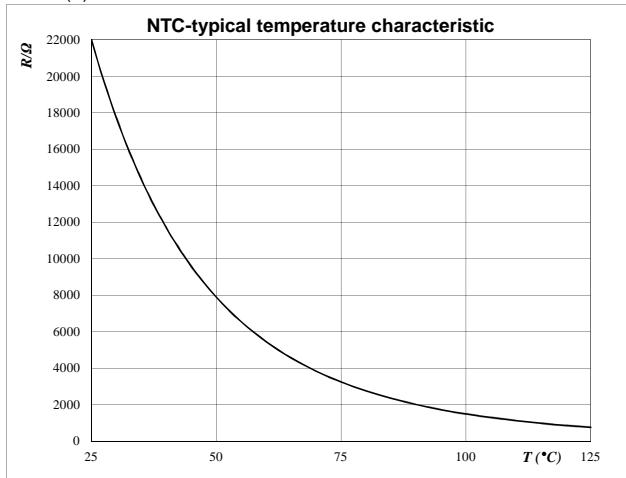
I_C = 89 A pulsed

Thermistor

Figure 1 Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature

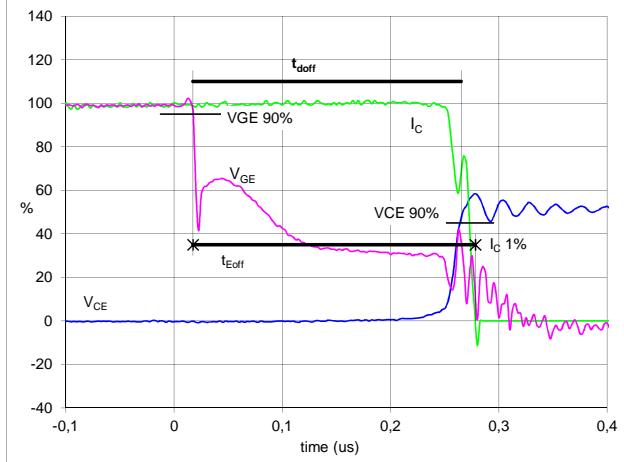
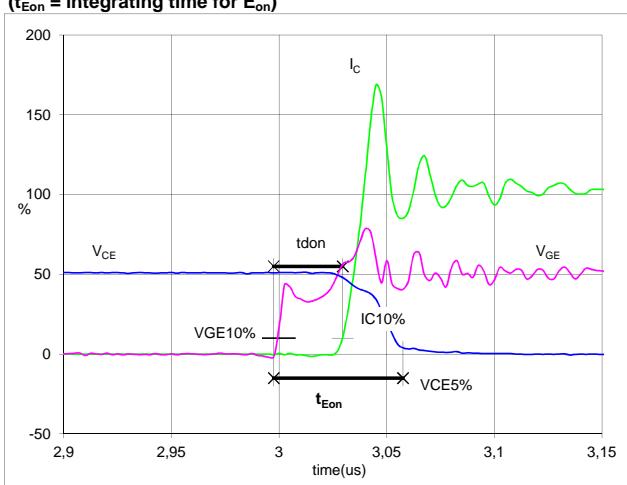
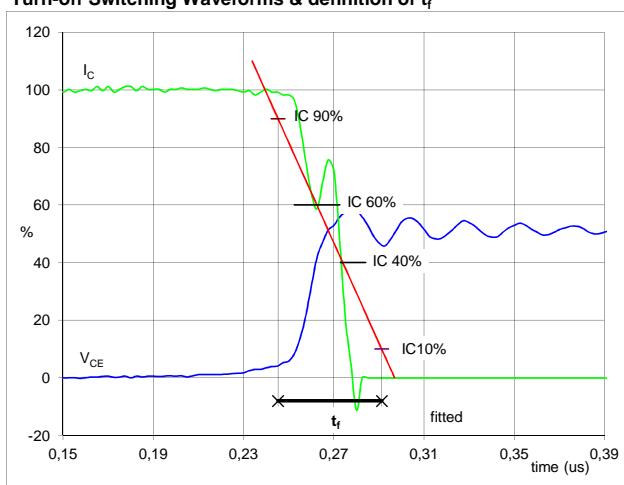
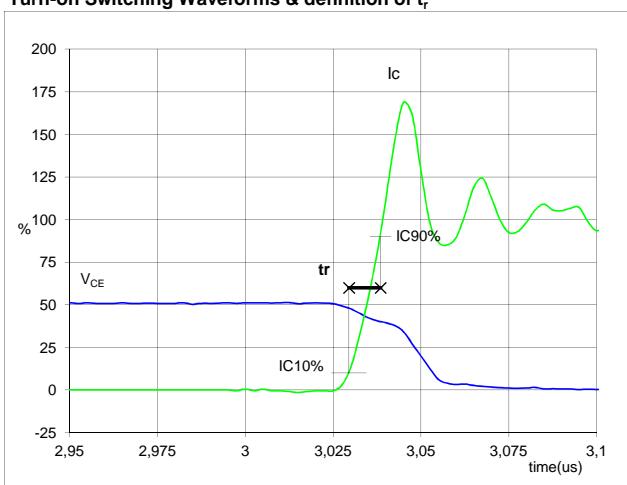
$$R_T = f(T)$$



Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET

General conditions

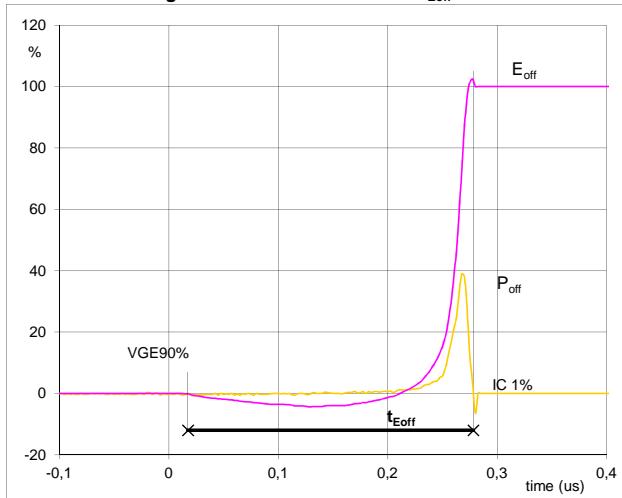
T_j	=	125 °C
R_{gon}	=	2 Ω
R_{goff}	=	2 Ω

Figure 1
BUCK MOSFET
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 $(t_{Eoff} = \text{integrating time for } E_{off})$

 $V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$
 $I_c(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_{doff} = 0,25 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,26 \mu\text{s}$
Figure 2
BUCK MOSFET
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 $(t_{Eon} = \text{integrating time for } E_{on})$

 $V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$
 $I_c(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_{don} = 0,03 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,06 \mu\text{s}$
Figure 3
BUCK MOSFET
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

 $V_C(100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$
 $I_c(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_f = 0,046 \mu\text{s}$
Figure 4
BUCK MOSFET
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r

 $V_C(100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$
 $I_c(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_r = 0,009 \mu\text{s}$

Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET

Figure 5

BUCK MOSFET

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}


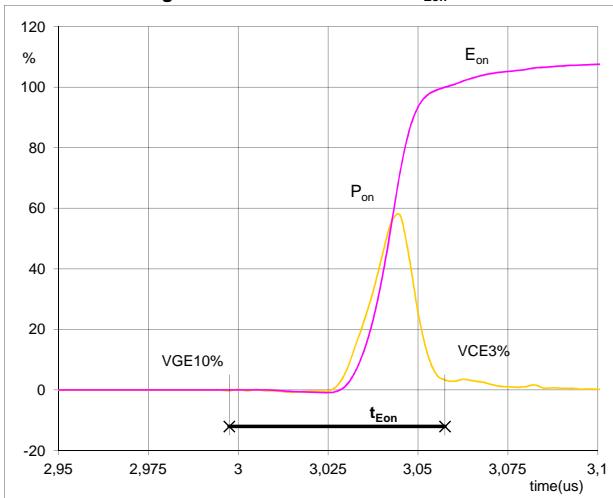
$P_{off} (100\%) = 24,06 \text{ kW}$

$E_{off} (100\%) = 0,16 \text{ mJ}$

$t_{Eoff} = 0,26 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 6

BUCK MOSFET

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}


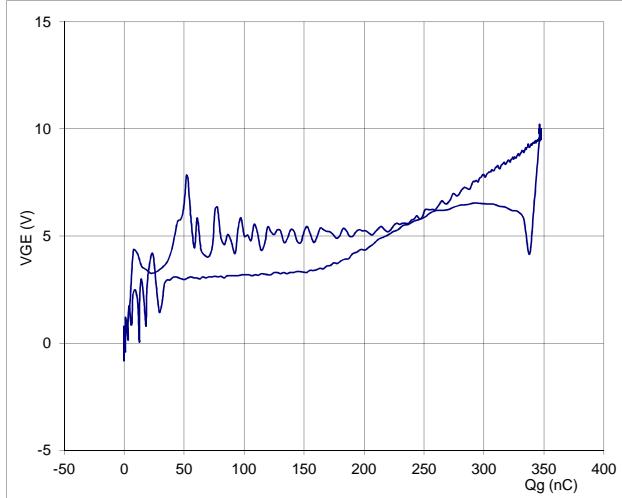
$P_{on} (100\%) = 24,06 \text{ kW}$

$E_{on} (100\%) = 0,21 \text{ mJ}$

$t_{Eon} = 0,06 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 7

BUCK MOSFET

Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)


$V_{GEoff} = 0 \text{ V}$

$V_{GEon} = 10 \text{ V}$

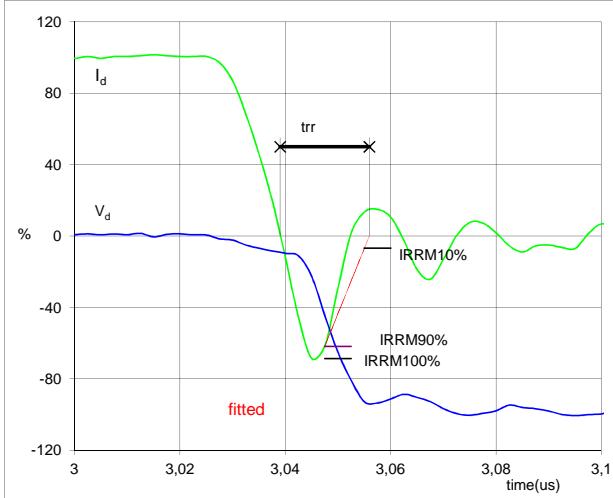
$V_C (100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$

$I_C (100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$

$Q_g = 347,26 \text{ nC}$

Figure 8

BUCK FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}


$V_d (100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$

$I_d (100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$

$I_{RRM} (100\%) = -21 \text{ A}$

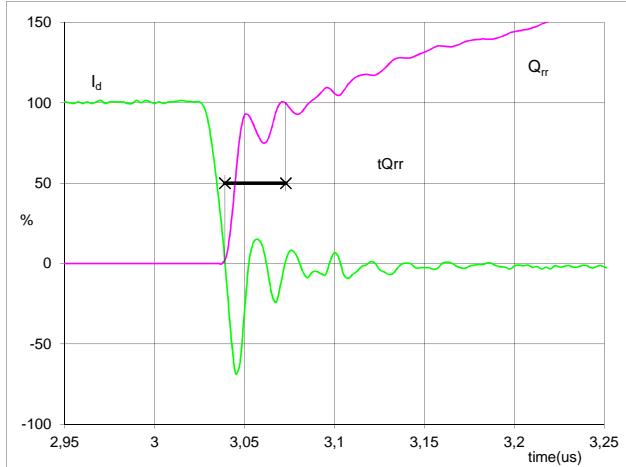
$t_{rr} = 0,013 \mu\text{s}$

Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET

Figure 9

BUCK FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 $(t_{Qrr} = \text{integrating time for } Q_{rr})$

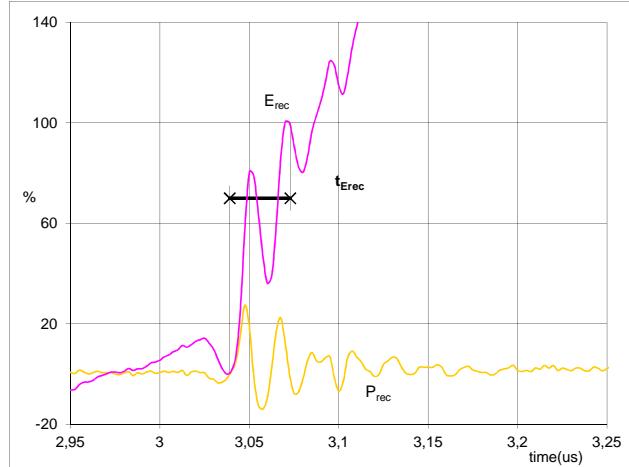


$$\begin{aligned} I_d(100\%) &= 30 \quad \text{A} \\ Q_{rr}(100\%) &= 0,22 \quad \mu\text{C} \\ t_{Qrr} &= 0,03 \quad \mu\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 10

BUCK FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 $(t_{Erec} = \text{integrating time for } E_{rec})$

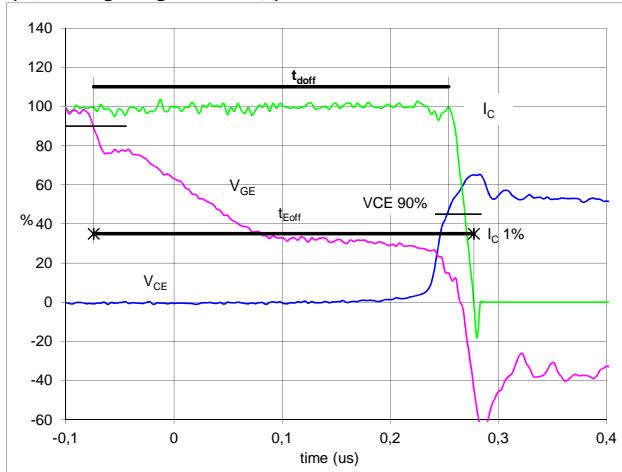


$$\begin{aligned} P_{rec}(100\%) &= 24,06 \quad \text{kW} \\ E_{rec}(100\%) &= 0,04 \quad \text{mJ} \\ t_{Erec} &= 0,03 \quad \mu\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

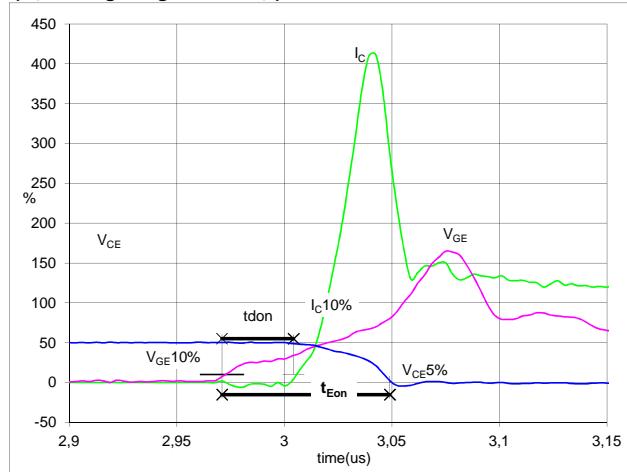
Switching Definitions BOOST MOSFET

General conditions

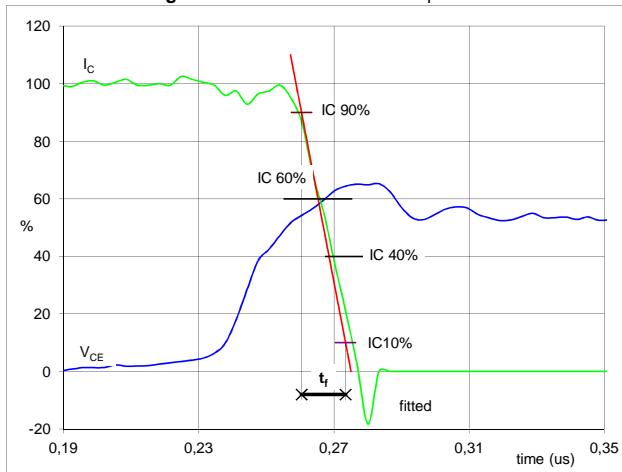
T_j	= 125 °C
R_{gon}	= 2 Ω
R_{goff}	= 2 Ω

Figure 1
BOOST MOSFET
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 $(t_{Eoff} = \text{integrating time for } E_{off})$


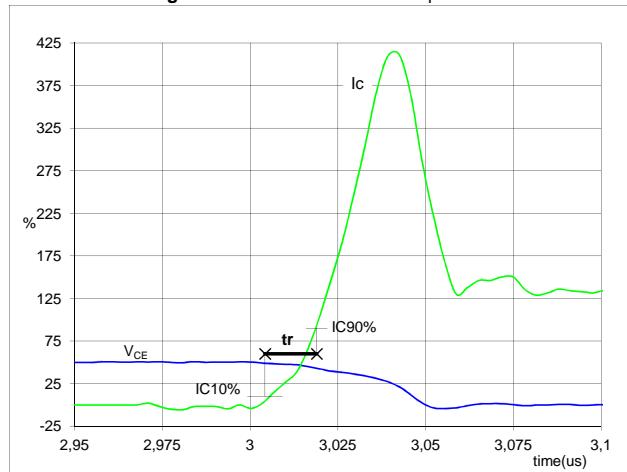
$V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_{doff} = 0,33 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,35 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 2
BOOST MOSFET
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 $(t_{Eon} = \text{integrating time for } E_{on})$


$V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_{don} = 0,05 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,08 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 3
BOOST MOSFET
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f


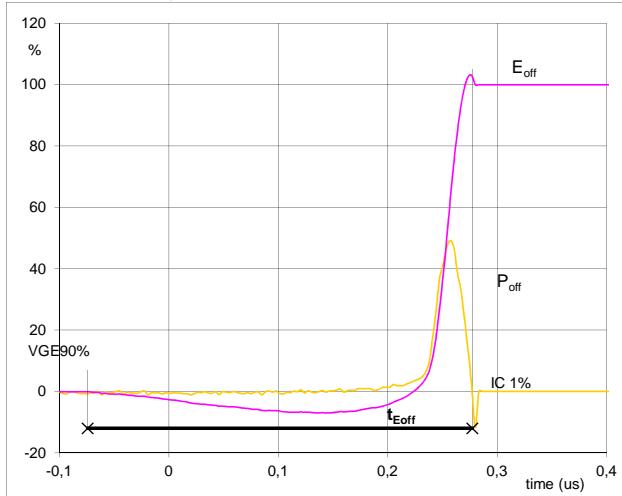
$V_C(100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_f = 0,02 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 4
BOOST MOSFET
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r


$V_C(100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_r = 0,02 \mu\text{s}$

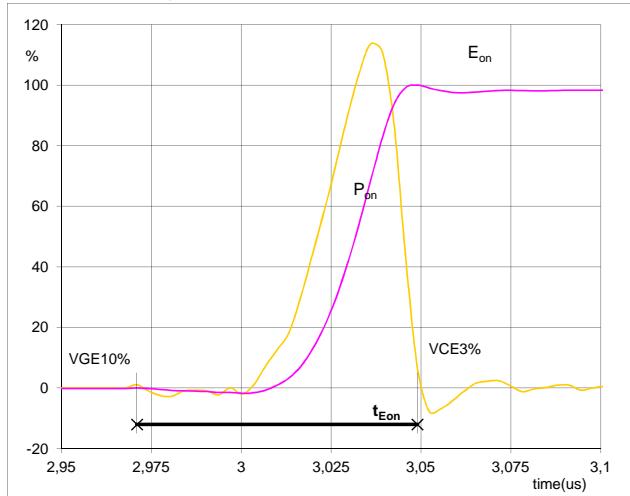
Switching Definitions BOOST MOSFET

Figure 5 BOOST MOSFET
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}



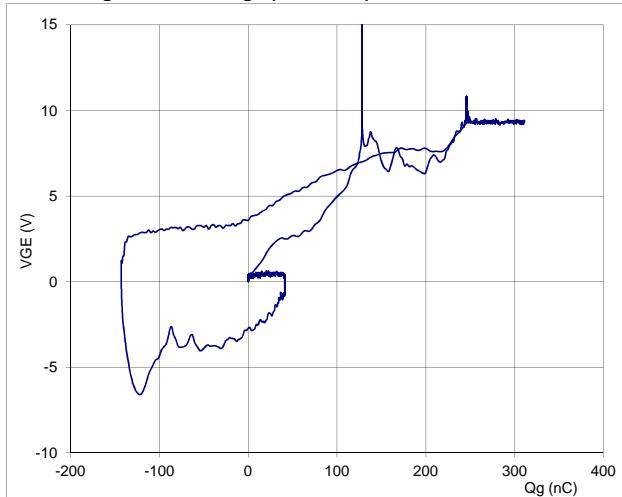
$P_{off} (100\%) = 23,95 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 0,33 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,35 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 6 BOOST MOSFET
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}



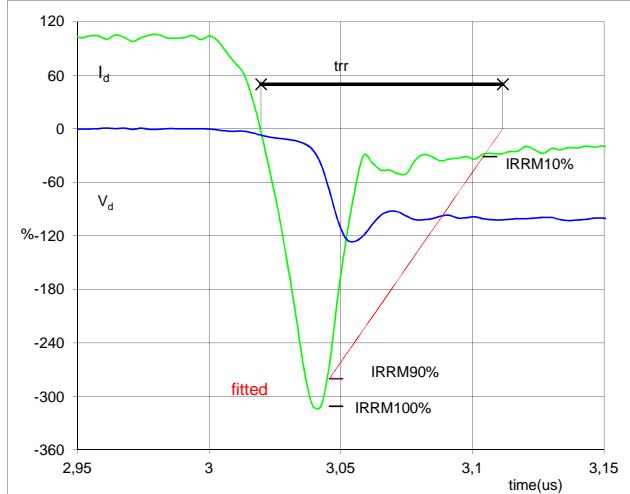
$P_{on} (100\%) = 23,95 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0,48 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,08 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 7 BOOST MOSFET
Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)



$V_{GEoff} = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GEon} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C (100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$
 $I_C (100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $Q_g = 373,03 \text{ nC}$

Figure 8 BOOST FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{trr}



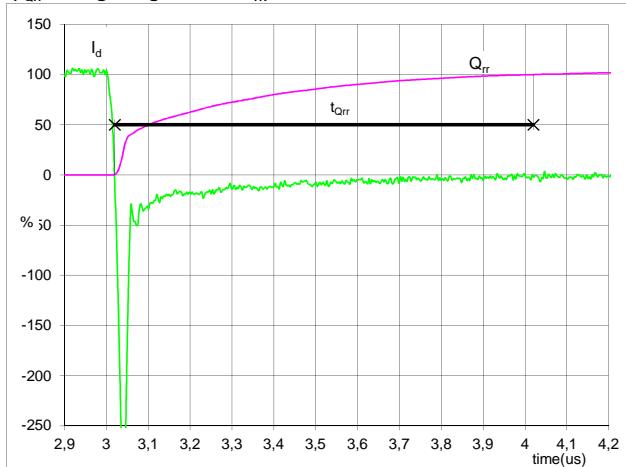
$V_d (100\%) = 800 \text{ V}$
 $I_d (100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -94 \text{ A}$
 $t_{trr} = 0,09 \mu\text{s}$

Switching Definitions BOOST MOSFET

Figure 9

BOOST FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 $(t_{Qrr} = \text{integrating time for } Q_{rr})$

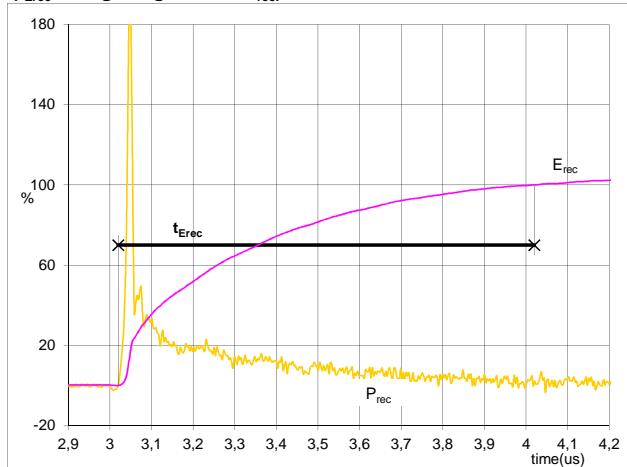


$I_d(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $Q_{rr}(100\%) = 4,73 \mu\text{C}$
 $t_{Qrr} = 1,00 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 10

BOOST FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 $(t_{Erec} = \text{integrating time for } E_{rec})$



$P_{rec}(100\%) = 23,95 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{rec}(100\%) = 1,58 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Erec} = 1,00 \mu\text{s}$

Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

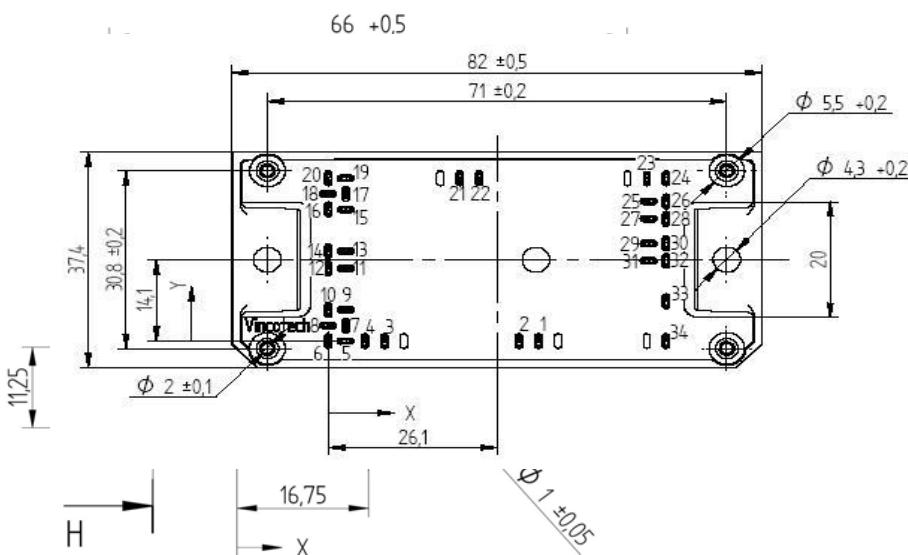
Ordering Code & Marking

Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
without thermal paste 12mm housing	10-PY06NRA021FS-M410FY	M410FY	M410FY

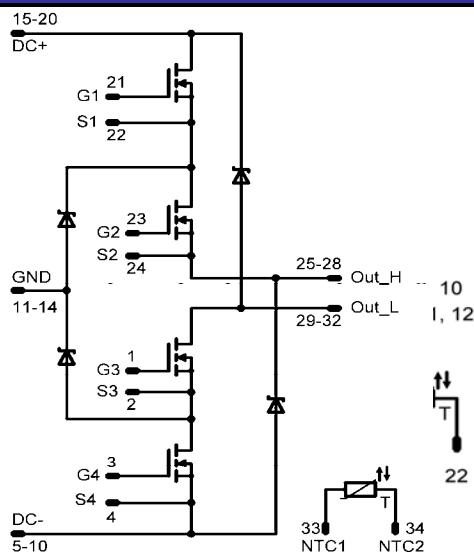
Outline

Hole Table		
Hole	X	Y
1	32,5	0
2	29,5	0
3	8,7	0
4	5,7	0
5	27	0
6	0	0
7	27	27
8	0	27
9	27	54
10	0	54
11	27	12,5
12	0	12,5
13	27	15,5
14	0	15,5
15	27	22,8
16	0	22,8
17	27	25,5
18	0	25,5
19	27	28,2
20	0	28,2
21	20,3	28,2
22	33,3	28,2
23	49,5	28,2
24	52,2	28,2
25	49,5	24,2
26	52,2	24,2
27	49,5	21,2
28	52,2	21,2

Hole Table		
Hole	X	Y
29	49,5	16,9
30	52,2	16,9
31	49,5	13,9
32	52,2	13,9
33	52,2	6,9
34	52,2	0



Pinout



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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.