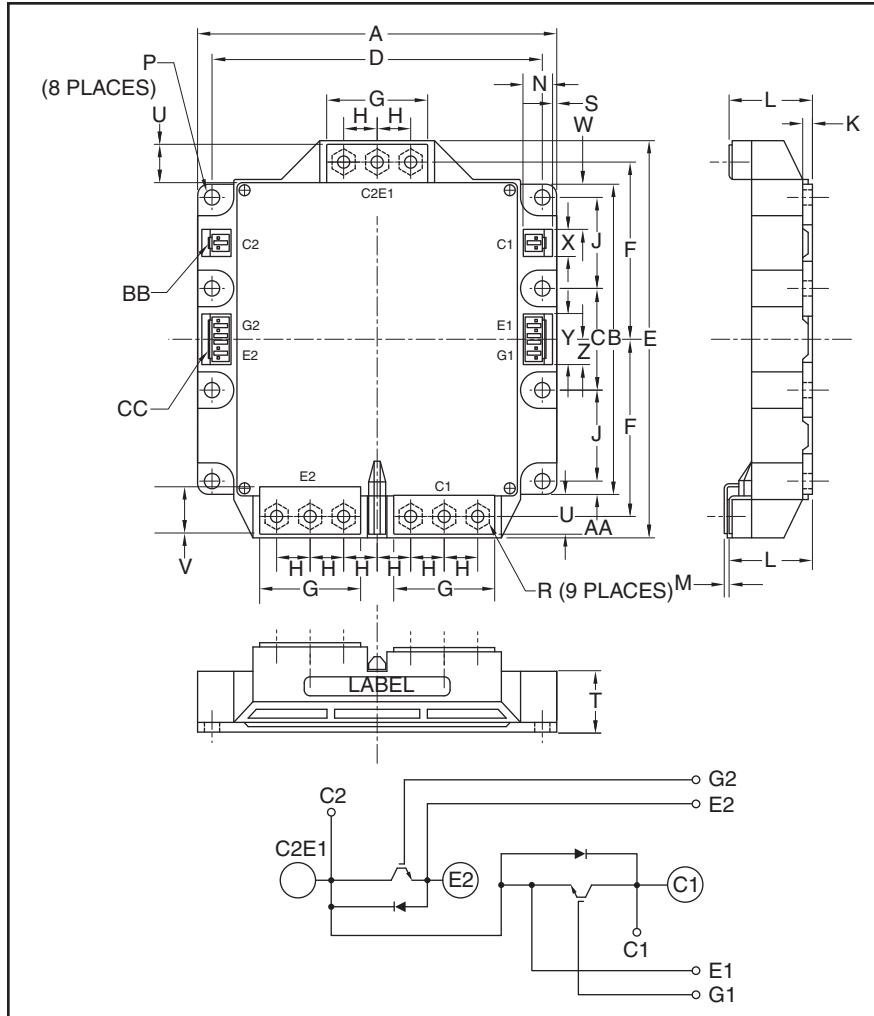


### Mega Power Dual IGBTMOD™ 1000 Amperes/1700 Volts



Outline Drawing and Circuit Diagram

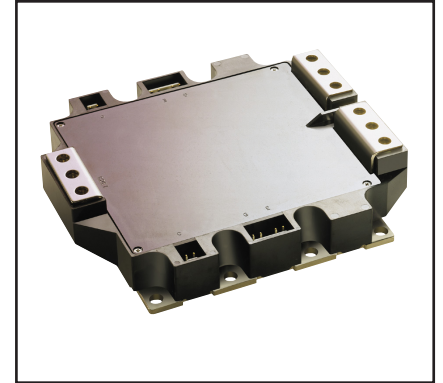
| Dimensions | Inches           | Millimeters    |
|------------|------------------|----------------|
| A          | 5.91             | 150.0          |
| B          | 5.10             | 129.5          |
| C          | 1.67±0.01        | 42.5±0.25      |
| D          | 5.41±0.01        | 137.5±0.25     |
| E          | 6.54             | 166.0          |
| F          | 2.91±0.01        | 74.0±0.25      |
| G          | 1.65             | 42.0           |
| H          | 0.55             | 14.0           |
| J          | 1.50±0.01        | 38.0±0.25      |
| K          | 0.16             | 4.0            |
| L          | 1.36 +0.04/-0.02 | 34.6 +1.0/-0.5 |

#### Housing Type (J.S.T. MFG. CO. LTD)

BB = VHR-2N

CC = VHR-5N

| Dimensions | Inches      | Millimeters |
|------------|-------------|-------------|
| M          | 0.075±0.008 | 1.9±0.2     |
| N          | 0.47        | 12.0        |
| P          | 0.26        | 6.5         |
| R          | M6 Metric   | M6          |
| S          | 0.08        | 2.0         |
| T          | 0.99        | 25.1        |
| U          | 0.62        | 15.7        |
| V          | 0.71        | 18.0        |
| W          | 0.75        | 19.0        |
| X          | 0.43        | 11.0        |
| Y          | 0.83        | 21.0        |
| Z          | 0.41        | 10.5        |
| AA         | 0.22        | 5.5         |



#### Description:

Powerex Mega Power Dual (MPD) Modules are designed for use in switching applications. Each module consists of two IGBT Transistors having a reverse-connected super-fast recovery free-wheel diode. All components and interconnects are isolated from the heat sinking baseplate, offering simplified system assembly and thermal management.

#### Features:

- ☐ Low Drive Power
- ☐ Low  $V_{CE(sat)}$
- ☐ Discrete Super-Fast Recovery Free-Wheel Diode
- ☐ Isolated Baseplate for Easy Heatsinking
- ☐ RoHS Compliant

#### Applications:

- ☐ High Power DC Power Supply
- ☐ Large DC Motor Drives
- ☐ Utility Interface Inverters

#### Ordering Information:

Example: Select the complete module number you desire from the table - i.e. CM1000DUC-24NF is a 1700V ( $V_{CES}$ ), 1000 Ampere Dual IGBTMOD Power Module.

| Type | Current Rating<br>Amperes | $V_{CES}$<br>Volts (x 50) |
|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| CM   | 1000                      | 34                        |

**CM1000DUC-34NF**  
**Mega Power Dual IGBTMOD™**  
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**Absolute Maximum Ratings,  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified**

| Ratings                                                                  | Symbol                  | CM1000DUC-34NF | Units            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Junction Temperature                                                     | $T_j$                   | -40 to 150     | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature                                                      | $T_{stg}$ <sup>*7</sup> | -40 to 125     | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Collector-Emitter Voltage (G-E SHORT)                                    | $V_{CES}$               | 1700           | Volts            |
| Gate-Emitter Voltage (C-E SHORT)                                         | $V_{GES}$               | $\pm 20$       | Volts            |
| Collector Current DC ( $T_C = 104^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>*2</sup>         | $I_C$                   | 1000           | Amperes          |
| Peak Collector Current (Pulse, Repetitive) <sup>*3</sup>                 | $I_{CRM}$               | 2000           | Amperes          |
| Total Power Dissipation ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>*2,*4</sup>    | $P_{tot}$               | 8925           | Watts            |
| Emitter Current, FWDi ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>*2,*4</sup>      | $I_E$ <sup>*1</sup>     | 1000           | Amperes          |
| Peak Emitter Current, FWDi (Pulse, Repetitive) <sup>*3</sup>             | $I_{ERM}$ <sup>*1</sup> | 2000           | Amperes          |
| Main terminals Mounting Torque, M6 Screw                                 | —                       | 40             | in-lb (max.)     |
| Mounting to Heatsink Mounting Torque, M6 Screw                           | —                       | 40             | in-lb (max.)     |
| Weight (Typical)                                                         | —                       | 1450           | Grams            |
| Flatness to Baseplate (On Centerline X, Y1, Y2) <sup>*8</sup>            | $e_c$                   | -50 to 100     | $\mu\text{m}$    |
| Isolation Voltage (Main Terminal to Baseplate, RMS, f = 60Hz, AC 1 min.) | $V_{iso}$               | 3500           | Volts            |

\*1 Represent ratings and characteristics of the anti-parallel, emitter-to-collector free wheeling diode (FWDi).

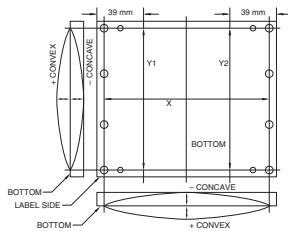
\*2 Case temperature ( $T_C$ ) and heatsink temperature ( $T_S$ ) measured point is just under the chips.

\*3 Pulse width and repetition rate should be such that device junction temperature ( $T_j$ ) does not exceed  $T_{j(max)}$  rating.

\*4 Junction temperature ( $T_j$ ) should not increase beyond maximum junction temperature ( $T_{j(max)}$ ) rating.

\*7 The operation temperature is restrained by the permission temperature of female connector housing.

\*8 Baseplate flatness measurement point is as in the following figure.





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### Electrical Characteristics, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

| Characteristics                                                          | Symbol              | Test Conditions                                                   | Min. | Typ.  | Max. | Units         |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------|------|---------------|
| Collector-Cutoff Current                                                 | $I_{CES}$           | $V_{CE} = V_{CES}, V_{GE} = 0V$                                   | –    | –     | 1    | mA            |
| Gate Leakage Current                                                     | $I_{GES}$           | $V_{GE} = V_{GES}, V_{CE} = 0V$                                   | –    | –     | 5    | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| Gate-Emitter Threshold Voltage                                           | $V_{GE(th)}$        | $I_C = 100\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10V$                                | 6    | 7     | 8    | Volts         |
| Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Chip)<br>(Without Lead Resistance) | $V_{CE(sat)}$       | $I_C = 1000A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}^{*5}$          | –    | 2.2   | 2.85 | Volts         |
|                                                                          |                     | $I_C = 1000A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}^{*5}$         | –    | 2.45  | –    | Volts         |
| Input Capacitance                                                        | $C_{ies}$           |                                                                   | –    | –     | 220  | nF            |
| Output Capacitance                                                       | $C_{oes}$           | $V_{CE} = 10V, V_{GE} = 0V$                                       | –    | –     | 25   | nF            |
| Reverse Transfer Capacitance                                             | $C_{res}$           |                                                                   | –    | –     | 4.7  | nF            |
| Total Gate Charge                                                        | $Q_G$               | $V_{CC} = 1000V, I_C = 1000A, V_{GE} = 15V$                       | –    | 6000  | –    | nC            |
| Inductive                                                                | Turn-on Delay Time  | $V_{CC} = 1000V, I_C = 1000A,$<br>$V_{GE1} = V_{GE2} = 15V,$      | –    | –     | 600  | ns            |
| Load                                                                     | Rise Time           |                                                                   | –    | –     | 200  | ns            |
| Switch                                                                   | Turn-off Delay Time | $R_G = 0.47\Omega$ , Inductive Load<br>Switching Operation        | –    | –     | 1000 | ns            |
| Times                                                                    | Fall Time           |                                                                   | –    | –     | 300  | ns            |
| Emitter-Collector Voltage (Chip)<br>(Without Lead resistance)            | $V_{EC}^{*1}$       | $I_E = 1000A, V_{GE} = 0V^{*5}$                                   | –    | 2.3   | 3    | Volts         |
| Reverse Recovery Time                                                    | $t_{rr}^{*1}$       | $V_{CC} = 1000V, I_E = 1000A, V_{GE} = \pm 15V,$                  | –    | –     | 500  | ns            |
| Reverse Recovery Charge                                                  | $Q_{rr}^{*1}$       | $R_G = 0.47\Omega$ , Inductive Load                               | –    | 90    | –    | $\mu\text{C}$ |
| Turn-on Switching Energy Per Pulse                                       | $E_{on}$            | $V_{CC} = 1000V, I_C = I_E = 1000A,$                              | –    | 272.4 | –    | mJ            |
| Turn-off Switching Energy Per Pulse                                      | $E_{off}$           | $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 0.47\Omega,$                                 | –    | 250.2 | –    | mJ            |
| Reverse Recovery Energy Per Pulse                                        | $E_{rr}^{*1}$       | $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ , Inductive Load                        | –    | 172.4 | –    | mJ            |
| Internal Lead Resistance                                                 | $R_{(lead)}$        | Main Terminals-Chip, Per Switch,<br>$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}^{*2}$ | –    | 0.286 | –    | m $\Omega$    |
| Internal Gate Resistance                                                 | $r_g$               | Per Switch                                                        | –    | 0.67  | –    | $\Omega$      |

### Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

| Characteristics                                               | Symbol         | Test Conditions                                        | Min. | Typ.  | Max.  | Units              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case <sup>*2</sup>            | $R_{th(j-c)Q}$ | Per IGBT                                               | –    | –     | 0.014 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case <sup>*2</sup>            | $R_{th(j-c)D}$ | Per Clamp Diode                                        | –    | –     | 0.023 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| Contact Thermal Resistance,<br>Case to Heatsink <sup>*2</sup> | $R_{th(c-f)}$  | Per 1/2 Module<br>Thermal Grease Applied <sup>*6</sup> | –    | 0.012 | –     | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |

### Recommended Operating Conditions, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

| Characteristics               | Symbol         | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units    |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------|------|------|----------|
| DC Supply Voltage             | $R_{th(j-c)Q}$ | $V_{CC}$        | –    | 1000 | 1100 | Volts    |
| Gate (-Emitter Drive) Voltage |                | $V_{GE(on)}$    | 13.5 | 15.0 | 16.5 | Volts    |
| External Gate Resistance      |                | $R_G$           | 0.47 | –    | 4.7  | $\Omega$ |

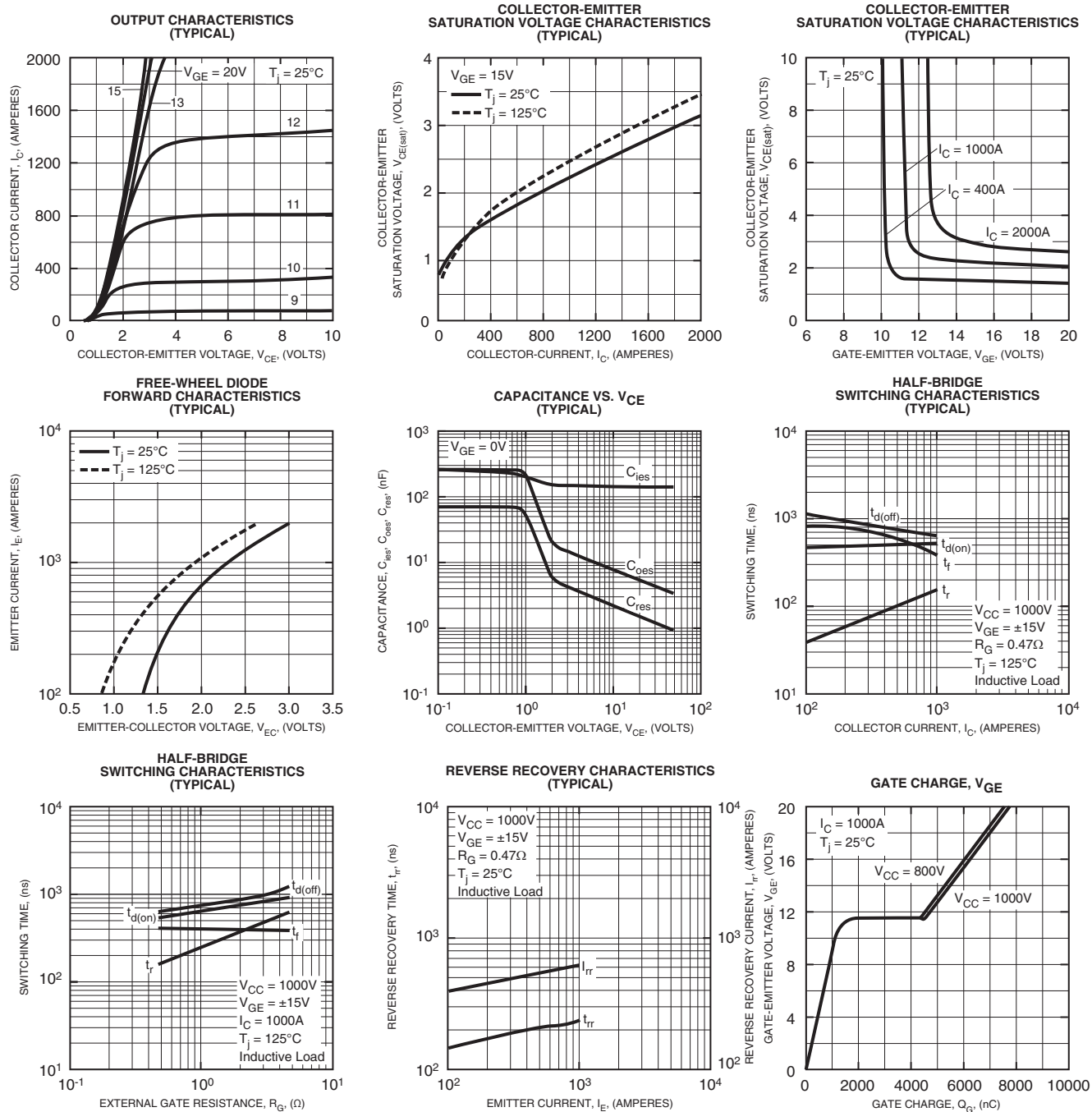
\*1 Represent ratings and characteristics of the anti-parallel, emitter-to-collector free wheeling diode (FWDI).

\*2 Case temperature ( $T_C$ ) and heatsink temperature ( $T_s$ ) measured point is just under the chips.

\*5 Pulse width and repetition rate should be such as to cause negligible temperature rise.

\*6 Typical value is measured by using thermally conductive grease of  $\lambda = 0.9 \text{ W/(m}\cdot\text{K)}$ .

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