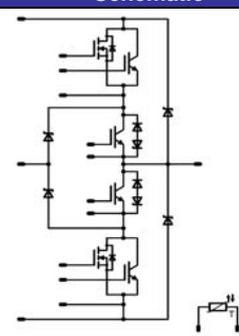
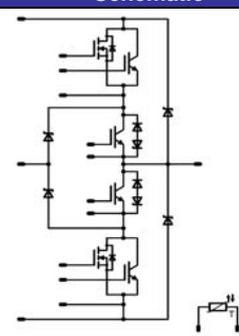
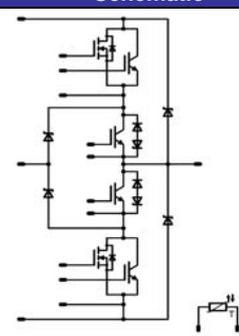


<b>flowNPC 0</b>	<b>600V/50A &amp; 45A PS*</b>				
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr style="background-color: #000080; color: white;"> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Features</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*PS: 45A parallel switch (40A PT and 99mΩ)</li> <li>neutral point clamped inverter</li> <li>reactive power capability</li> <li>low inductance layout</li> </ul> </td> </tr> </table>	Features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*PS: 45A parallel switch (40A PT and 99mΩ)</li> <li>neutral point clamped inverter</li> <li>reactive power capability</li> <li>low inductance layout</li> </ul>	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr style="background-color: #000080; color: white;"> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">flow0 12mm housing</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 10px;">  </td> </tr> </table>	flow0 12mm housing	
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<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr style="background-color: #000080; color: white;"> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Target Applications</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>solar inverter</li> <li>UPS</li> </ul> </td> </tr> </table>	Target Applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>solar inverter</li> <li>UPS</li> </ul>	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr style="background-color: #000080; color: white;"> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Schematic</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 10px;">  </td> </tr> </table>	Schematic	
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<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr style="background-color: #000080; color: white;"> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Types</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FZ06NPA045FP01</li> </ul> </td> </tr> </table>	Types	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FZ06NPA045FP01</li> </ul>			
Types					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FZ06NPA045FP01</li> </ul>					

### Maximum Ratings

T<sub>j</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Buck IGBT</b>				
Collector-emitter break down voltage	V <sub>CE</sub>		600	V
DC collector current	I <sub>C</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> =T <sub>jmax</sub> T <sub>n</sub> =80°C T <sub>c</sub> =80°C	31 41	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I <sub>Cpulse</sub>	t <sub>p</sub> limited by T <sub>jmax</sub>	225	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P <sub>tot</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> =T <sub>jmax</sub> T <sub>n</sub> =80°C T <sub>c</sub> =80°C	54 82	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V <sub>GE</sub>		±20	V
Short circuit ratings	t <sub>SC</sub> V <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> ≤150°C V <sub>GE</sub> =15V	3 390	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T <sub>jmax</sub>		150	°C
<b>Buck Diode</b>				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V <sub>RRM</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> =25°C	600	V
DC forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> =T <sub>jmax</sub> T <sub>n</sub> =80°C T <sub>c</sub> =80°C	21 29	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I <sub>FRM</sub>	t <sub>p</sub> limited by T <sub>jmax</sub> T <sub>c</sub> =100°C	120	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P <sub>tot</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> =T <sub>jmax</sub> T <sub>n</sub> =80°C T <sub>c</sub> =80°C	41 62	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T <sub>jmax</sub>		150	°C

## Maximum Ratings

 $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Buck MOSFET</b>				
Drain to source breakdown voltage	$V_{DS}$		600	V
DC drain current	$I_D$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	16 21	A
Pulsed drain current	$I_{Dpulse}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$ $T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	93	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	54 97	W
Gate-source peak voltage	$V_{gs}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Boost IGBT

Collector-emitter break down voltage	$V_{CE}$		600	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	50 50	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{Cpuls}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	225	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	$P_{tot}$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	85 129	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	$V_{GE}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$ $V_{CC}$	$T_j \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	6 360	$\mu\text{s}$ V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Boost Inverse Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$	$T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	600	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	2	A
Power dissipation per Diode	$P_{tot}$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	21	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Boost Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	1200	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	15 21	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	36	A
Power dissipation per Diode	$P_{tot}$	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	30 46	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
-----------	--------	-----------	-------	------

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{\text{stg}}$		-40...+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{\text{op}}$		-40...+( $T_{\text{jmax}}$ - 25)	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	$V_{\text{is}}$	$t=2\text{s}$	DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance				min 12,7	mm
Clearance				min 12,7	mm

**Characteristic Values**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] or $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_r$ [V] or $V_{CE}$ [V] or $V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_c$ [A] or $I_F$ [A] or $I_b$ [A]	$T_j$	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Buck IGBT *</b>										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	VCE=VGE			0.00025	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	4.5	5.5	7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		45	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		2.21	3	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode	$I_{CES}$		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			250	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			300	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	$R_{gint}$							none		$\Omega$
Input capacitance **	$C_{ies}$							2,2+4,7		nF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	f=1MHz	0	25		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		150		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$							80		
Gate charge **	$Q_{Gate}$		15	300	20	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		142+70		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{thJH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						1.30		K/W
* see dynamic characteristic at <b>Buck MosFET</b>										
**additional value stands for built-in capacitor										
<b>Buck Diode</b>										
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$				30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		3.18	3.3	V
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{RRM}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		75		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		12.3		ns
Reverse recovered charge	$Q_{rr}$	Rgon=8 $\Omega$	$\pm 15$	350	30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0.43		$\mu\text{C}$
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)_{max}/dt$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		22562		A/ $\mu\text{s}$
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0.11		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{thJH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						1.72		K/W
<b>Buck MOSFET</b>										
Static drain to source ON resistance	$R_{ds(on)}$		15		15	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		109	219	m $\Omega$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$			$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$	0.003	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	2.1	3	3.9	V
Gate to Source Leakage Current	$I_{gss}$		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			200	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{dss}$		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
Turn On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		104		ns
Rise Time	$t_r$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		8		
Turn off delay time	$t_{d(OFF)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		250		
Fall time	$t_f$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		18		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	$E_{on}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0.08		
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	$E_{off}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0.06		mWs
Total gate charge	$Q_g$							60	80	nC
Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$		$\pm 15$	350	30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		14		
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$							20		
Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	f=1MHz	0	100		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		2800		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$							130		
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{thJH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						1.29		K/W

\*\* see schematic of the Gate-complex at characteristic figures

**Characteristic Values**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] or $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_r$ [V] or $V_{CE}$ [V] or $V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_c$ [A] or $I_F$ [A] or $I_b$ [A]	$T_j$	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Boost IGBT</b>										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0.0012	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	5	5.8	6.5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		45	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	1	1.28 1.31	1.9	V
Collector-emitter cut-off incl diode	$I_{CES}$		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			0.03	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			650	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	$R_{gint}$							none		$\Omega$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon}=8\ \Omega$ $R_{goff}=8\ \Omega$	$\pm 15$	350	30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		40		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		37		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		10		
Fall time	$t_f$					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		13		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	$E_{on}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		454		
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	$E_{off}$	$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	502							
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	f=1MHz	0	25		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		64		mWs
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$							0.72		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$							0.96		
Gate charge	$Q_{Gate}$		15	480	75	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		470		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th,JH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1\ \text{W/mK}$						1.11		K/W
<b>Boost Inverse Diode</b>										
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$				20	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		9.07 9.43		V
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th,JH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1\ \text{W/mK}$						4.36		K/W
<b>Boost Diode</b>										
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$				18	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	1.5	2.61 2.16	3.5	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$			1200		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			100	$\mu\text{A}$
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$R_{gon}=8\ \Omega$	$\pm 15$	350	30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		92		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		112		
Reverse recovered charge	$Q_{rr}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		37.1		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)/dt$					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		51.9		
Reverse recovery energy	$E_{rec}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		2.8		
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th,JH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1\ \text{W/mK}$						0.54 1.39		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th,JH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1\ \text{W/mK}$						2.32		K/W
<b>Thermistor</b>										
Rated resistance*	$R_{25}$	Tol. $\pm 13\%$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	19.1	22	24.9	k $\Omega$
	$R_{100}$	Tol. $\pm 5\%$				$T_j=100^\circ\text{C}$	1411	1486	1560	$\Omega$
Power dissipation	P					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		210		mW
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		4000		K

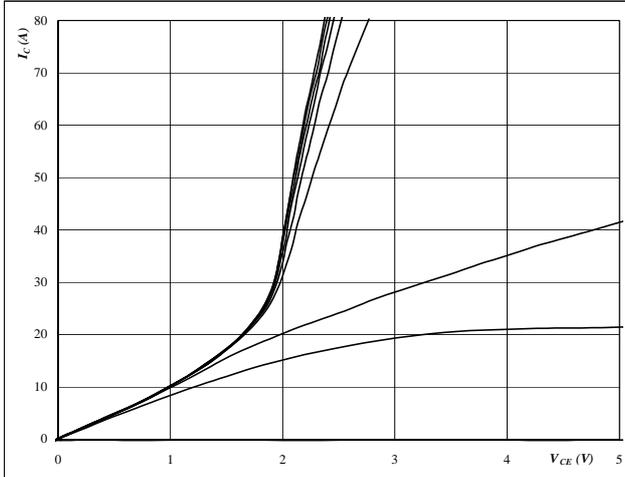
\* see details on Thermistor charts on Figure 2.

## Buck

**Figure 1** MOSFET

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

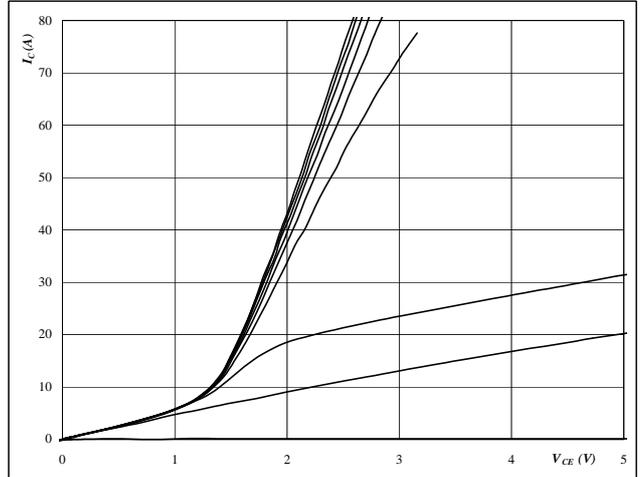


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 3 V to 19 V in steps of 2 V

**Figure 2** MOSFET

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

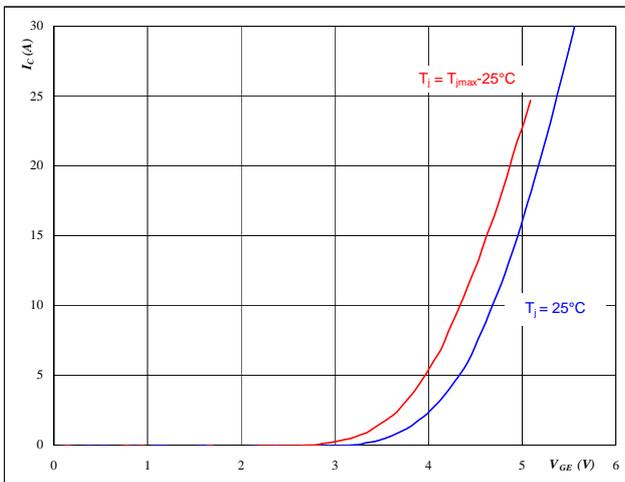


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 3 V to 19 V in steps of 2 V

**Figure 3** MOSFET

**Typical transfer characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

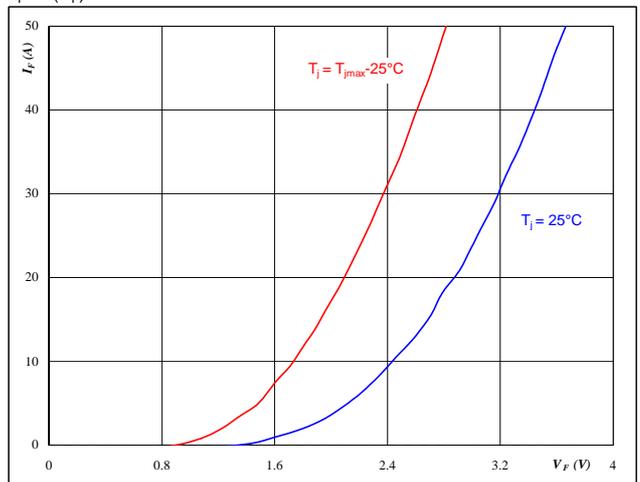


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

**Figure 4** FRED

**Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

$I_F = f(V_F)$

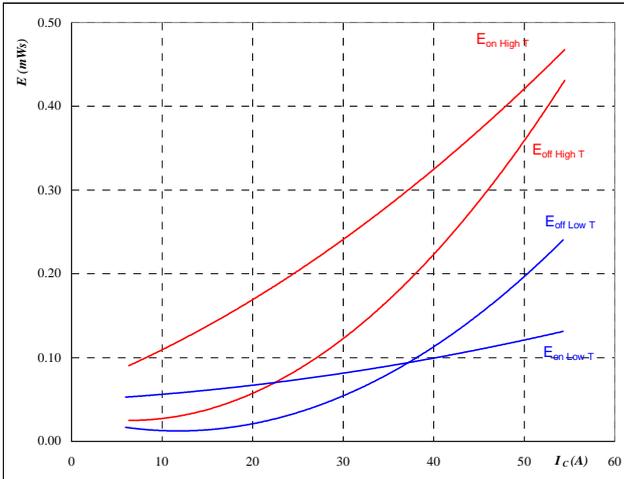


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

## Buck

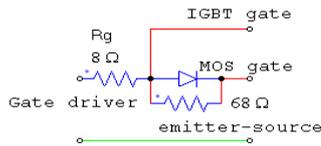
**Figure 5** MOSFET

**Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**  
 $E = f(I_C)$



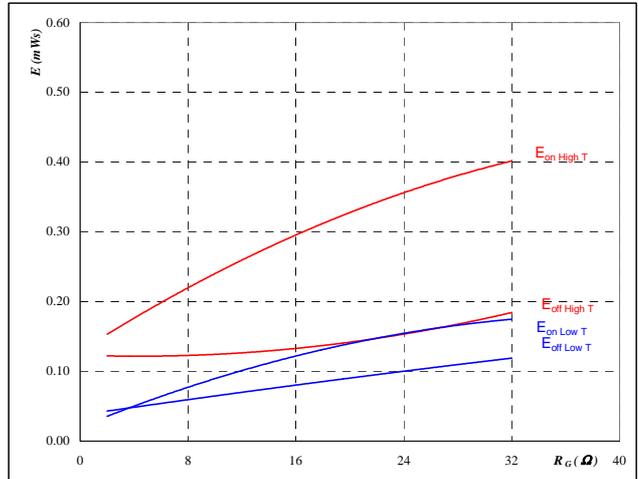
With an inductive load at

$T_J = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 8$  Ω



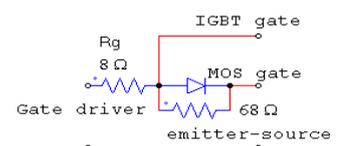
**Figure 6** MOSFET

**Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**  
 $E = f(R_G)$



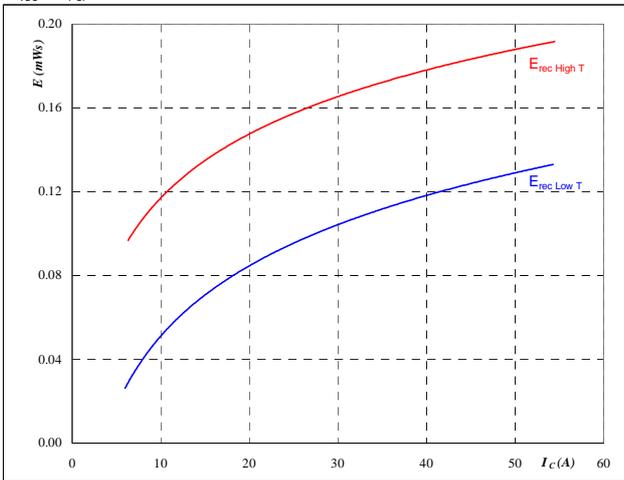
With an inductive load at

$T_J = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 30$  A



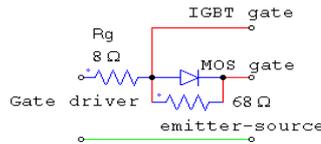
**Figure 7** FRED

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of collector current**  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



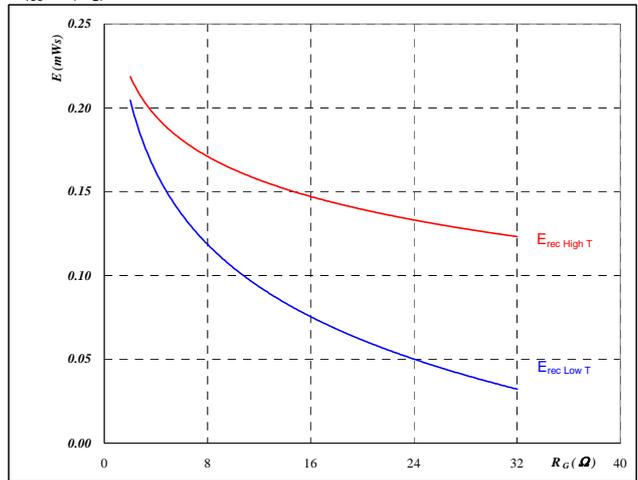
With an inductive load at

$T_J = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω



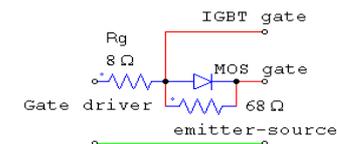
**Figure 8** FRED

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of gate resistor**  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

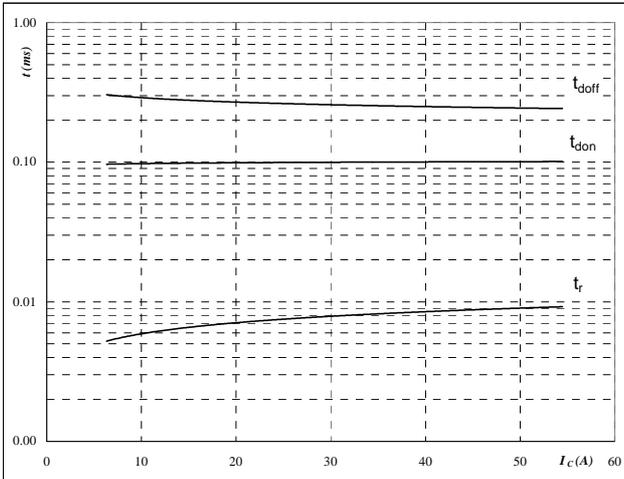
$T_J = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 30$  A



## Buck

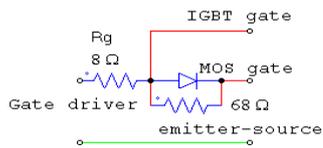
**Figure 9** MOSFET

Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_C)$



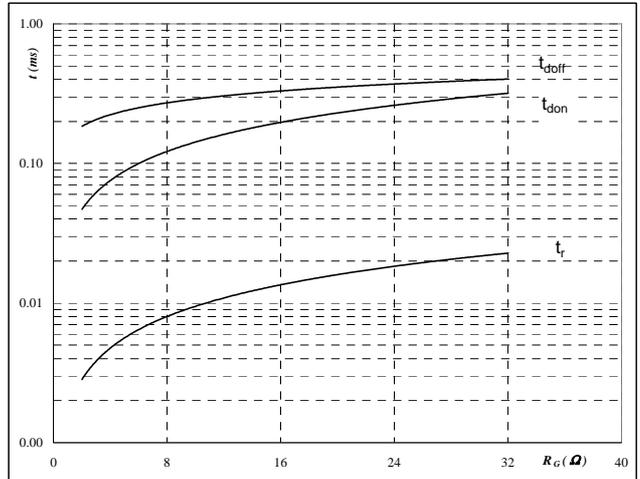
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 8$  Ω



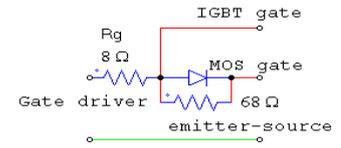
**Figure 10** MOSFET

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_G)$



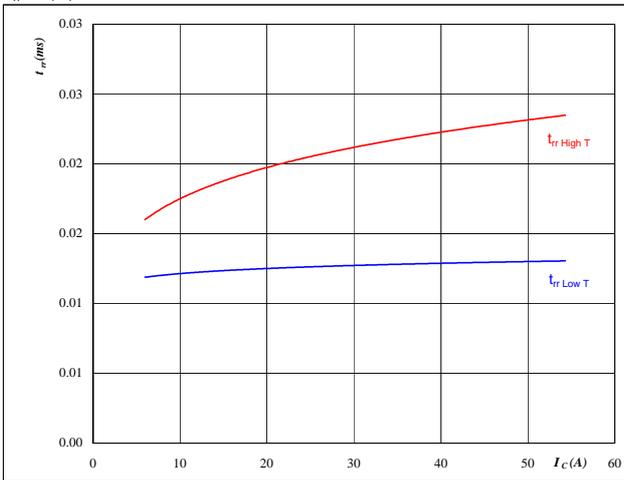
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 30$  A



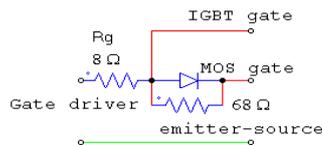
**Figure 11** FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



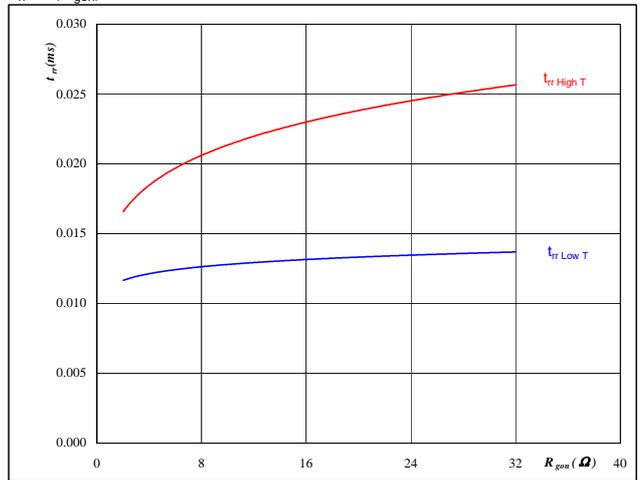
At

$T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω



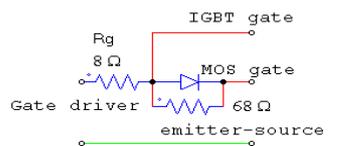
**Figure 12** FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



At

$T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_R = 350$  V  
 $I_F = 30$  A  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V

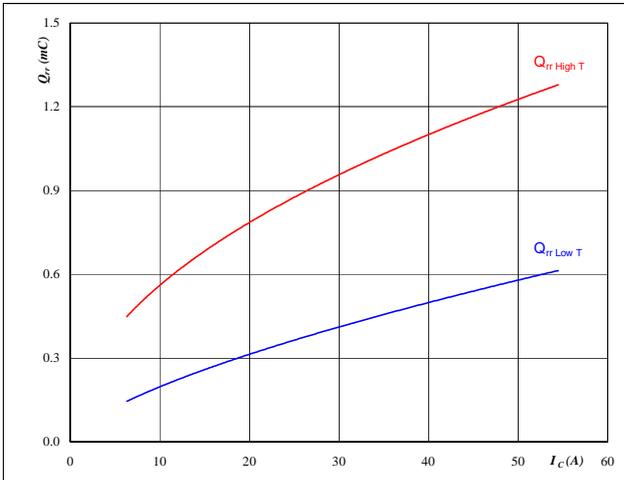


## Buck

**Figure 13** FRED

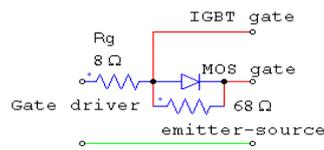
**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current**

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_c)$$



**At**

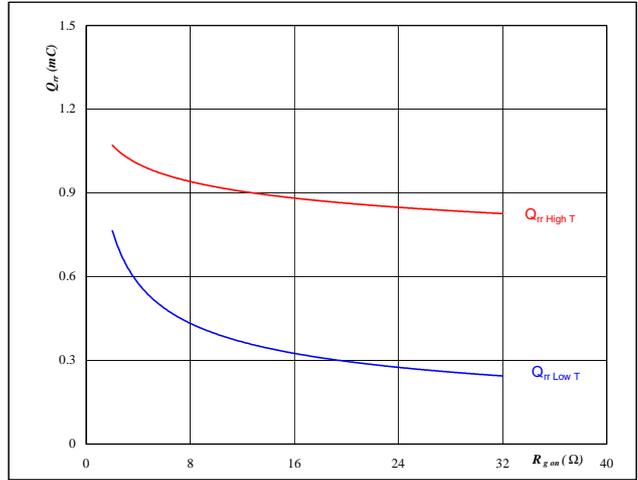
$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω



**Figure 14** FRED

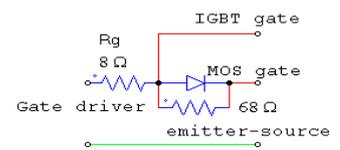
**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



**At**

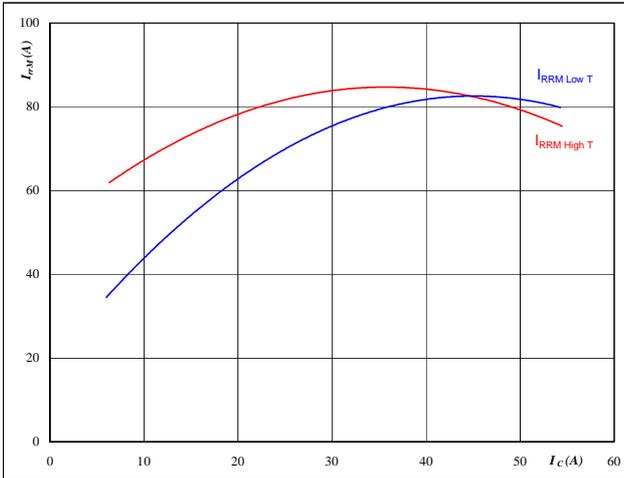
$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	30	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V



**Figure 15** FRED

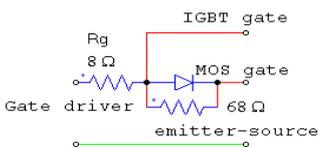
**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_c)$$



**At**

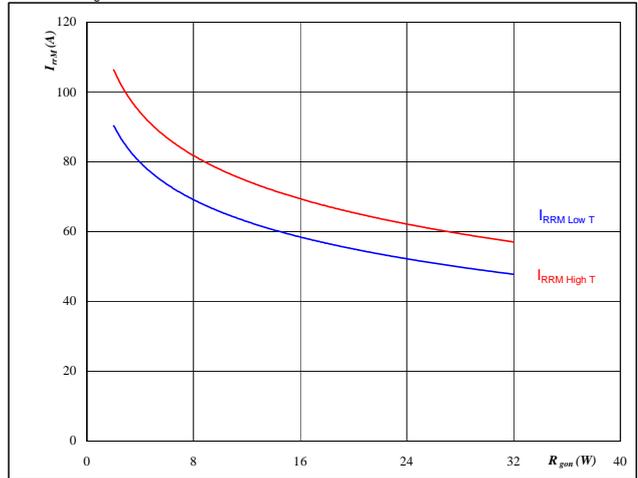
$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω



**Figure 16** FRED

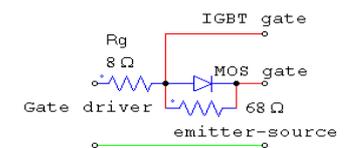
**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



**At**

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	30	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V

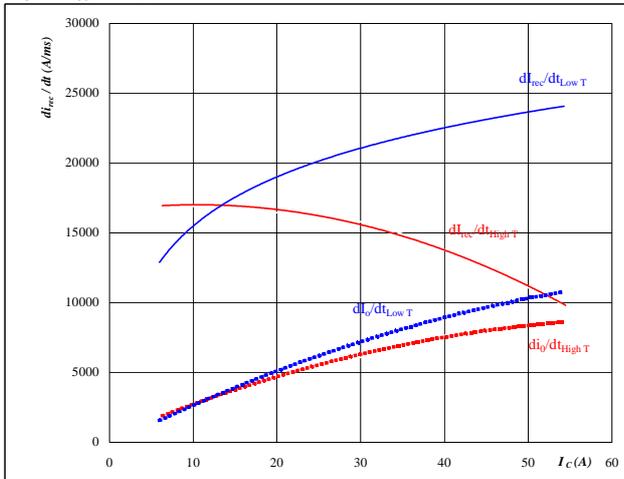


## Buck

**Figure 17** FRED

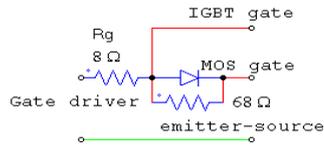
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$



**At**

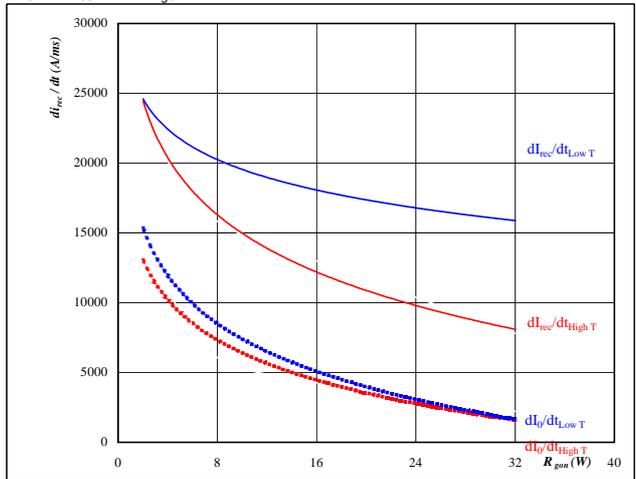
$T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω



**Figure 18** FRED

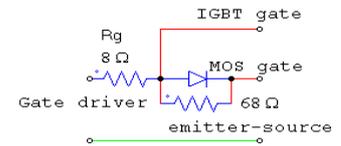
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$



**At**

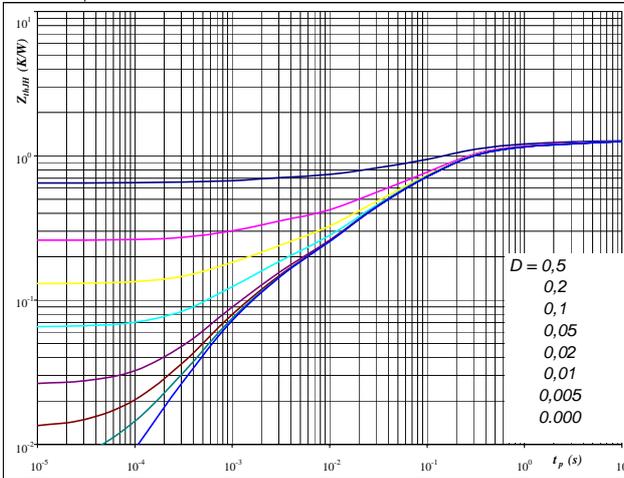
$T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_R = 350$  V  
 $I_F = 30$  A  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V



**Figure 19** IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



**At**

$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 1.30$  K/W

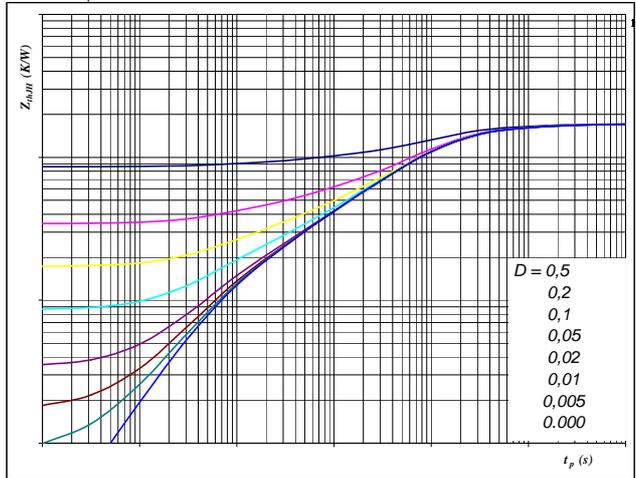
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0.11	9.8E+00
0.22	6.3E-01
0.63	1.2E-01
0.24	1.8E-02
0.10	1.3E-03

**Figure 20** FRED

FRED transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



**At**

$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 1.72$  K/W

FRED thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0.04	7.9E+00
0.21	8.8E-01
0.82	1.3E-01
0.39	3.0E-02
0.17	4.1E-03
0.09	6.3E-04

## Buck

**Figure 21** IGBT

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

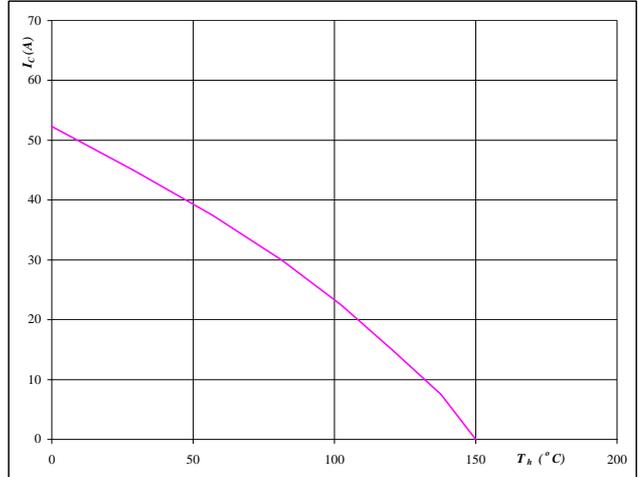


**At**  
 $T_j = 150$  °C

**Figure 22** IGBT

**Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$

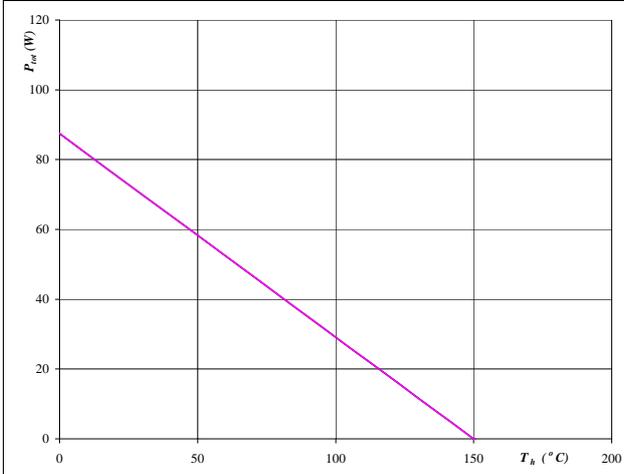


**At**  
 $T_j = 150$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V

**Figure 23** FRED

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

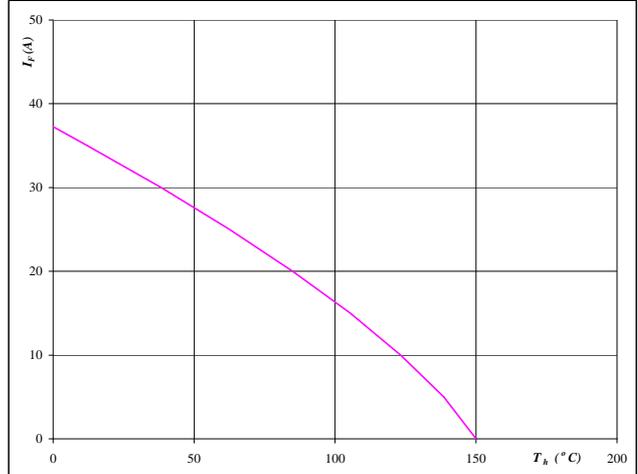


**At**  
 $T_j = 150$  °C

**Figure 24** FRED

**Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

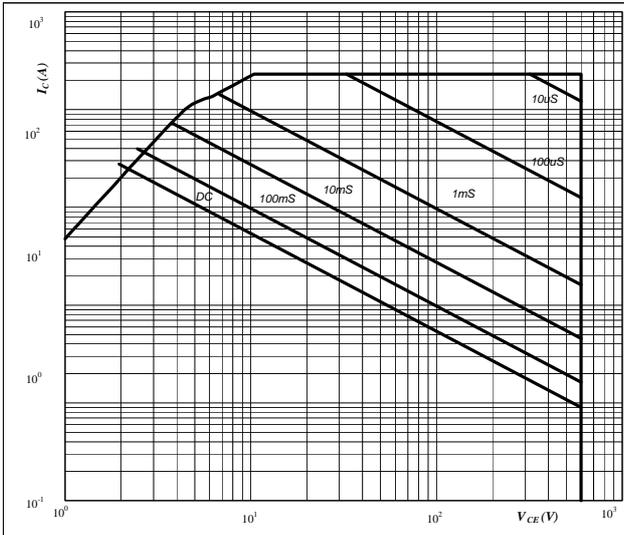


**At**  
 $T_j = 150$  °C

## Buck

**Figure 25** IGBT

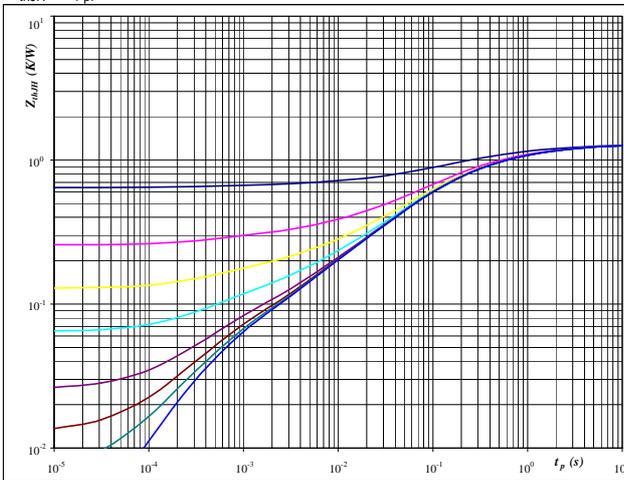
**Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



**At**  
D = single pulse  
Th = 80 °C  
V<sub>GE</sub> = ±15 V  
T<sub>J</sub> = T<sub>jmax</sub> °C

**Figure 27** MOSFET

**MOSFET transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**  
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



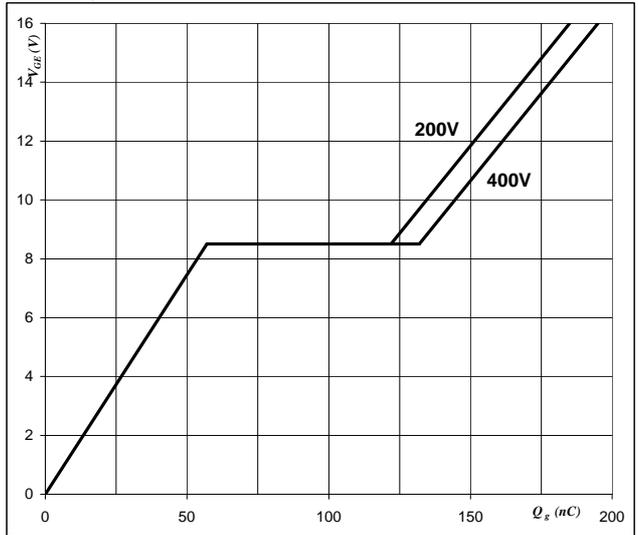
**At**  
D = t<sub>p</sub> / T  
R<sub>thJH</sub> = 1.29 K/W

MOSFET thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0.09	9.2E+00
0.27	1.3E+00
0.53	2.1E-01
0.27	4.0E-02
0.08	4.8E-03
0.05	4.7E-04

**Figure 26** IGBT

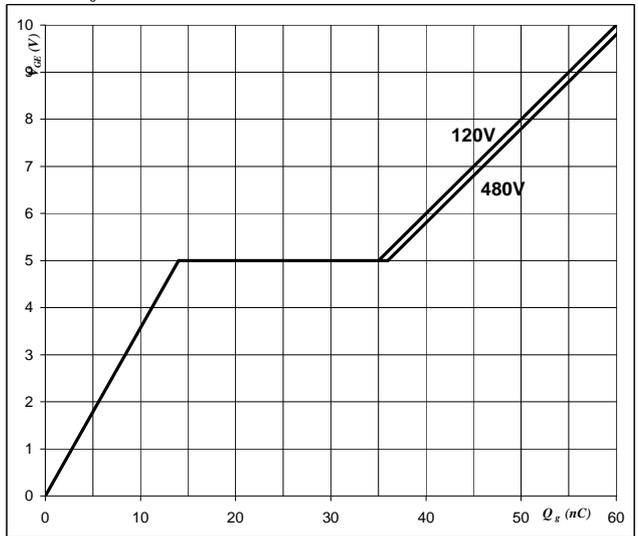
**Gate voltage vs Gate charge**  
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



**At**  
I<sub>G(REF)</sub> = 1mA, R<sub>L</sub> = 15Ω

**Figure 28** MOSFET

**Gate voltage vs Gate charge**  
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



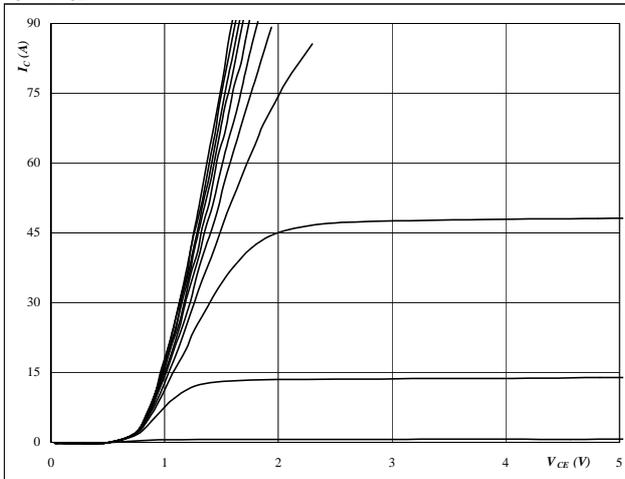
**At**  
I<sub>C</sub> = 18 A

## Boost

**Figure 1** IGBT

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

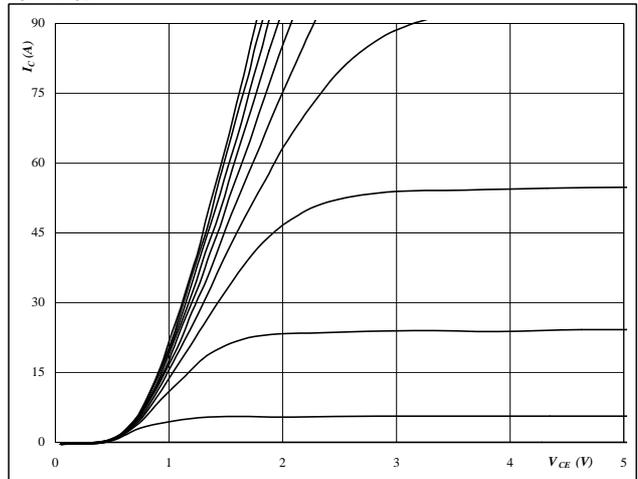


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**Figure 2** IGBT

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

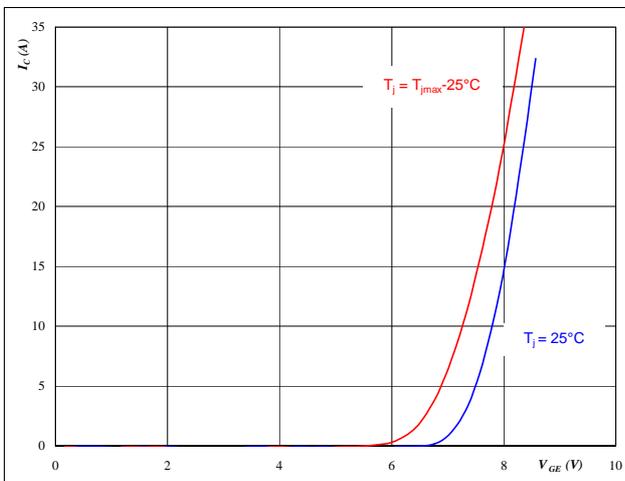


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 6 V to 16 V in steps of 1 V

**Figure 3** IGBT

**Typical transfer characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

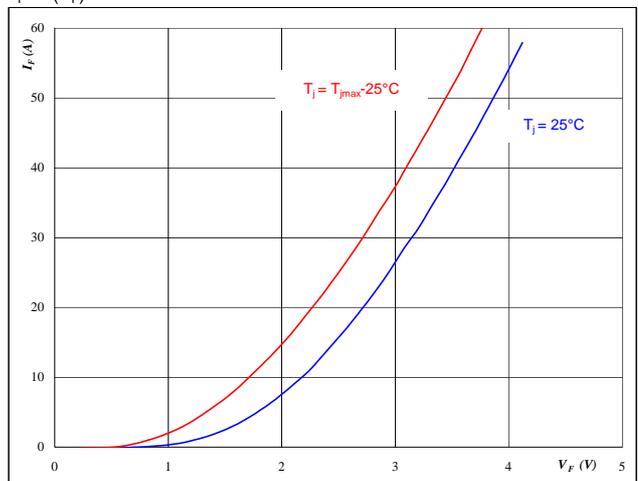


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

**Figure 4** FRED

**Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

$I_F = f(V_F)$

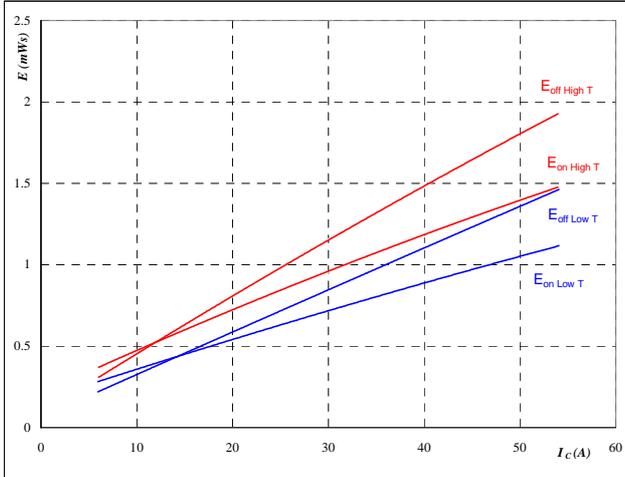


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

## Boost

**Figure 5** IGBT

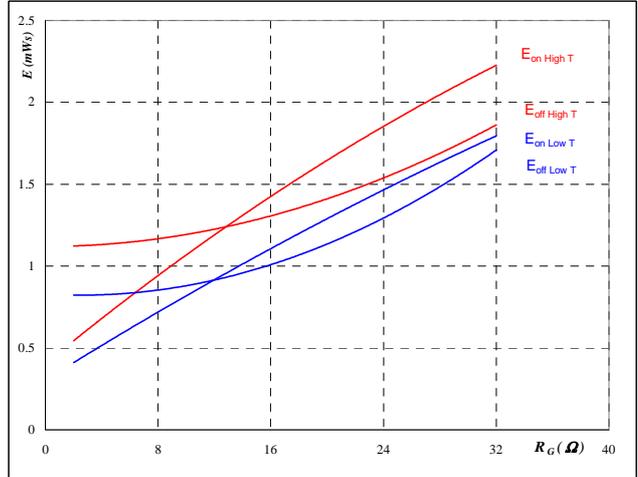
**Typical switching energy losses**  
as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**Figure 6** IGBT

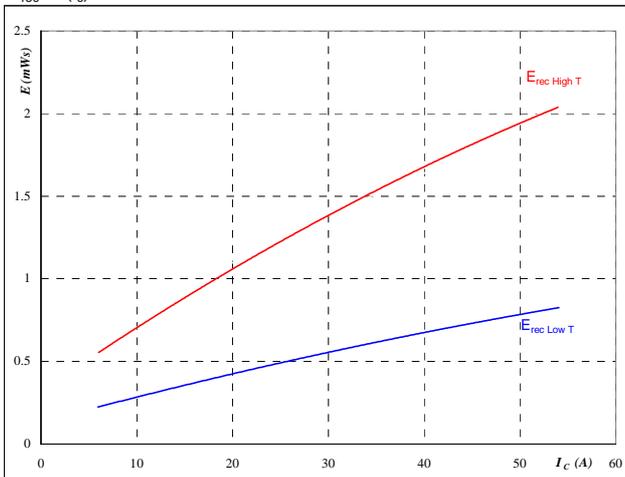
**Typical switching energy losses**  
as a function of gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

**Figure 7** IGBT

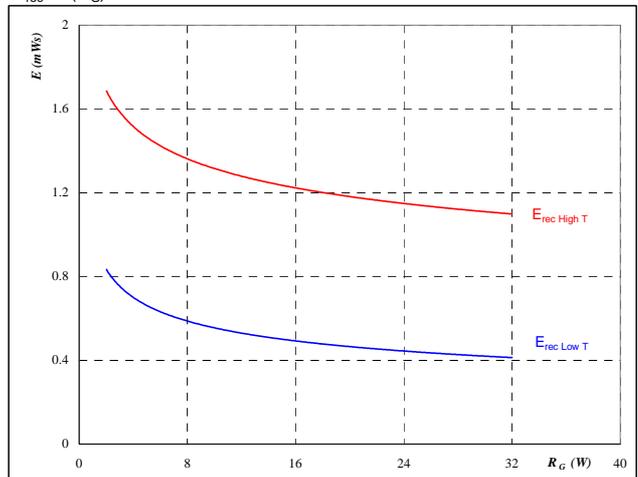
**Typical reverse recovery energy loss**  
as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**Figure 8** IGBT

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss**  
as a function of gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_G)$

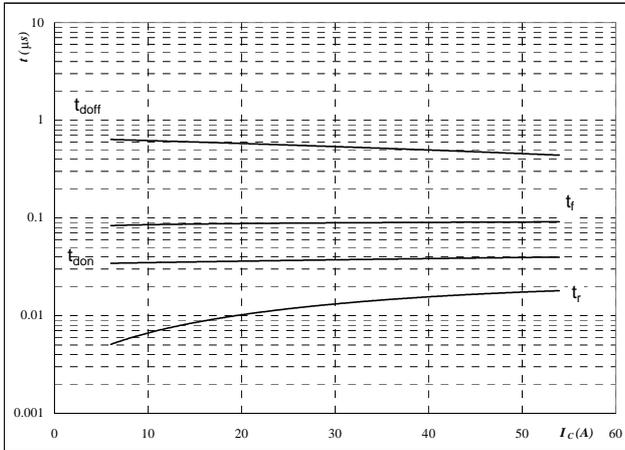


With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

## Boost

**Figure 9** IGBT

**Typical switching times as a function of collector current**  
 $t = f(I_C)$

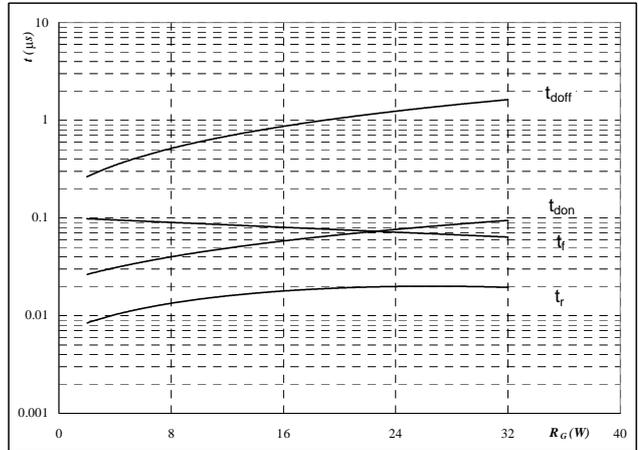


With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	15	V
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	8	Ω

**Figure 10** IGBT

**Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**  
 $t = f(R_G)$

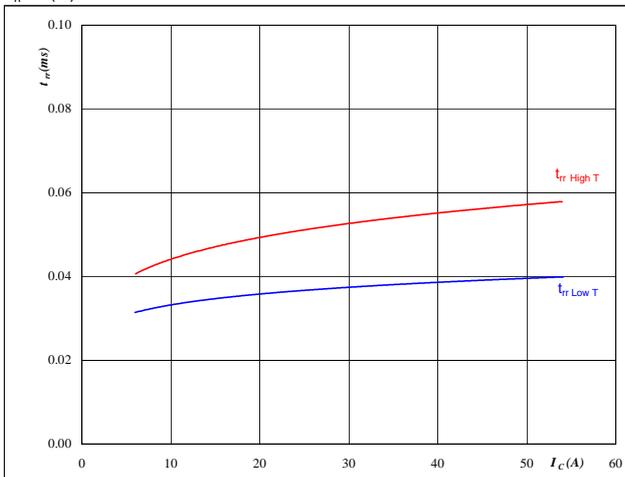


With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	15	V
$I_C =$	30	A

**Figure 11** FRED

**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current**  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

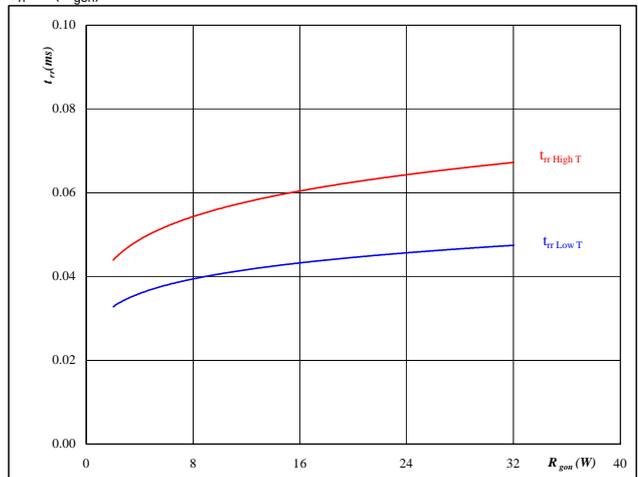


**At**

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	15	V
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω

**Figure 12** FRED

**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



**At**

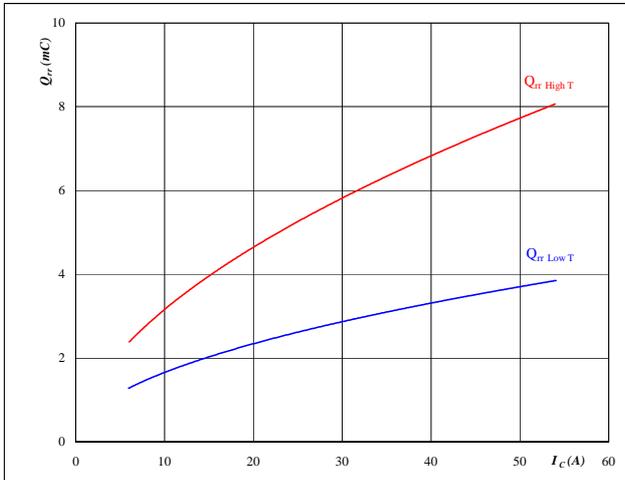
$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	30	A
$V_{GE} =$	15	V

## Boost

**Figure 13** FRED

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current**

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

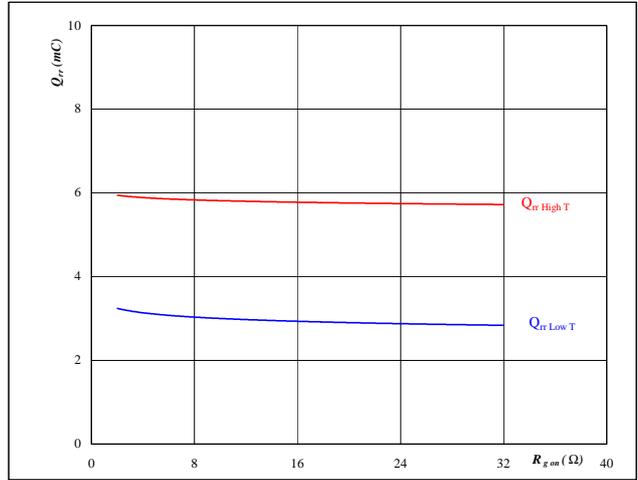


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω

**Figure 14** FRED

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

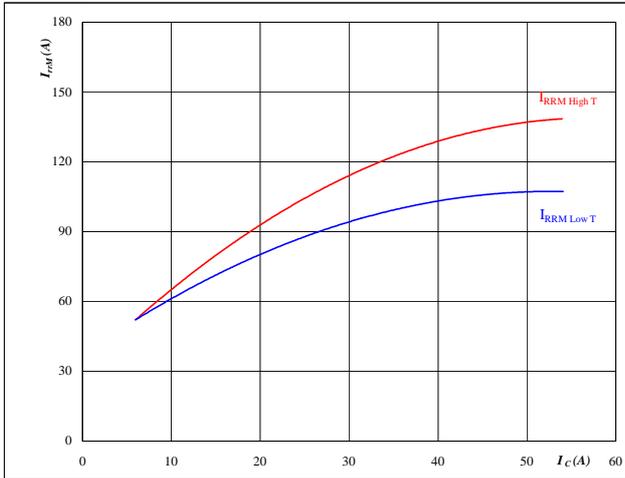


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_R = 350$  V  
 $I_F = 30$  A  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V

**Figure 15** FRED

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$

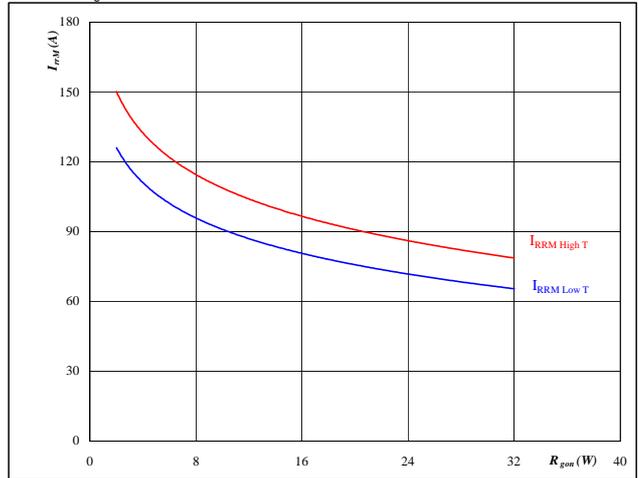


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω

**Figure 16** FRED

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



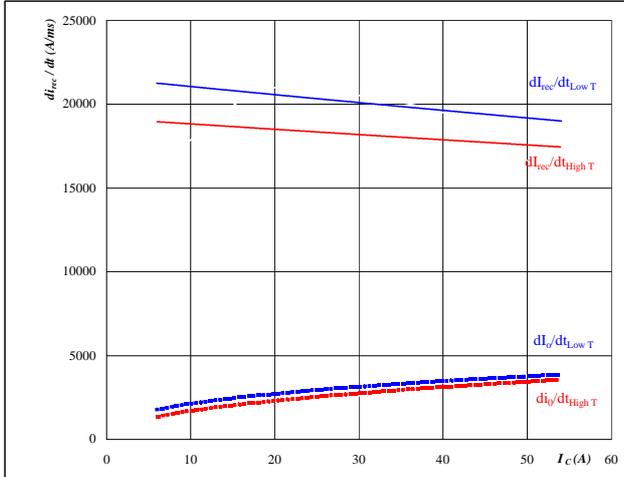
**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_R = 350$  V  
 $I_F = 30$  A  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V

## Boost

**Figure 17** FRED

**Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$$dI_f/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

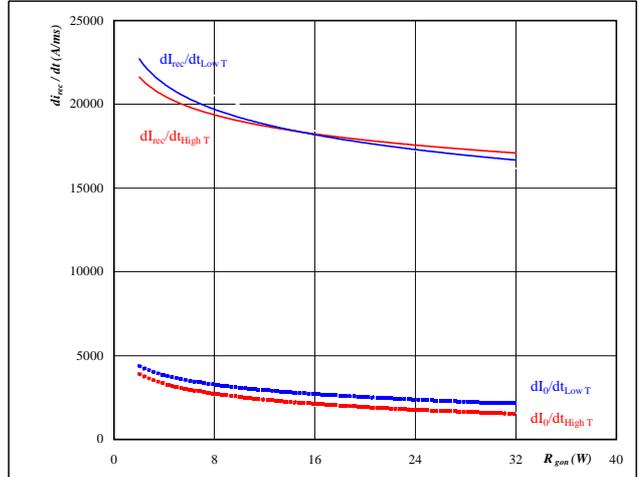


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω

**Figure 18** FRED

**Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a and reverse recovery current**

$$dI_f/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

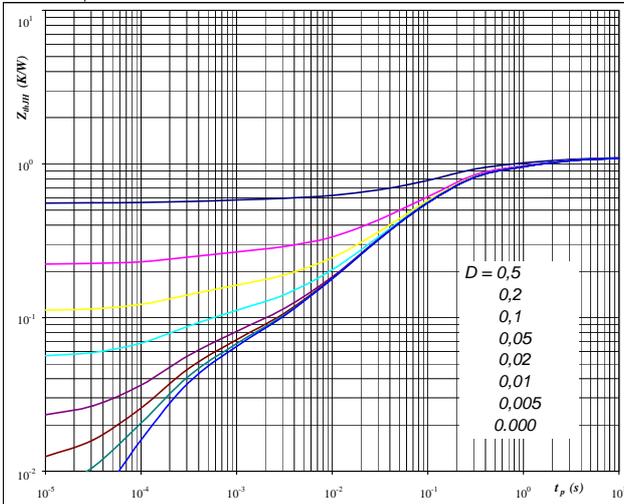


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_R = 350$  V  
 $I_F = 30$  A  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V

**Figure 19** IGBT

**IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 1.11$  K/W

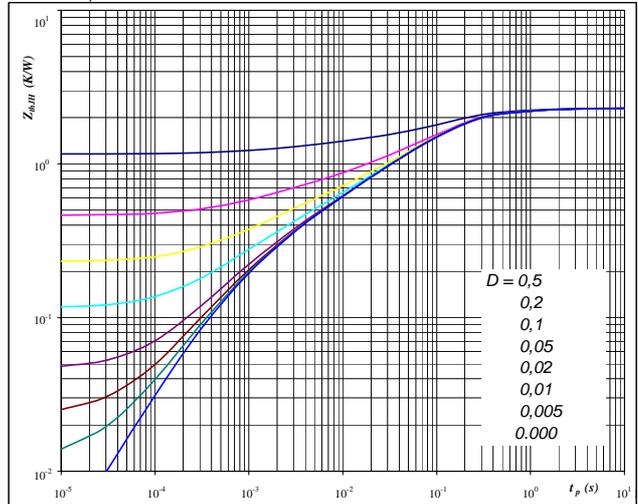
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)    Tau (s)

**Figure 20** FRED

**FRED transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 2.32$  K/W

FRED thermal model values

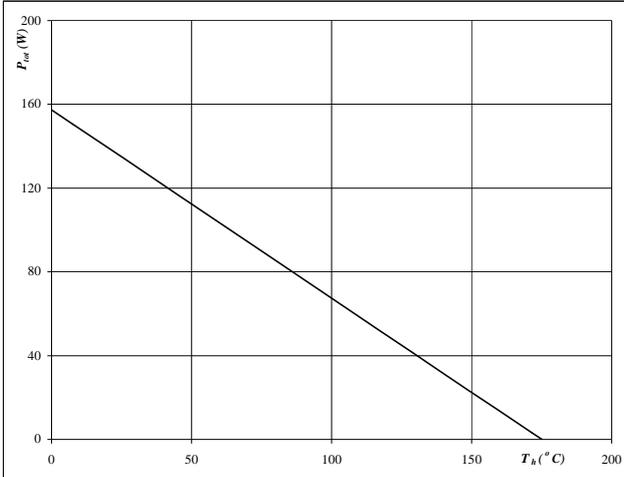
R (C/W)    Tau (s)

## Boost

**Figure 21** IGBT

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

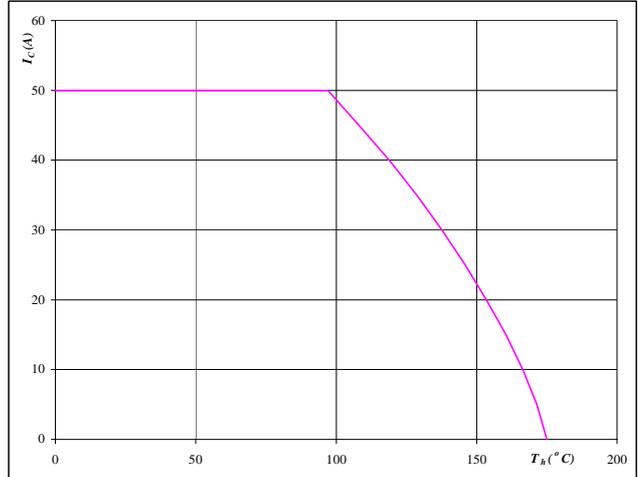


**At**  
 $T_j = 175$  °C

**Figure 22** IGBT

**Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$

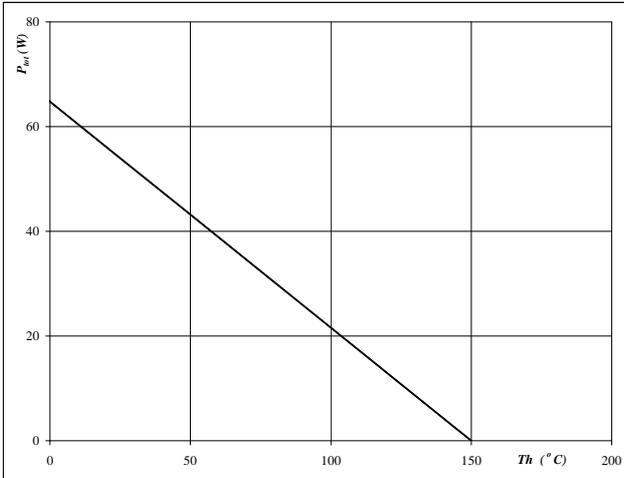


**At**  
 $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V

**Figure 23** FRED

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

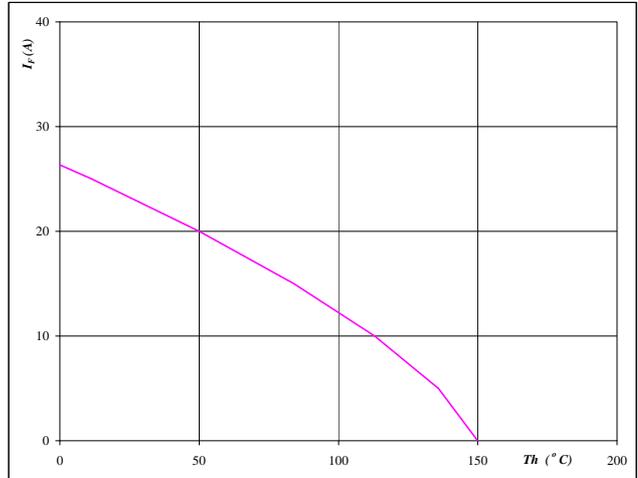


**At**  
 $T_j = 150$  °C

**Figure 24** FRED

**Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$



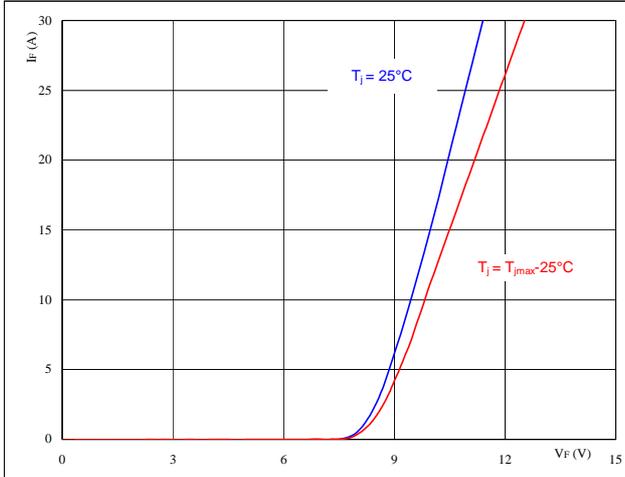
**At**  
 $T_j = 150$  °C

## Boost

**Figure 25** Boost Inverse Diode

**Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

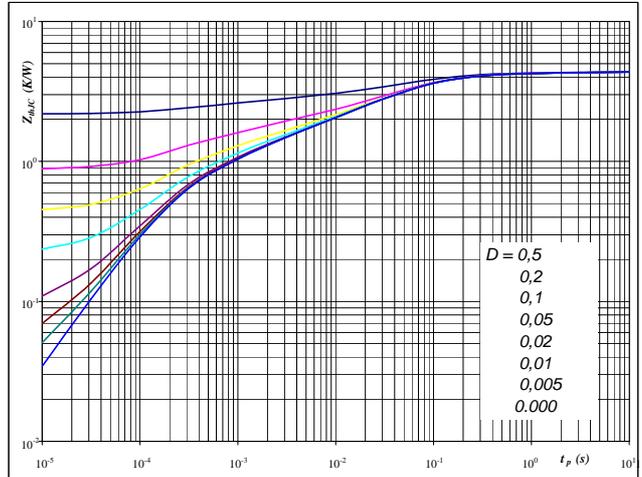


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

**Figure 26** Boost Inverse Diode

**Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$

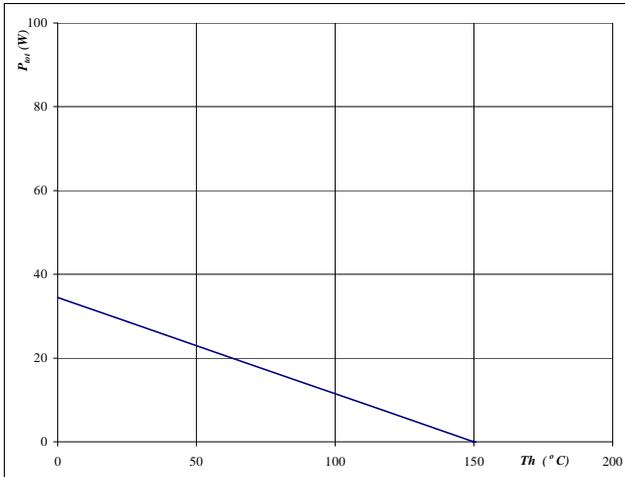


**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 4.36 \text{ K/W}$

**Figure 27** Boost Inverse Diode

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

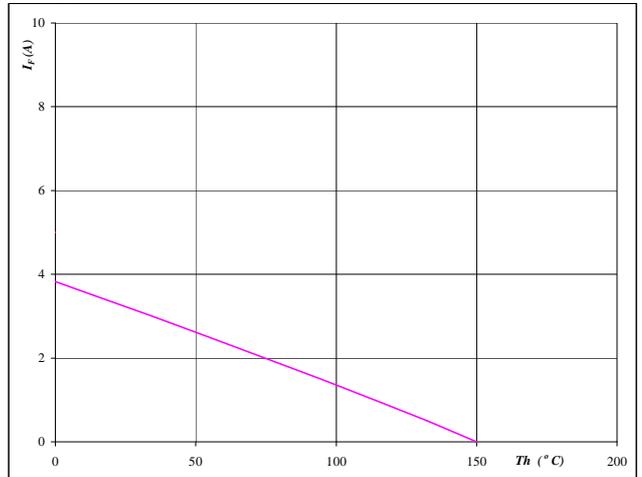


**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

**Figure 28** Boost Inverse Diode

**Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

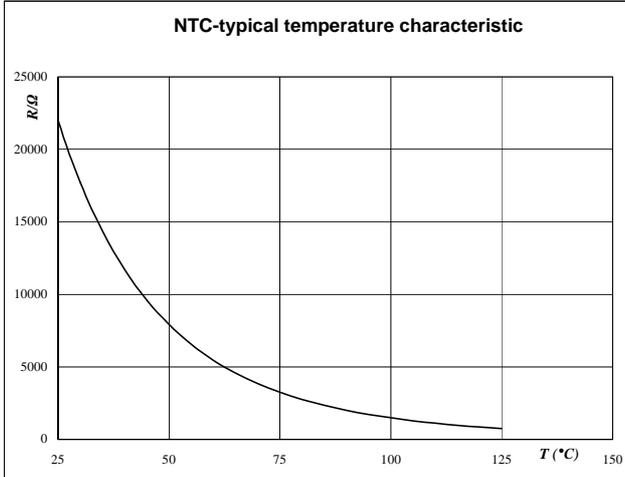


**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

## Thermistor

**Figure 1** Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic**  
as a function of temperature  
 $R_T = f(T)$



**Figure 2** Thermistor

**Typical NTC resistance values**

$$R(T) = R_{25} \cdot e^{\left( B_{25100} \left( \frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{T_{25}} \right) \right)} \quad [\Omega]$$

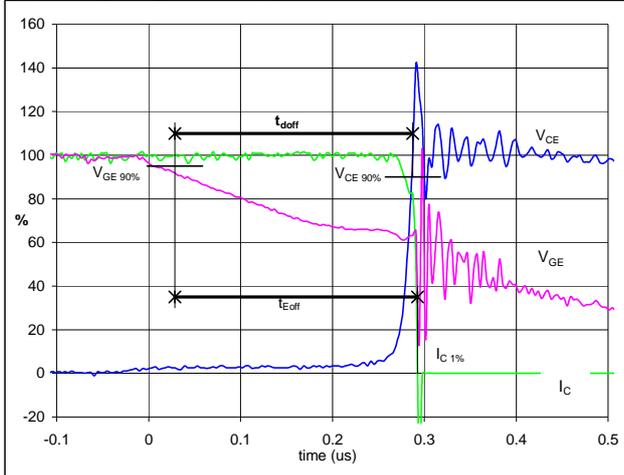
T [°C]	R_soll [Ω]	R_min [Ω]	R_max [Ω]	ΔR/R [+-%]
-50	1458070,6	1069249,3	1846891,9	26,7
0	71804,2	59724,4	83884	16,8
10	43780,4	37094,4	50466,5	15,3
20	27484,6	23684,6	31284,7	13,8
25	22000	19109,3	24890,7	13,1
30	17723,3	15512,2	19934,4	12,5
60	5467,9	4980,6	5955,1	8,9
70	3848,6	3546	4151,1	7,9
80	2757,7	2568,2	2947,1	6,9
90	2008,9	1889,7	2128,2	5,9
<b>100</b>	<b>1486,1</b>	<b>1411,8</b>	<b>1560,4</b>	<b>5</b>
150	400,2	364,8	435,7	8,8

## Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET

General conditions	
$T_j$	= 125 °C
$R_{gon\ IGBT}$	= 8 $\Omega$
$R_{goff\ IGBT}$	= 8 $\Omega$

**Figure 1** Output inverter IGBT

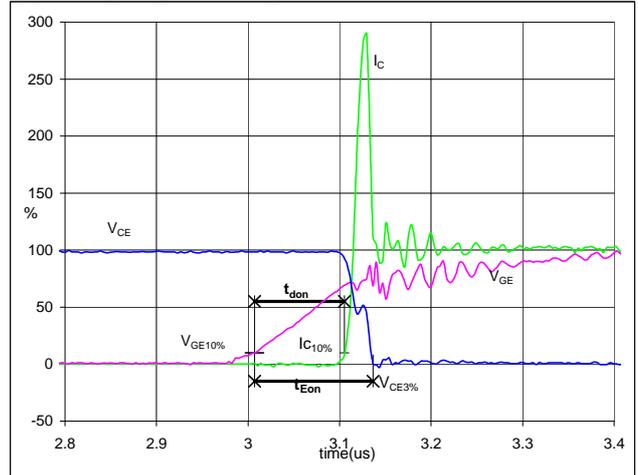
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$   
( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE} (0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE} (100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C (100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C (100\%) =$	42	A
$t_{doff} =$	0.25	$\mu s$
$t_{Eoff} =$	0.26	$\mu s$

**Figure 2** Output inverter IGBT

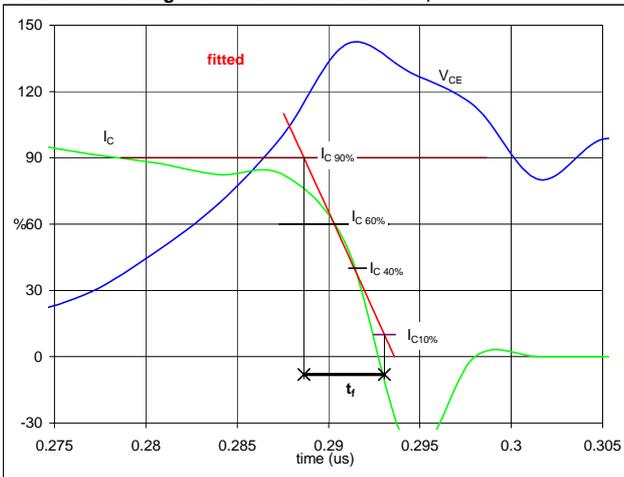
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$   
( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE} (0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE} (100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C (100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C (100\%) =$	42	A
$t_{don} =$	0.10	$\mu s$
$t_{Eon} =$	0.13	$\mu s$

**Figure 3** Output inverter IGBT

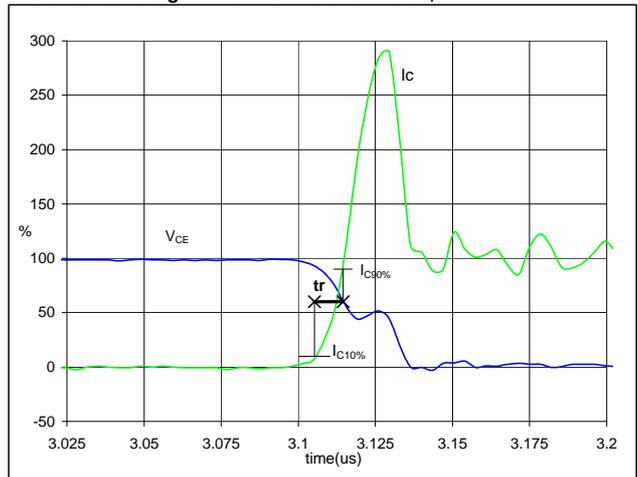
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



$V_C (100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C (100\%) =$	42	A
$t_f =$	0.004	$\mu s$

**Figure 4** Output inverter IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$

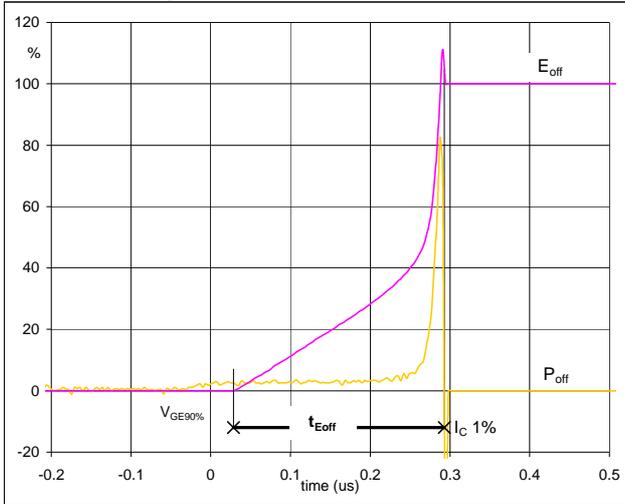


$V_C (100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C (100\%) =$	42	A
$t_r =$	0.01	$\mu s$

## Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET

**Figure 5** Output inverter IGBT

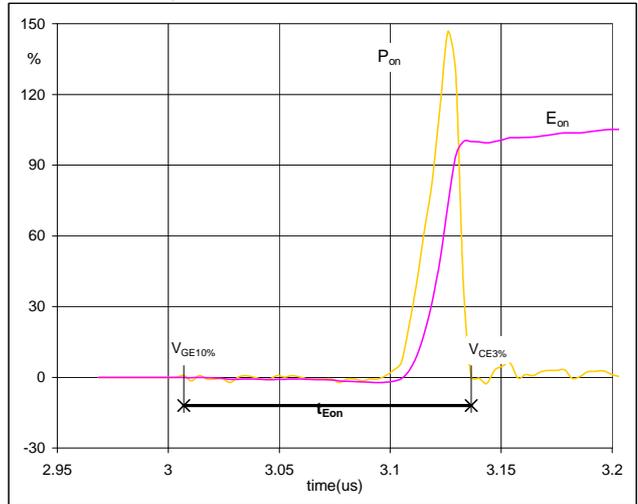
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eoff}$



$P_{off}(100\%) = 14.63$  kW  
 $E_{off}(100\%) = 0.24$  mJ  
 $t_{Eoff} = 0.26$   $\mu$ s

**Figure 6** Output inverter IGBT

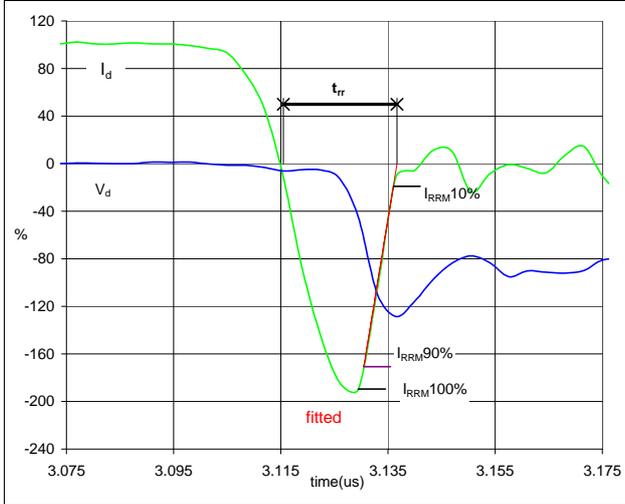
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eon}$



$P_{on}(100\%) = 14.63$  kW  
 $E_{on}(100\%) = 0.34$  mJ  
 $t_{Eon} = 0.13$   $\mu$ s

**Figure 7** Output inverter IGBT

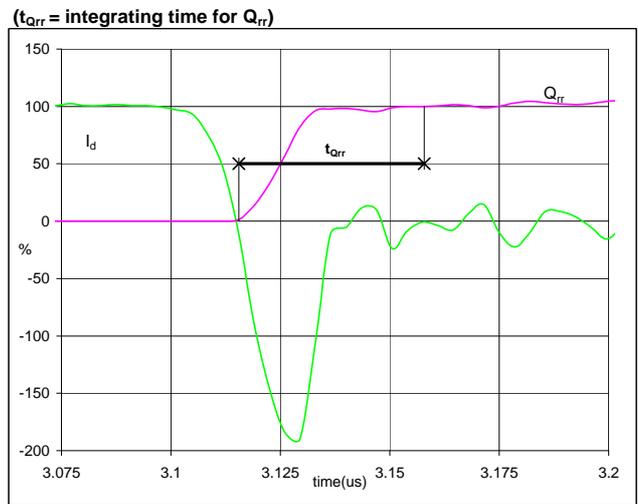
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$



$V_d(100\%) = 350$  V  
 $I_d(100\%) = 42$  A  
 $I_{RRM}(100\%) = -81$  A  
 $t_{rr} = 0.02$   $\mu$ s

**Figure 8** Output inverter FRED

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qrr}$

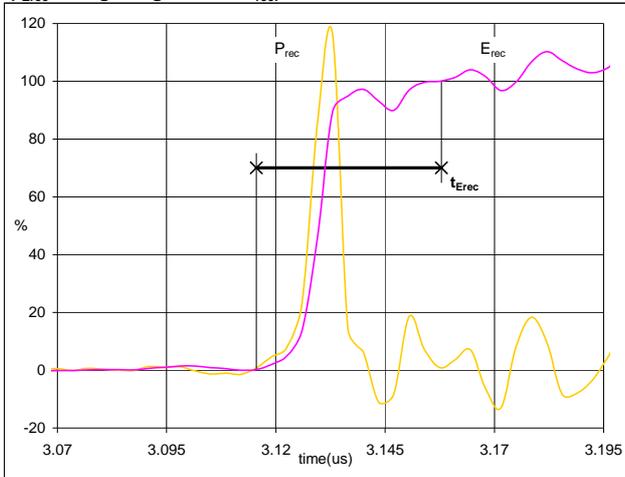


$I_d(100\%) = 42$  A  
 $Q_{rr}(100\%) = 1.10$   $\mu$ C  
 $t_{Qrr} = 0.04$   $\mu$ s

## Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET

**Figure 9** Output inverter FRED

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Erec}$   
( $t_{Erec}$  = integrating time for  $E_{rec}$ )

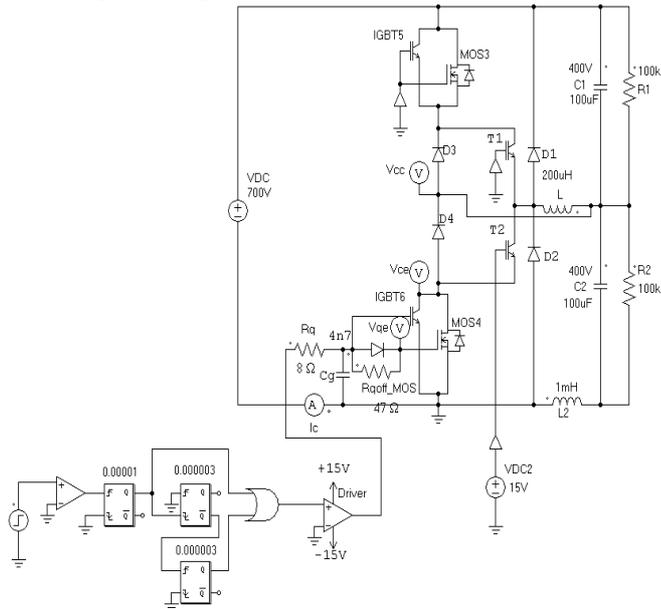


$P_{rec} (100\%) = 14.63 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{rec} (100\%) = 0.18 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Erec} = 0.04 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

## Measurement circuits

**Figure 11**

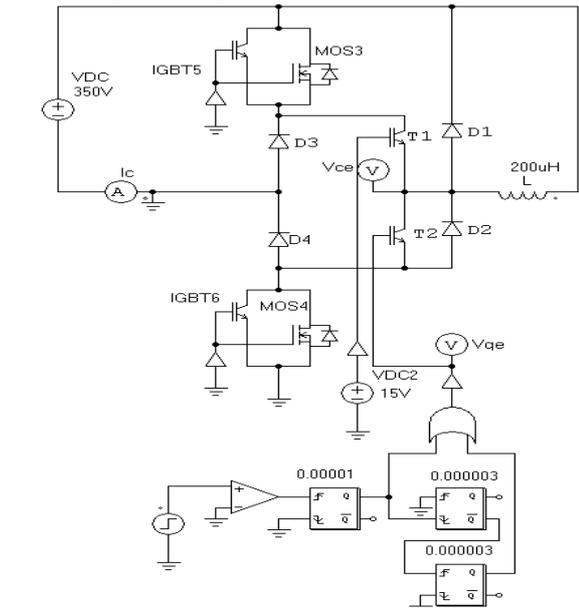
BUCK stage switching measurement circuit



$C_g$  is included in the module

**Figure 12**

BOOST stage switching measurement circuit

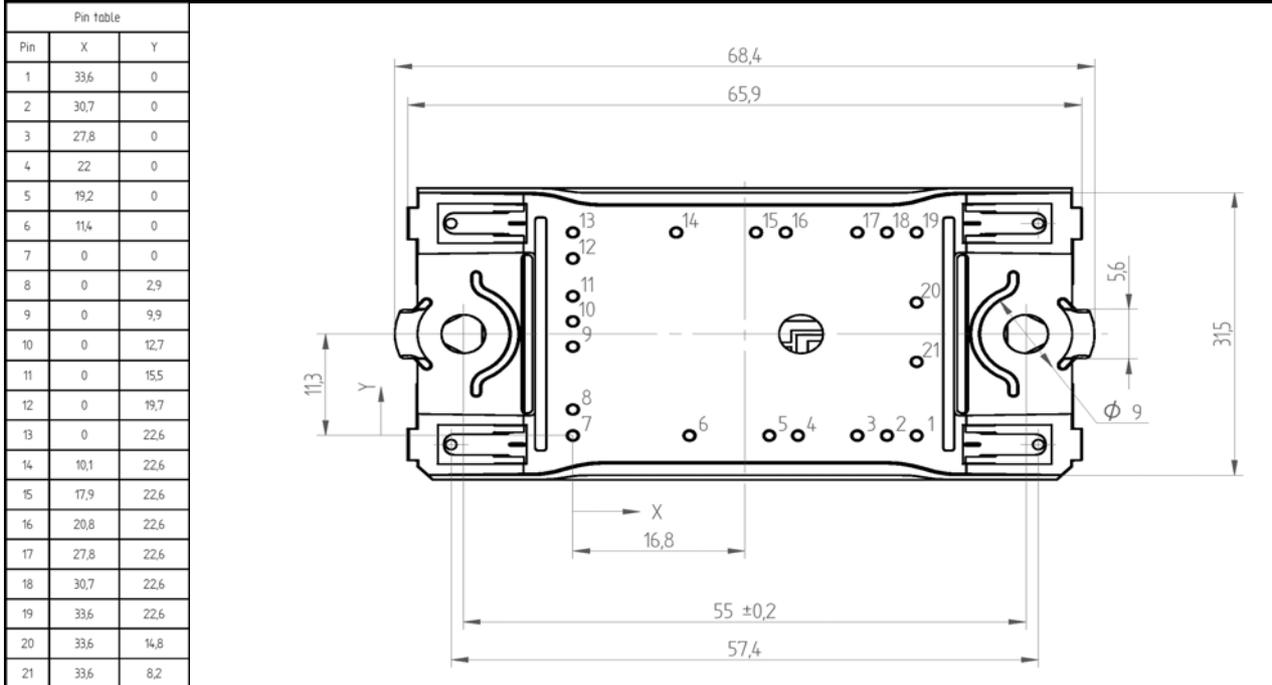


## Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

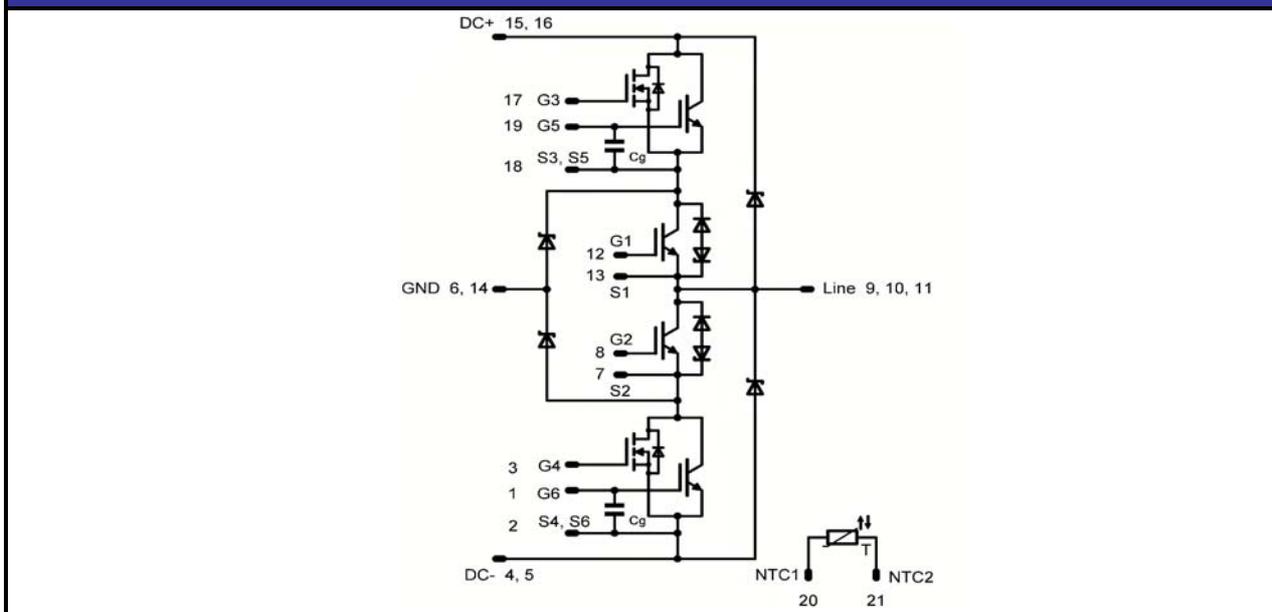
### Ordering Code & Marking

Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
without thermal paste 12mm housing	10-FZ06NPA045FP01-P967F10	P967F10	P967F10

### Outline



### Pinout



**PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS**

Datasheet Status	Product Status	Definition
Target	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data may be published at a later date. Vincotech reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.
Final	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Vincotech reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.

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