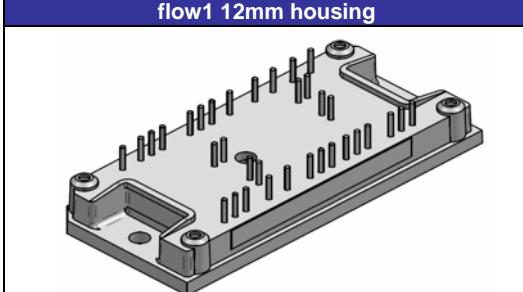
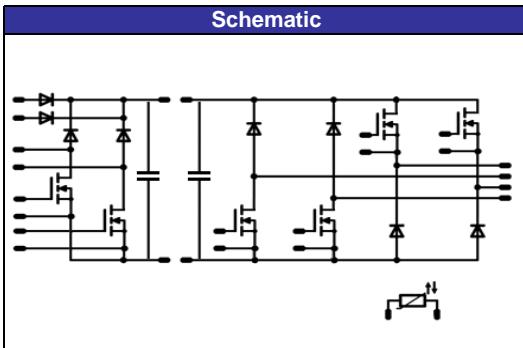


flowSOL 1 BI	650 V/41 mOhm
Features	flow1 12mm housing
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low inductive 12mm flow1 package • Booster: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Dual boost topology ◦ MOSFET 650V/37mOhm + SiC diode ◦ Bypass rectifier • Inverter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Pseudo H-bridge topology ◦ MOSFET 650V/41mOhm CFD + SiC diode • Integrated DC-capacitors • Temperature sensor 	
Target Applications	Schematic
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solar Inverter: • High efficient transformer-less solar inverter with bipolar modulation 	
Types	10-FY07BIA041MC-M528E58

Maximum Ratings

T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
-----------	--------	-----------	-------	------

Bypass Diode

Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V _{RRM}		1600	V
Forward current per diode	I _{FAV}	DC current T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	41 55	A
Surge forward current	I _{FSM}		370	A
I ² t-value	I ² t	t _p =10ms T _j =25°C	370	A ² s
Power dissipation per Diode	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	50 76	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		150	°C

Input Boost MOSFET

Drain to source breakdown voltage	V _{DS}		650	V
DC drain current	I _D	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	35 43	A
Pulsed drain current	I _{Dpulse}	T _j =25°C	297	A
Power dissipation	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	105 159	W
Gate-source peak voltage	V _{GS}		±20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		150	°C

Maximum Ratings

T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
-----------	--------	-----------	-------	------

Input Boost Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	T _j =25°C	650	V
DC forward current	I _F	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	22 28	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I _{FRM}	t _p limited by T _j max	134	A
Power dissipation	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	48 73	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		175	°C

Pseudo H-Bridge MOSFET

Drain to source breakdown voltage	V _{DS}		650	V
DC drain current	I _D	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	34 42	A
Pulsed drain current	I _{Dpulse}	t _p limited by T _j max T _c =25°C	255	A
Power dissipation	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	111 168	W
Gate-source peak voltage	V _{gs}		±20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		150	°C

Pseudo H-Bridge Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	T _j =25°C	650	V
DC forward current	I _F	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	22 29	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I _{FRM}	t _p limited by T _j max	134	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	48 73	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		175	°C

DC link Capacitor

Max.DC voltage	V _{MAX}	T _c =25°C	630	V
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Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T _{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T _{op}		-40...+(T _j max - 25)	°C

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V _{is}	t=2s	DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance				min 12,7	mm
Clearance				min 12,7	mm

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			V _{GE} [V] or V _{GS} [V]	V _I [V] or V _{CE} [V] or V _{DS} [V]	I _C [A] or I _F [A] or I _D [A]	T _J	Min	Typ	Max	
Bypass Diode										
Forward voltage	solar inverter				35	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		1.18 1.17	1.21	V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	V _{to}				35	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0.91 0.80		V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	r _t				35	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0.01 0.01		Ω
Reverse current	I _r			1600		T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			0.05	mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R _{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50um λ = 1 W/mK						1.40		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R _{thJC}									
Input Boost MOSFET										
Static drain to source ON resistance	R _{DS(on)}		10		50	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		38 78		mΩ
Gate threshold voltage	V _{(GS)th}				0.0033	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	2.5	3	3.5	V
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I _{gss}		20	0		T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{dss}		0	650		T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			2000	nA
Turn On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}	R _{gooff} =2 Ω R _{gon} =2 Ω	10	400	30	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		30 29		
Rise Time	t _r					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		6 7		ns
Turn off delay time	t _{d(OFF)}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		173 186		
Fall time	t _f					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		6 7		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E _{on}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0.11 0.12		mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E _{off}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0.04 0.06		
Total gate charge	Q _g	R _{gon} =2 Ω	10	480	49.6	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		330		nC
Gate to source charge	Q _{gs}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		40		
Gate to drain charge	Q _{gd}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		170		
Input capacitance	C _{iss}							7240		pF
Output capacitance	C _{oss}	f=1MHz	0	100		T _J =25°C		380		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C _{rss}							tbd.		
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R _{thJH}							0.67		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R _{thJC}	Thermal grease thickness≤50um λ = 1 W/mK						0.44		
Input Boost Diode										
Forward voltage	V _F				20	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		1.61 1.86	1.8	V
Reverse leakage current	I _{rm}		10	400	30	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			60	μA
Peak recovery current	I _{RRM}	R _{gon} =2 Ω	10	400	30	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		25 23		A
Reverse recovery time	t _{rr}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		9 11		ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q _{rr}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0.19 0.26		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E _{rec}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0.05 0.07		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	di(rec)max /dt					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		6521 4908		A/μs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R _{thJH}						1.98		K/W	
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R _{thJC}	Thermal grease thickness≤50um λ = 1 W/mK						1.31		

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			V _{GE} [V] or V _{GS} [V]	V _I [V] or V _{CE} [V] or V _{DS} [V]	I _C [A] or I _F [A] or I _D [A]	T _J	Min	Typ	Max	
Pseudo H-Bridge MOSFET										
Static drain to source ON resistance	R _{ds(on)}		10		50	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		43 80		mΩ
Gate threshold voltage	V _{(GS)th}			V _{DS} =V _{GS}	0.0033	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	3.5	4	4.5	V
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I _{gss}		20	0		T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{dss}		0	650		T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			3500	nA
Turn On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}	R _{goff} =2 Ω R _{gon} =2 Ω	10	400	30	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		37 36		ns
Rise Time	t _r					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		6 7		
Turn off delay time	t _{d(OFF)}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		146 154		
Fall time	t _f					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		7 4		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E _{on}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0.12 0.14		mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E _{off}					T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0.03 0.04		
Total gate charge	Q _g							300		
Gate to source charge	Q _{gs}	f=1MHz	10	480	49.6	T _J =25°C		54		nC
Gate to drain charge	Q _{gd}							165		
Input capacitance	C _{iss}							8400		
Output capacitance	C _{oss}	R _{gon} =2 Ω	0	100	60	T _J =25°C		400		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C _{rss}							tbd.		
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R _{thJH}							0.63		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R _{thJC}	Thermal grease thickness≤50um λ = 1 W/mK						0.42		
Pseudo H-Bridge Diode										
Diode forward voltage	V _F				50	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		1.61 1.85	1.8	V
Peak reverse recovery current	I _{RRM}	R _{gon} =2 Ω	15	400	60	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		27 24		A
Reverse recovery time	t _{rr}							10 10		ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q _{rr}							0.19 0.20		μC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	di(rec)max/dt							7041 5575		A/μs
Reverse recovery energy	E _{rec}							0.04 0.05		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R _{thJH}							1.98		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R _{thJC}	Thermal grease thickness≤50um λ = 1 W/mK						1.31		
DC link Capacitor										
C value	C							47		nF
Thermistor										
Rated resistance	R					T _J =25°C		22000		Ω
Deviation of R25	ΔR/R	R100=1486 Ω				T _C =100°C	-5		+5	%
Power dissipation	P					T _C =100°C		200		mW
Power dissipation constant						T _J =25°C		2		mW/K
B-value	B _(25/50)	Tol. ±3%				T _J =25°C		3950		K
B-value	B _(25/100)	Tol. ±3%				T _J =25°C		3996		K
Vincotech NTC Reference						T _J =25°C			B	

Pseudo H-Bridge

Figure 1
Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

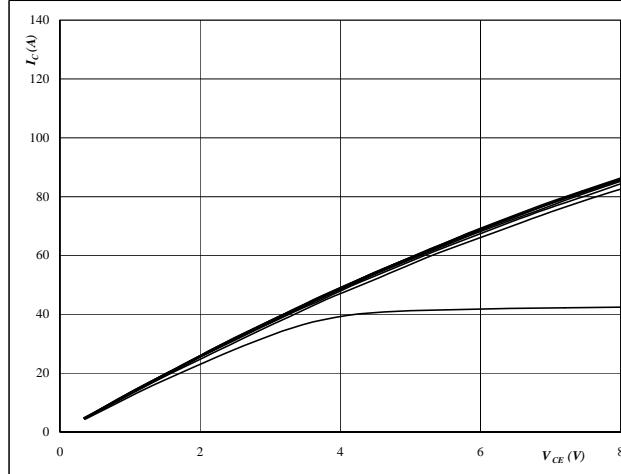
$$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

V_{GE} from 0 V to 20 V in steps of 2 V

MOSFET

Figure 2
Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



At

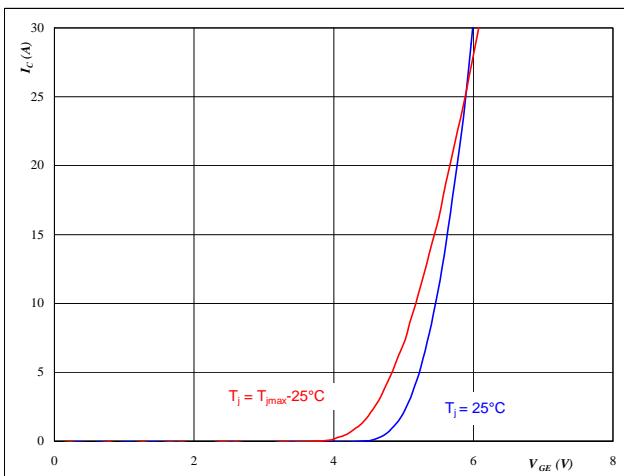
$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$$

V_{GE} from 0 V to 20 V in steps of 2 V

Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



At

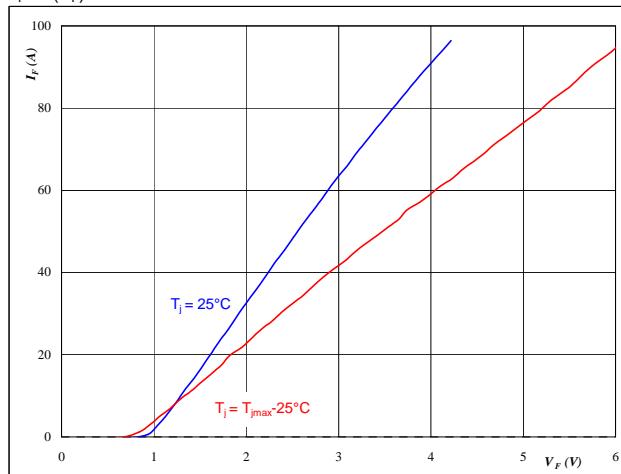
$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$$

MOSFET

Figure 4
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

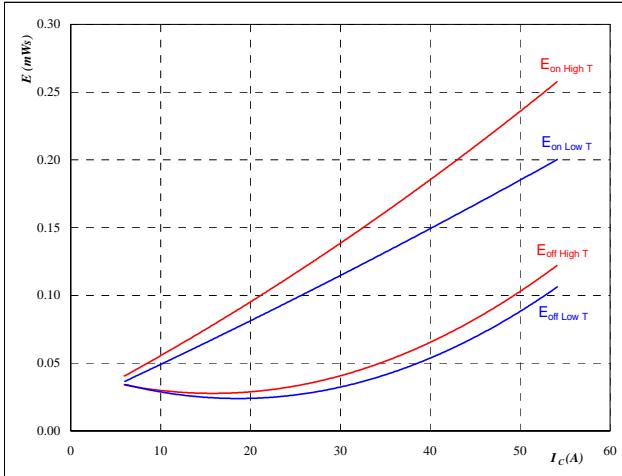


At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

Pseudo H-Bridge

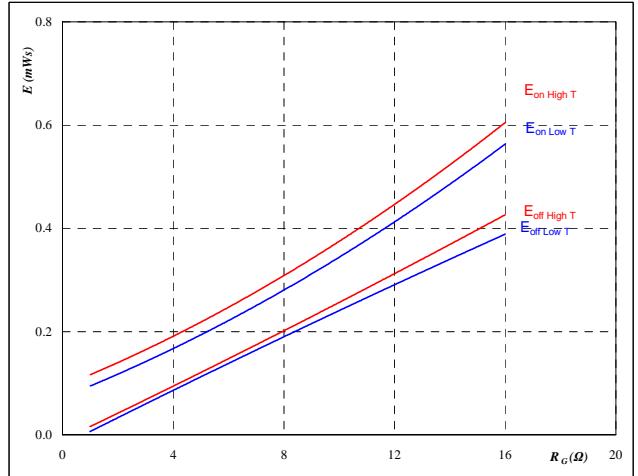
Figure 5
MOSFET
 Typical switching energy losses
 as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \Omega$

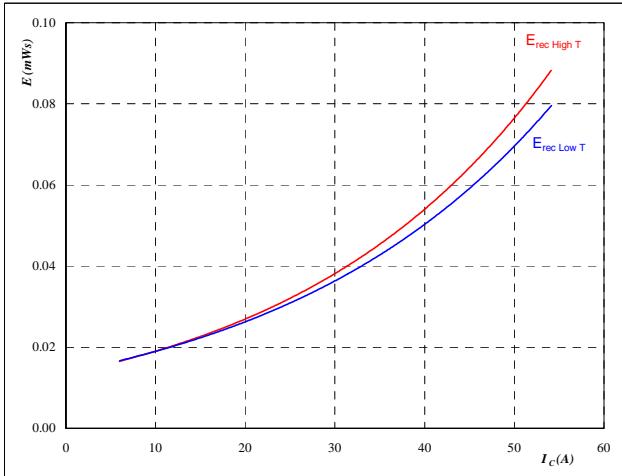
MOSFET
 Typical switching energy losses
 as a function of gate resistor
 $E = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

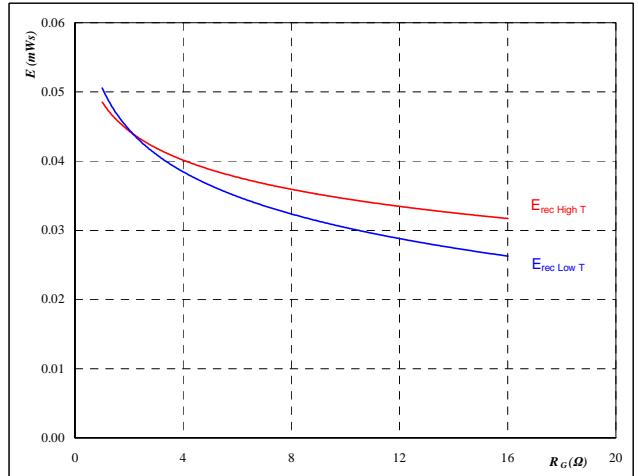
Figure 7
FWD
 Typical reverse recovery energy loss
 as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$

FWD
 Typical reverse recovery energy loss
 as a function of gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



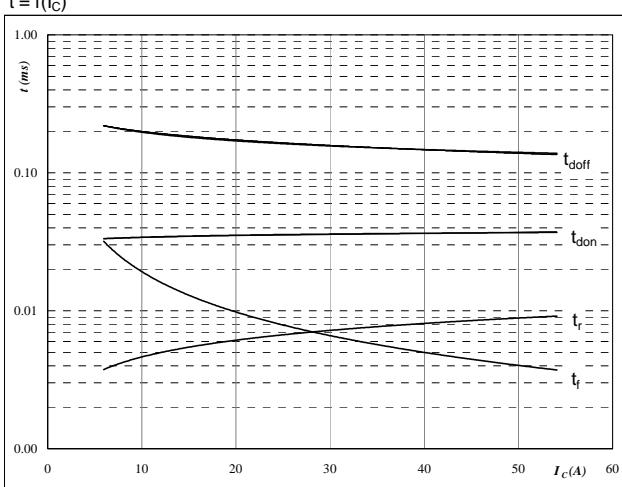
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

Pseudo H-Bridge

Figure 9

Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_C)$

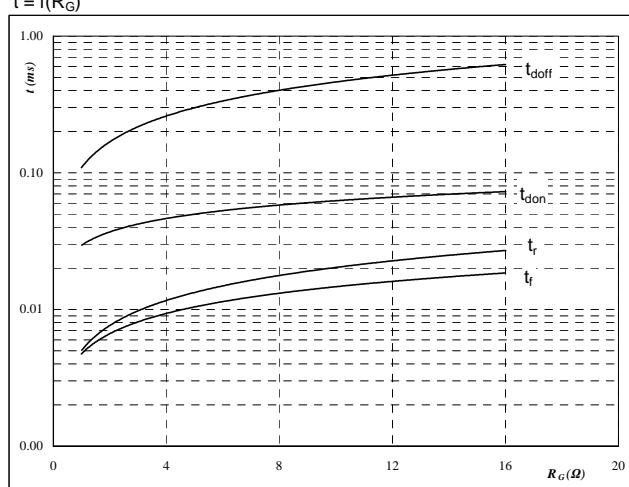


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

MOSFET
Figure 10

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_G)$

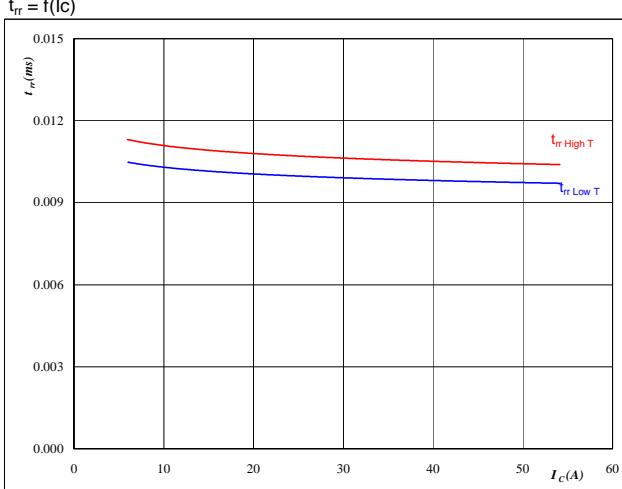


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

Figure 11

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

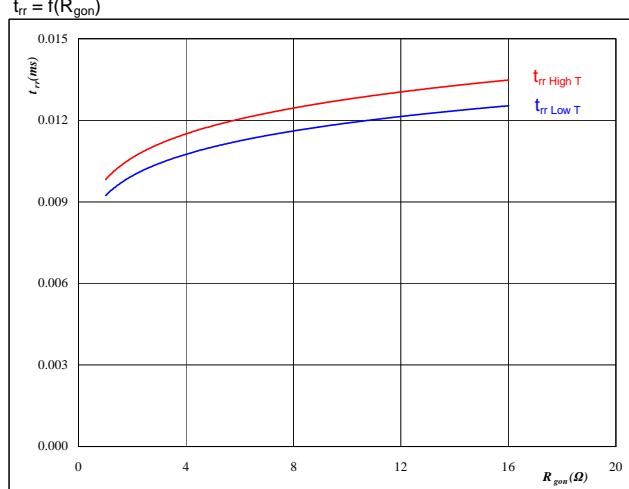


At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

FWD
Figure 12

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



At

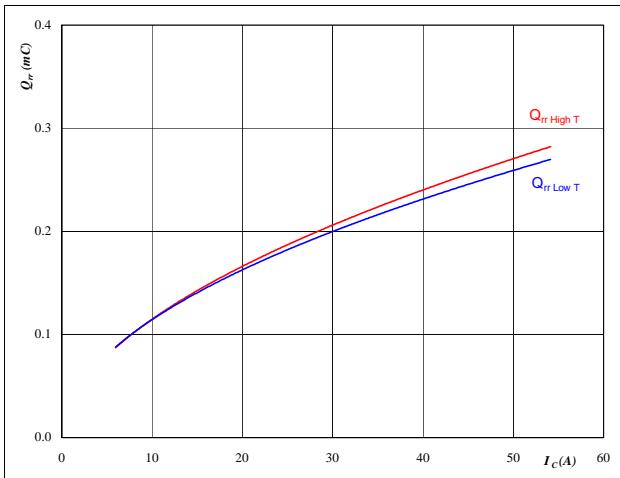
$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 30 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Pseudo H-Bridge

Figure 13

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current
 $Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$

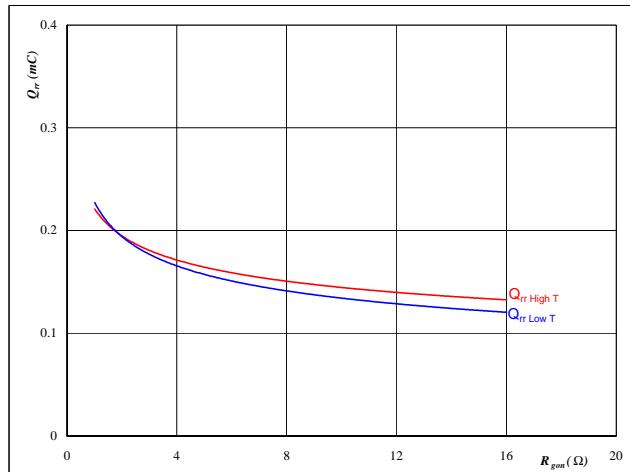
**At**

T_j = 25/125 °C
V_{CE} = 400 V
V_{GE} = 10 V
R_{gon} = 2 Ω

Figure 14

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$

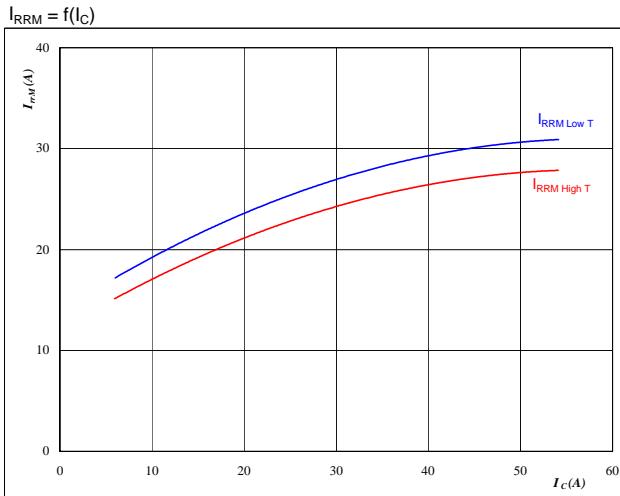
**At**

T_j = 25/125 °C
V_R = 400 V
I_F = 30 A
V_{GE} = 10 V

Figure 15

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$

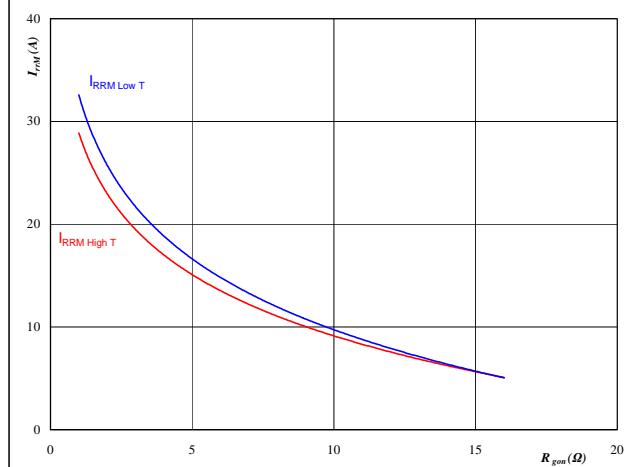
**At**

T_j = 25/125 °C
V_{CE} = 400 V
V_{GE} = 10 V
R_{gon} = 2 Ω

Figure 16

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$

**At**

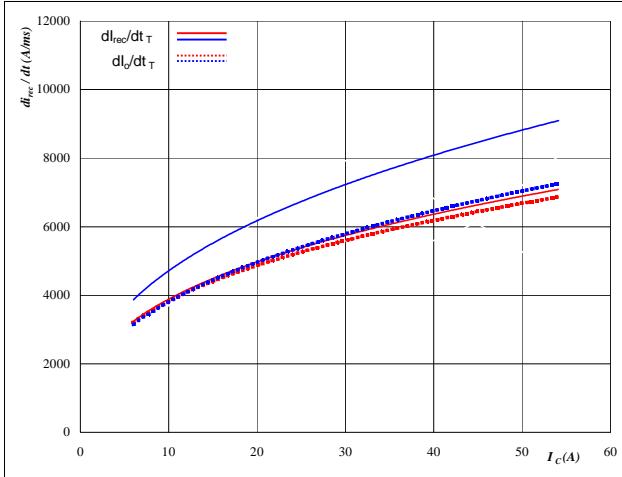
T_j = 25/125 °C
V_R = 400 V
I_F = 30 A
V_{GE} = 10 V

Pseudo H-Bridge

Figure 17

FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of collector current
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$

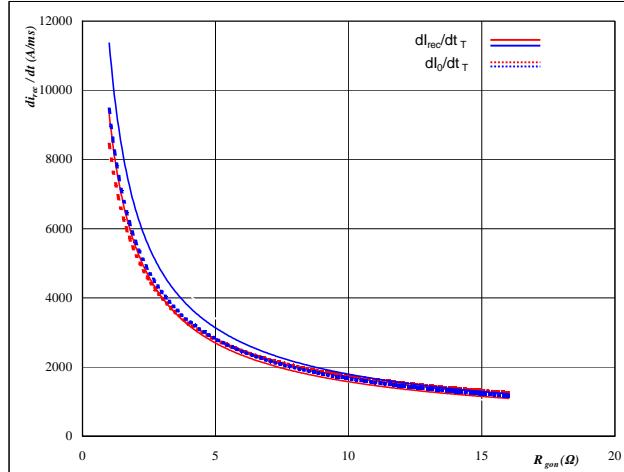

At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$

Figure 18

FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$

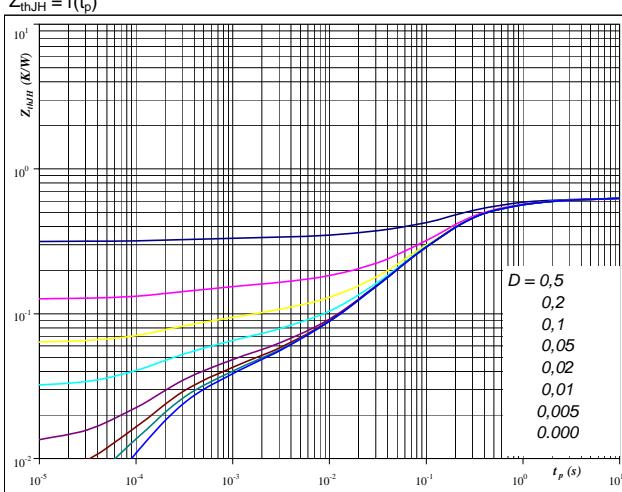

At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 30 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 19

MOSFET

IGBT transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$


At

$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0.63 \text{ K/W}$

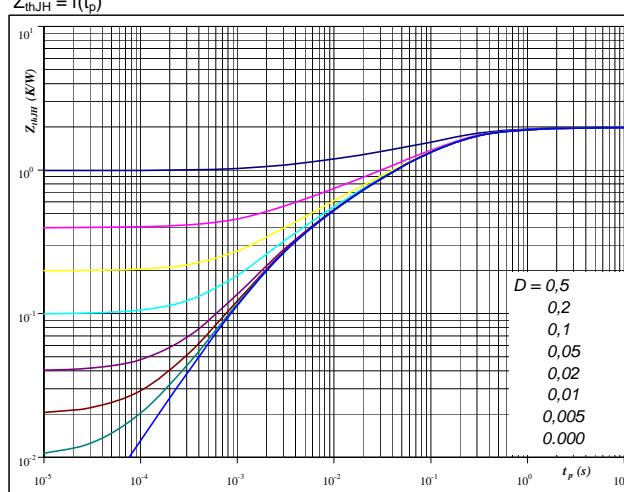
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0.04	5.1E+00
0.08	1.0E+00
0.30	2.1E-01
0.14	8.6E-02
0.03	1.3E-02
0.02	1.4E-03

Figure 20

FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$


At

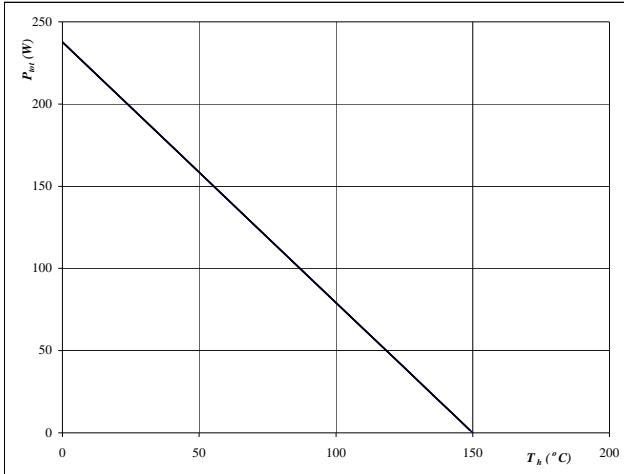
$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1.98 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0.06	3.9E+00
0.15	7.0E-01
0.84	1.5E-01
0.44	4.4E-02
0.33	9.5E-03
0.17	2.0E-03

Pseudo H-Bridge

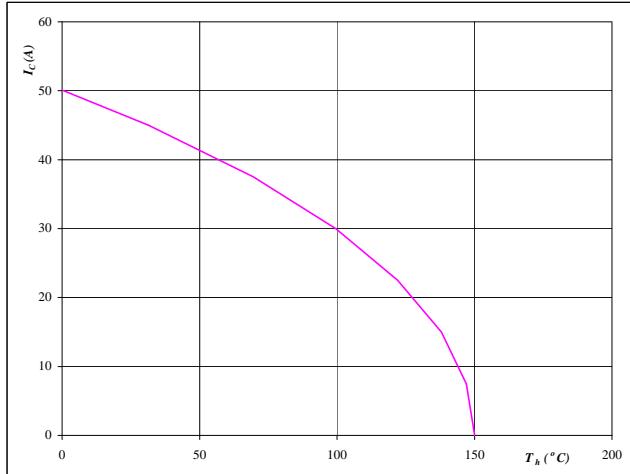
Figure 21
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$



At
 $T_j = 150 \quad {}^{\circ}\text{C}$

MOSFET

Figure 22
Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature
 $I_C = f(T_h)$



At
 $T_j = 150 \quad {}^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $V_{\text{GE}} = 15 \quad \text{V}$

MOSFET

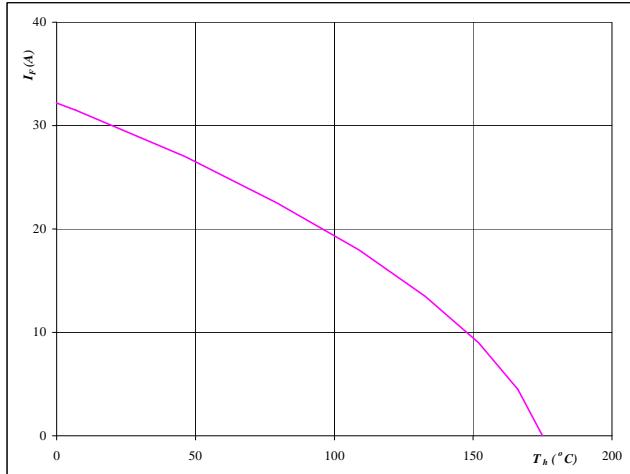
Figure 23
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$



At
 $T_j = 175 \quad {}^{\circ}\text{C}$

FWD

Figure 24
Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature
 $I_F = f(T_h)$

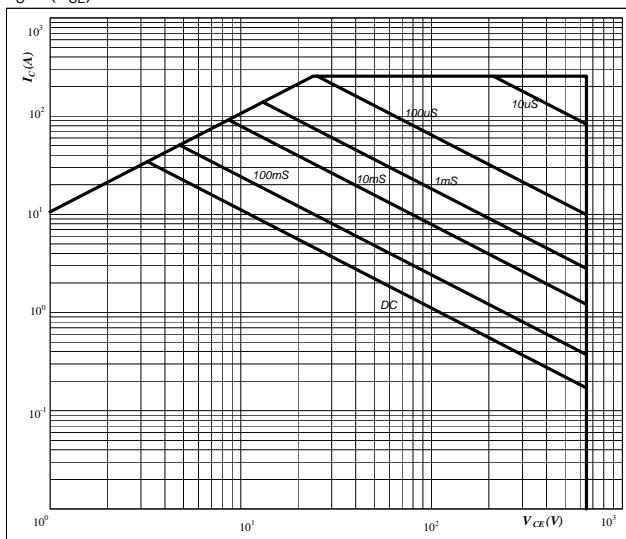


At
 $T_j = 175 \quad {}^{\circ}\text{C}$

FWD

Pseudo H-Bridge

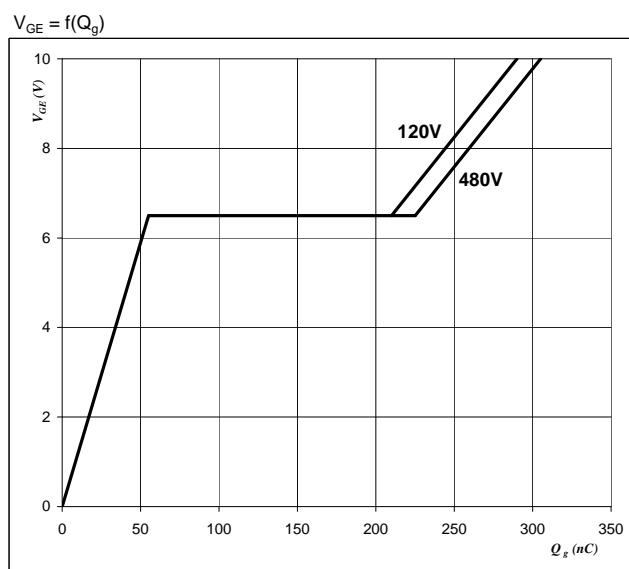
Figure 25
**Safe operating area as a function
of collector-emitter voltage**
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At
D = single pulse
Th = 80 °C
V_{GE} = 15 V
T_j = T_{jmax} °C

MOSFET

Figure 26
Gate voltage vs Gate charge
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$

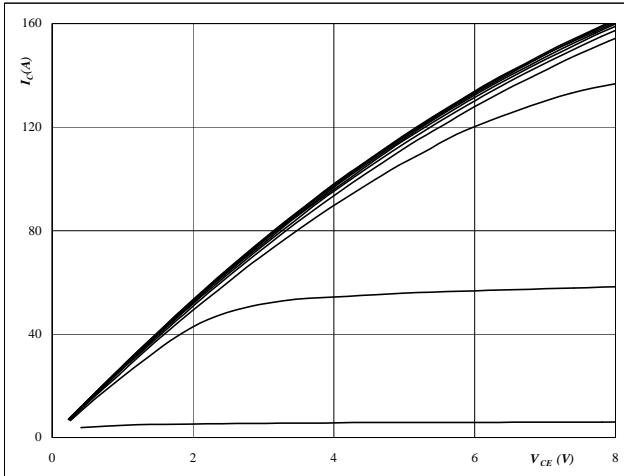


At
I_C = 50 A

INPUT BOOST

Figure 1
Typical output characteristics
 $I_D = f(V_{DS})$

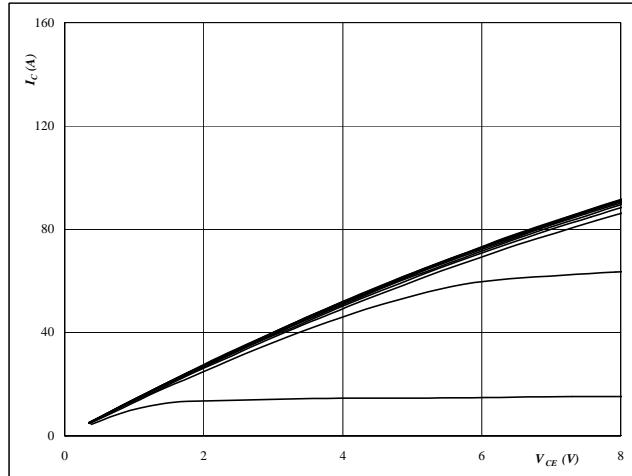
BOOST MOSFET



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 {}^\circ C$
 V_{GS} from 3 V to 13 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2
Typical output characteristics
 $I_D = f(V_{DS})$

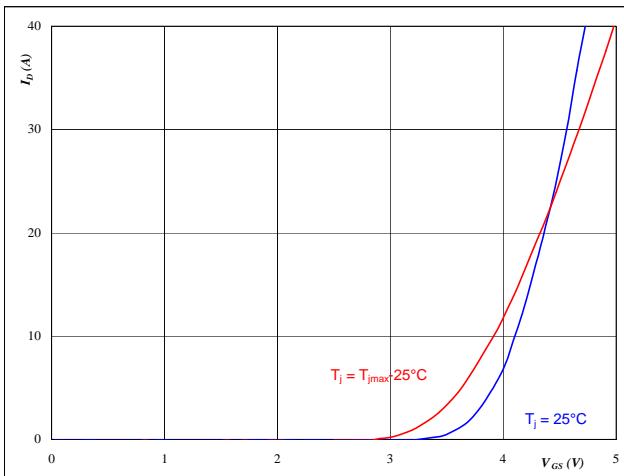
BOOST MOSFET



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 {}^\circ C$
 V_{GS} from 3 V to 13 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_D = f(V_{GS})$

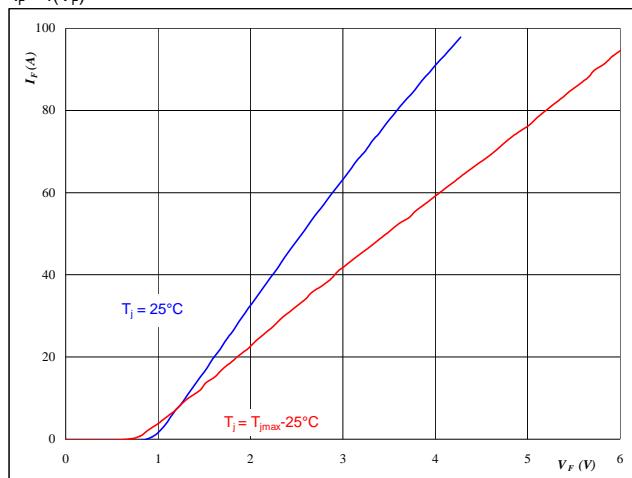
BOOST MOSFET



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{DS} = 10 V$

Figure 4
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage
 $I_F = f(V_F)$

BOOST FWD

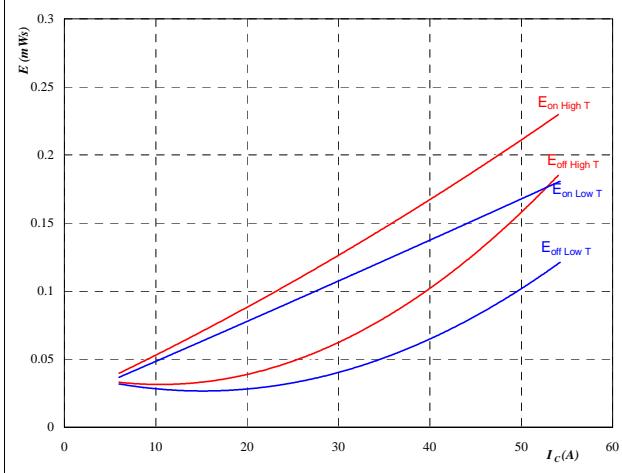


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 5
**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current**

$$E = f(I_D)$$



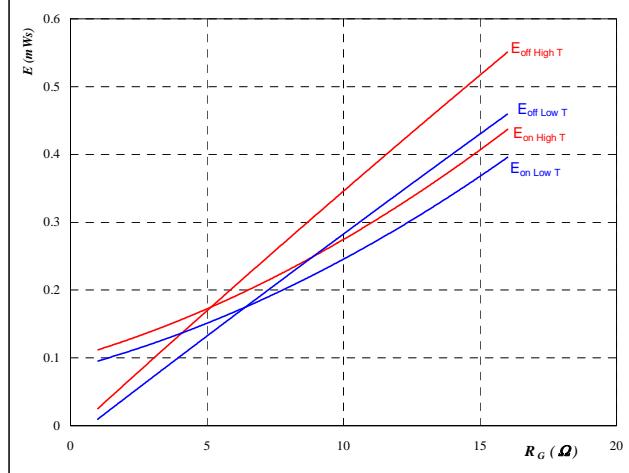
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 2 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 2 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

BOOST MOSFET

Figure 6
**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E = f(R_G)$$

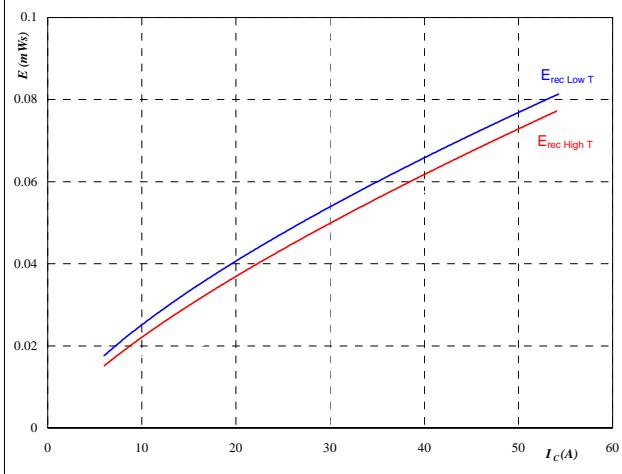


With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_D &= 30 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 7
**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector (drain) current**

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



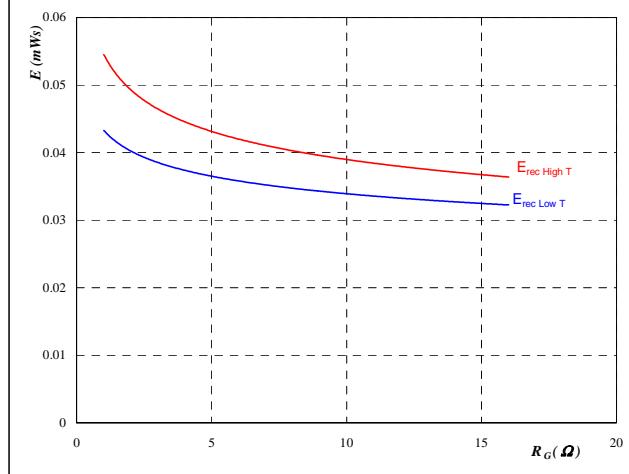
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 2 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 2 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

BOOST FWD

Figure 8
**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



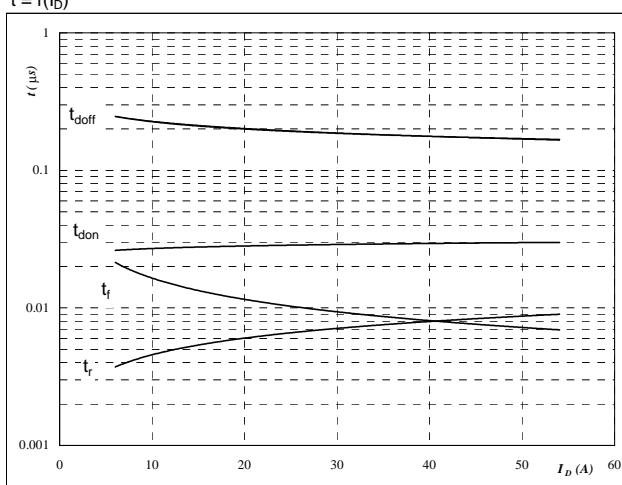
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_D &= 30 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 9

Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_D)$

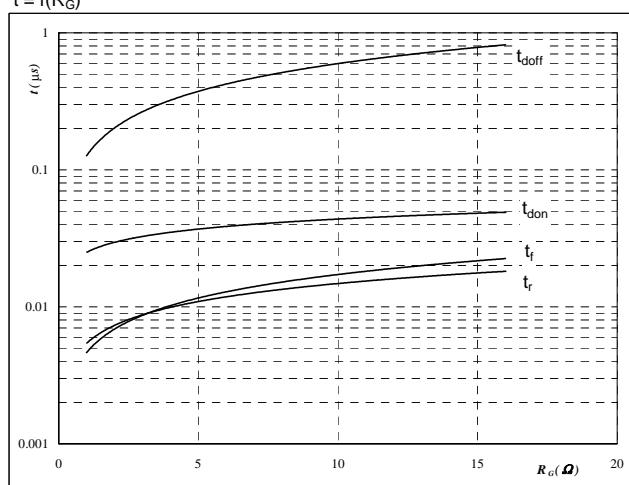


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

BOOST MOSFET
Figure 10

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_G)$

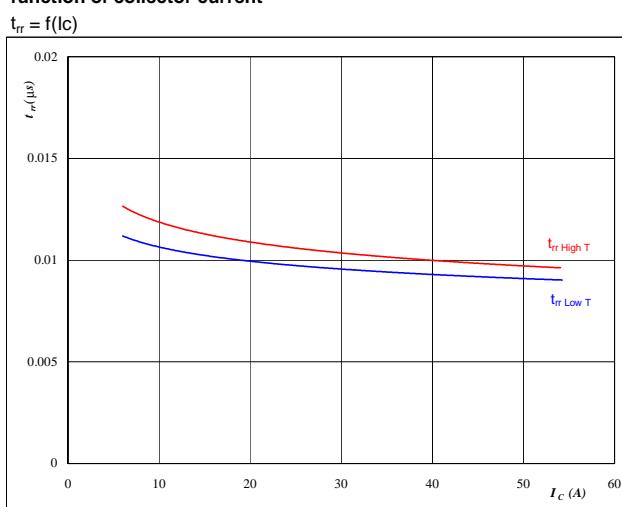


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

Figure 11

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

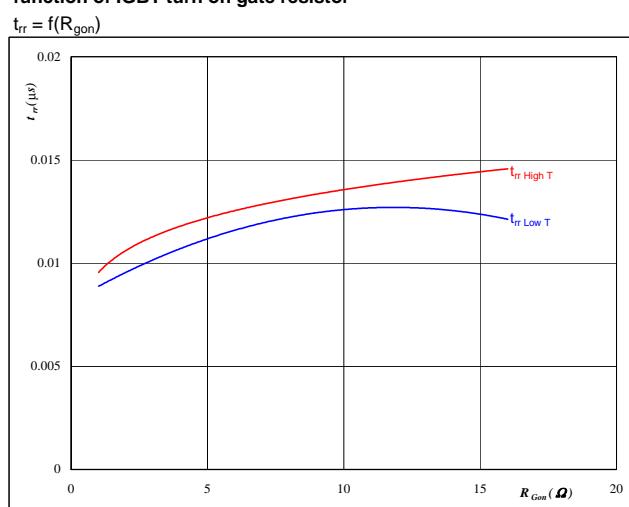


At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

BOOST FWD
Figure 12

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{Gon})$



At

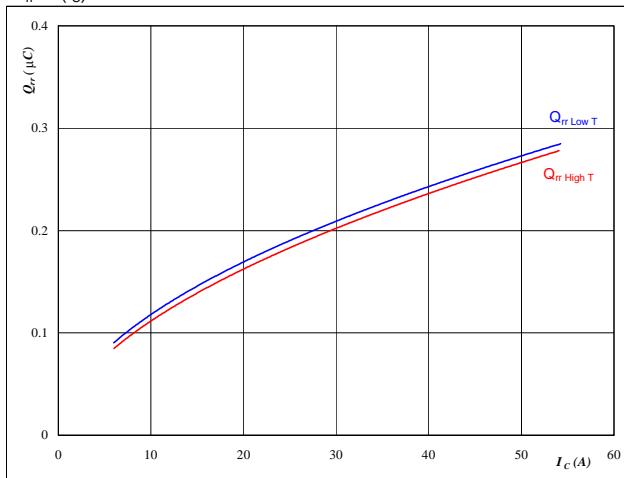
$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 30 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 13

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

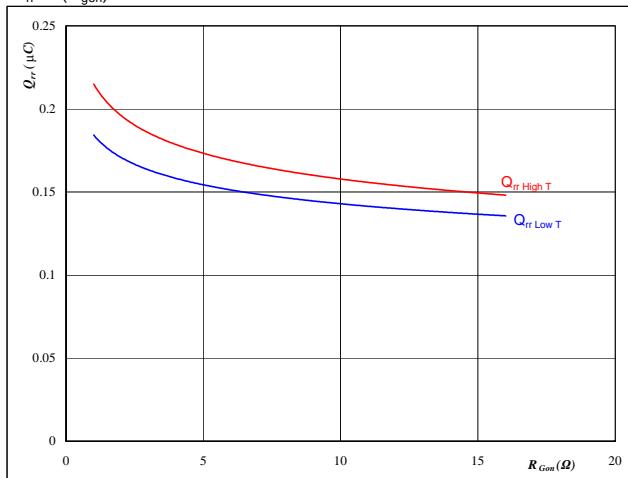

At

T_j = 25/125 °C
V_{CE} = 400 V
V_{GE} = 10 V
R_{gon} = 2 Ω

BOOST FWD
Figure 14

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

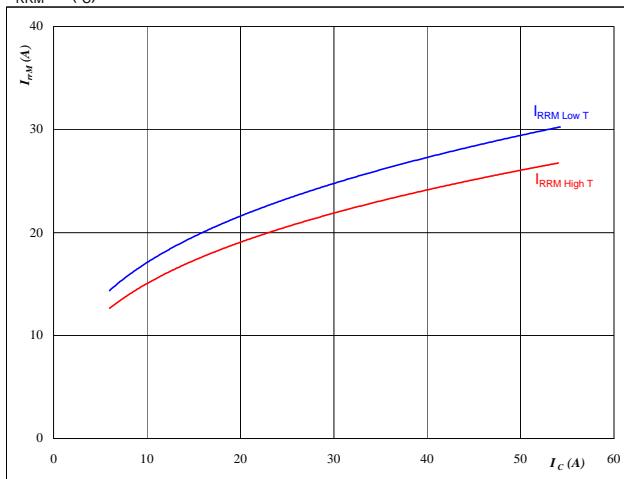

At

T_j = 25/125 °C
V_R = 400 V
I_F = 30 A
V_{GS} = 10 V

Figure 15

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$

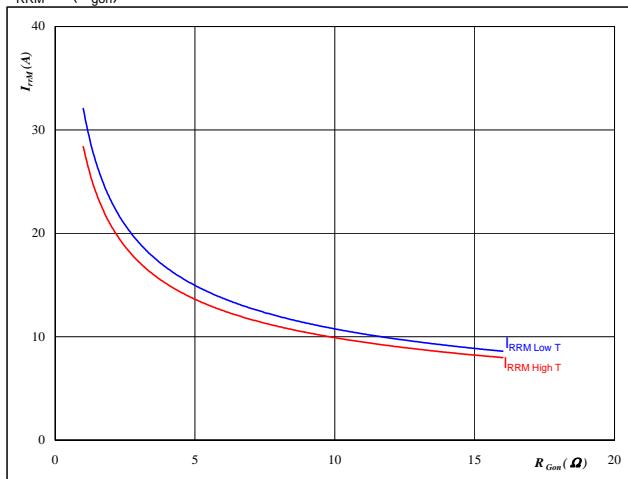

At

T_j = 25/125 °C
V_{CE} = 400 V
V_{GE} = 10 V
R_{gon} = 2 Ω

BOOST FWD
Figure 16

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

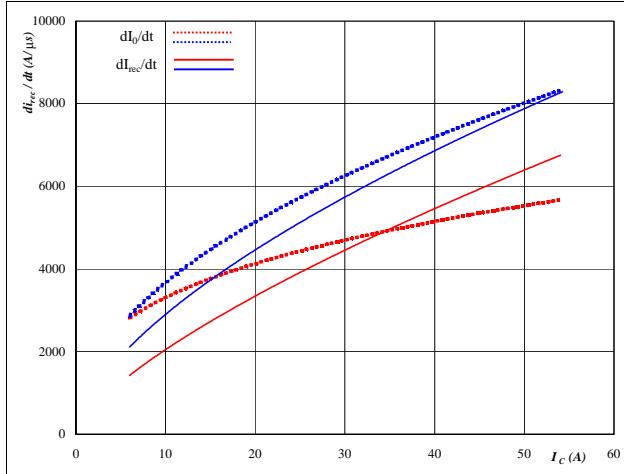
$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$


At

T_j = 25/125 °C
V_R = 400 V
I_F = 30 A
V_{GS} = 10 V

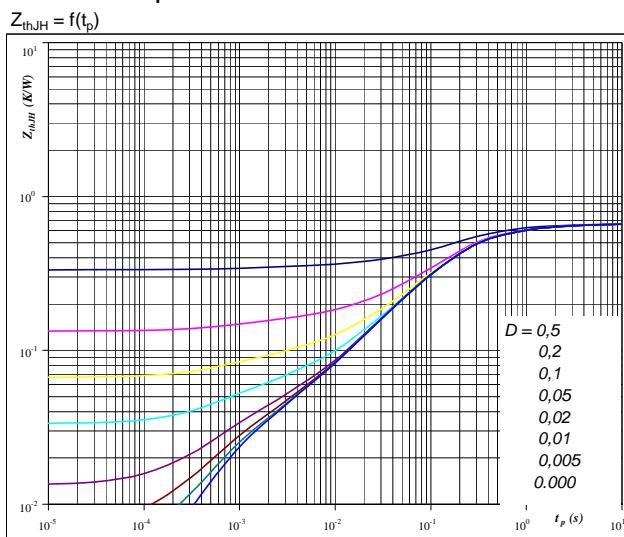
INPUT BOOST

Figure 17
**Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of collector current**
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$



At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{Gon} = 2 \Omega$

Figure 19
**IGBT/MOSFET transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width**

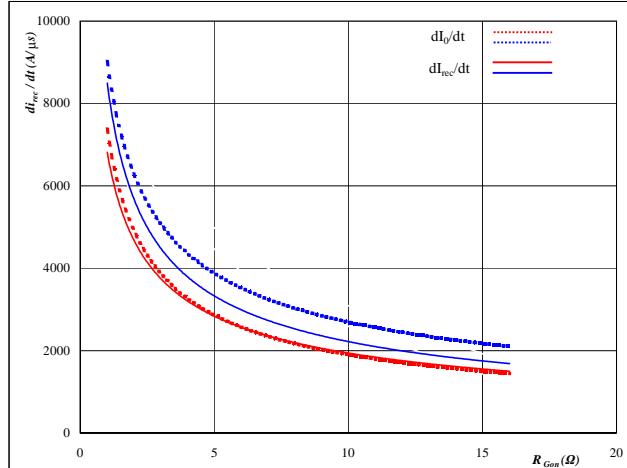


At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0.67 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

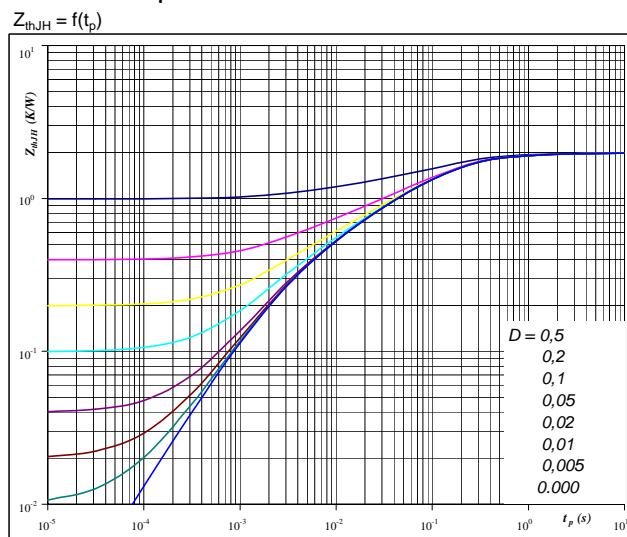
R (C/W)	Tau (s)
3.56E-02	5.26E+00
8.98E-02	9.94E-01
3.76E-01	1.88E-01
1.04E-01	6.08E-02
3.74E-02	1.20E-02
2.56E-02	9.33E-04

Figure 18
**Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{Gon})$



At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 30 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 20
**FWD transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width**



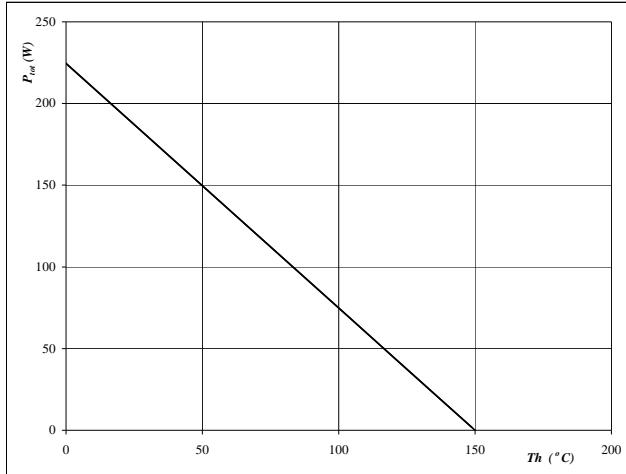
At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1.98 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
5.95E-02	3.91E+00
1.47E-01	7.03E-01
8.44E-01	1.45E-01
4.42E-01	4.35E-02
3.26E-01	9.54E-03
1.67E-01	2.01E-03

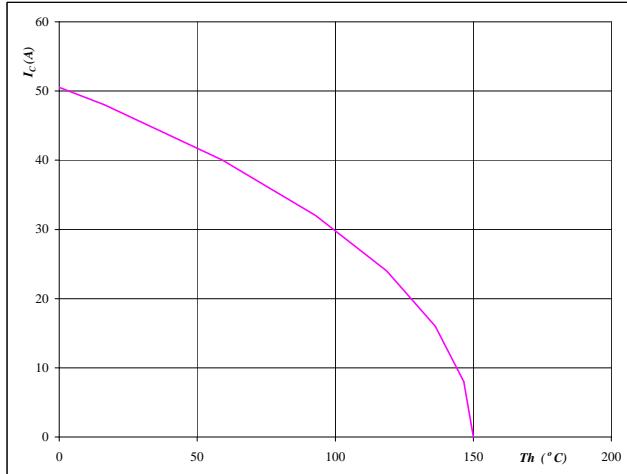
INPUT BOOST

Figure 21
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$



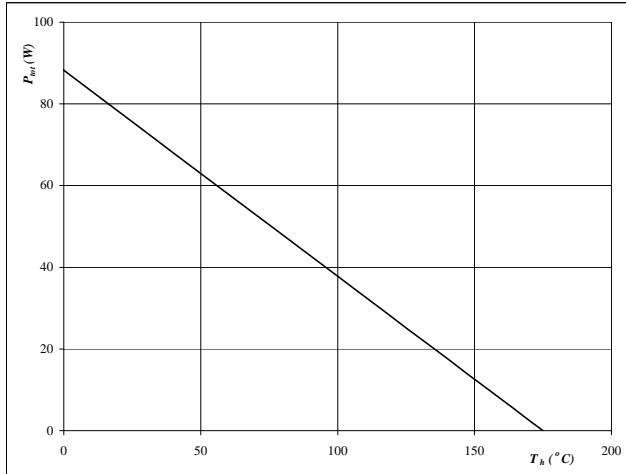
At
T_j = 150 °C

Figure 22
Collector/Drain current as a function of heatsink temperature
 $I_C = f(T_h)$



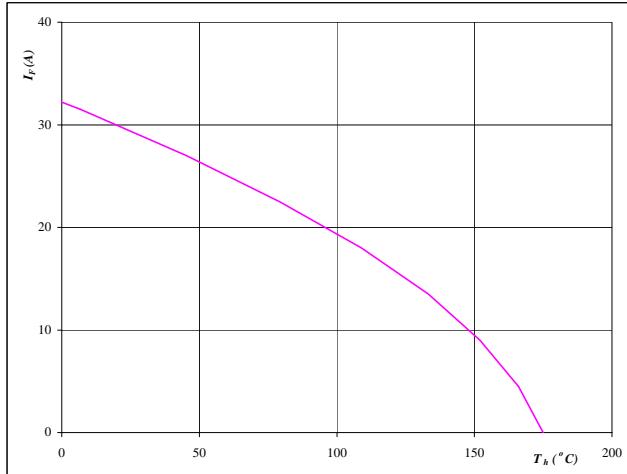
At
T_j = 150 °C
V_{GS} = 10 V

Figure 23
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$



At
T_j = 175 °C

Figure 24
Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature
 $I_F = f(T_h)$

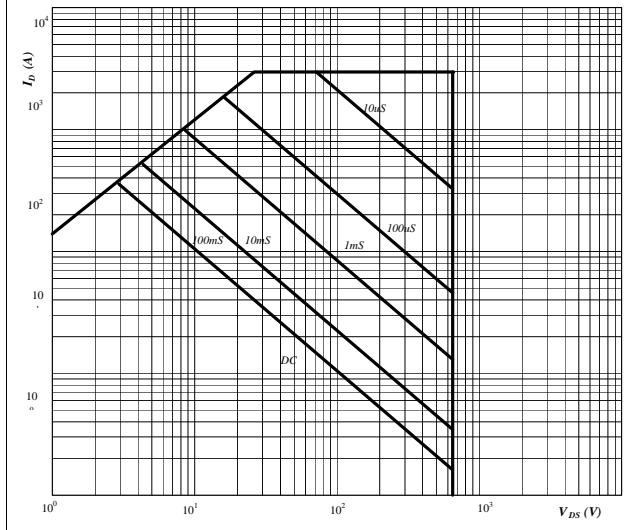


At
T_j = 175 °C

INPUT BOOST

Figure 25
**Safe operating area as a function
of drain-source voltage**

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$



At

D = single pulse

T_h = 80 °C

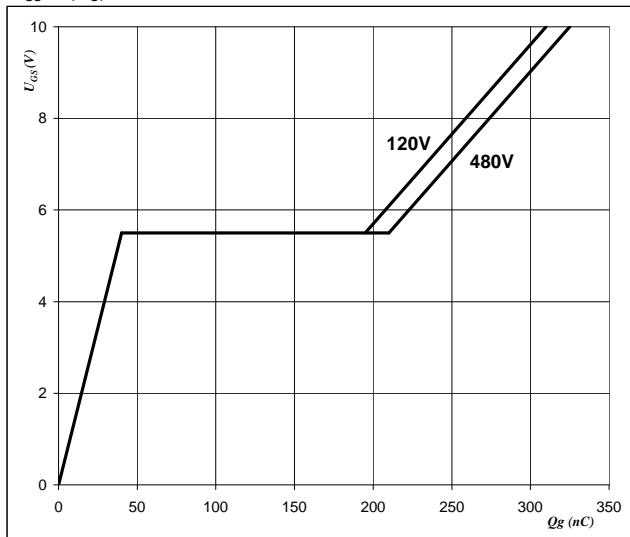
V_{GS} = 10 V

T_j = T_{jmax} °C

BOOST MOSFET

Figure 26
Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GS} = f(Qg)$$



At

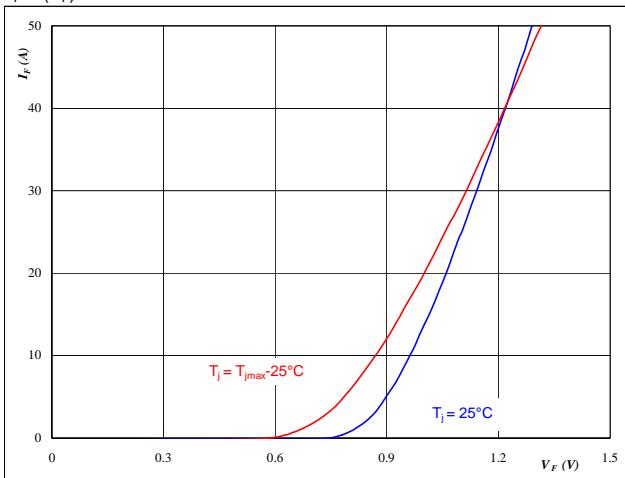
I_D = 50 A

Bypass Diode

Figure 1

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

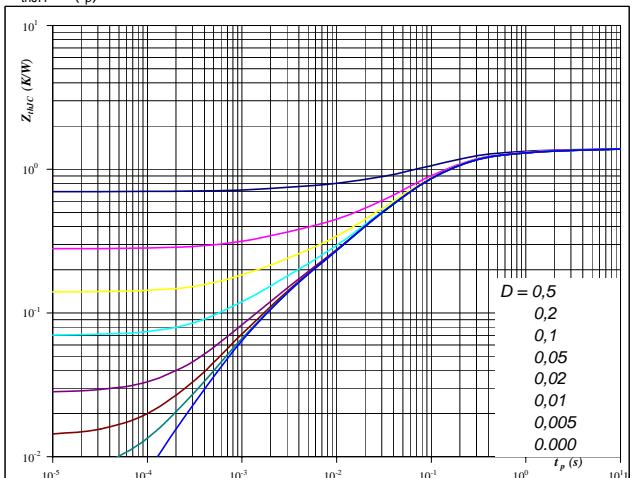

At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

Bypass diode
Figure 2

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$

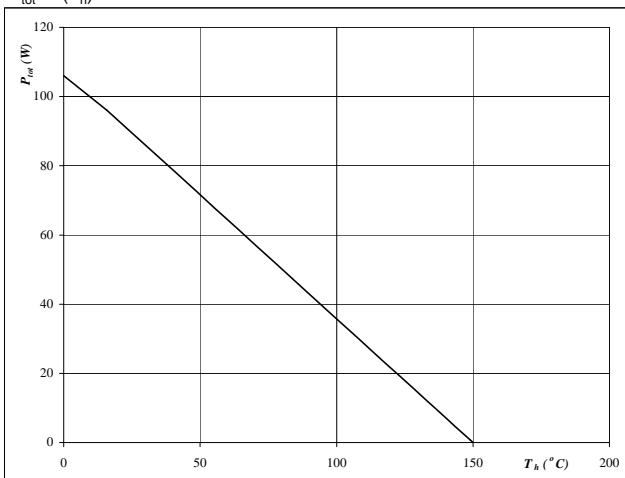

At

$$\begin{aligned} D &= t_p / T \\ R_{thJH} &= 1.397 \text{ K/W} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 3

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

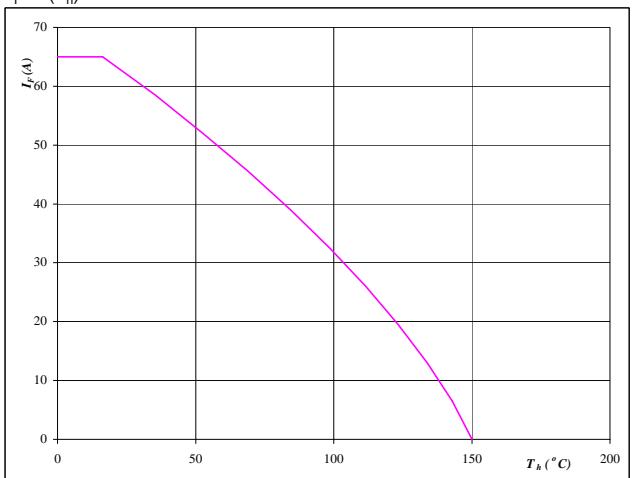

At

$$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

Bypass diode
Figure 4

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$


At

$$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

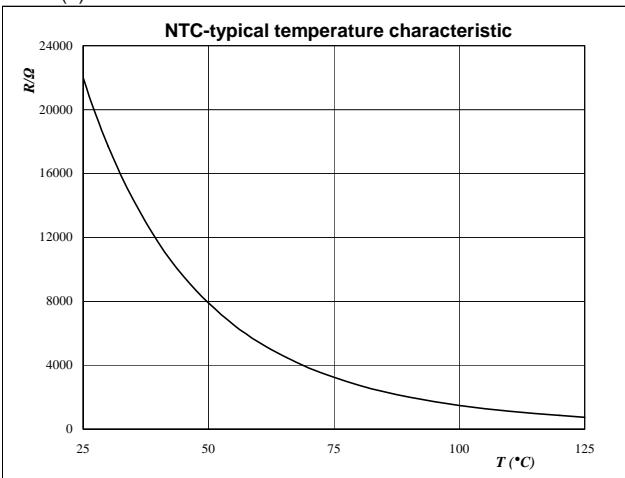
Thermistor

Figure 1

Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$



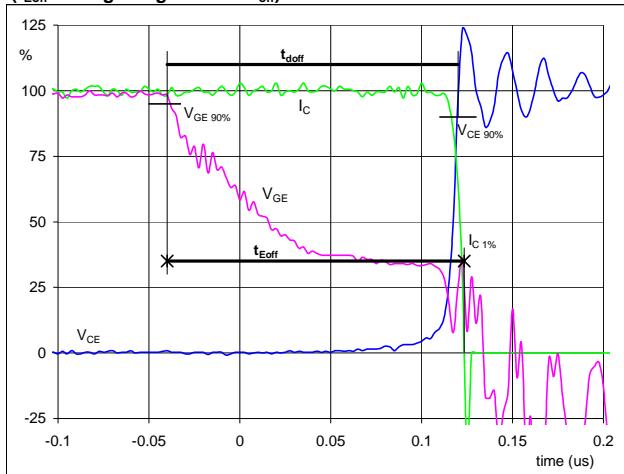
Switching Definitions H-Bridge MOSFET

General conditions

T_j	= 125 °C
R_{gon}	= 2 Ω
R_{goff}	= 2 Ω

Figure 1 H-Bridge MOSFET

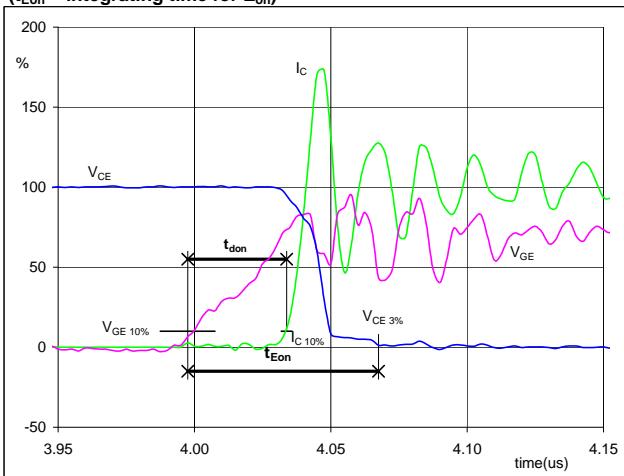
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
(t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})



$V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_{doff} = 0.15 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0.16 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 2 H-Bridge MOSFET

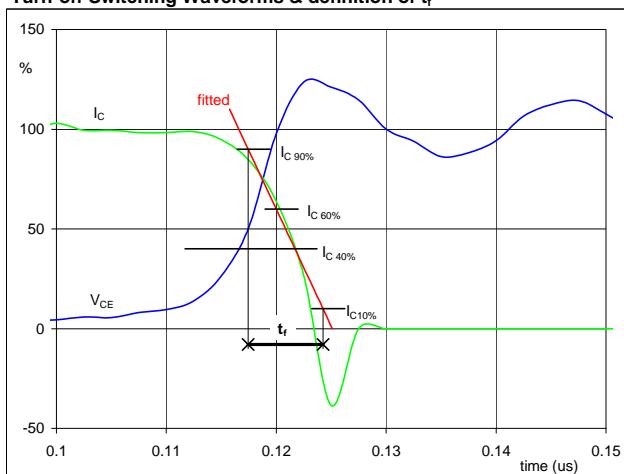
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
(t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})



$V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_{don} = 0.04 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0.07 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 3 H-Bridge MOSFET

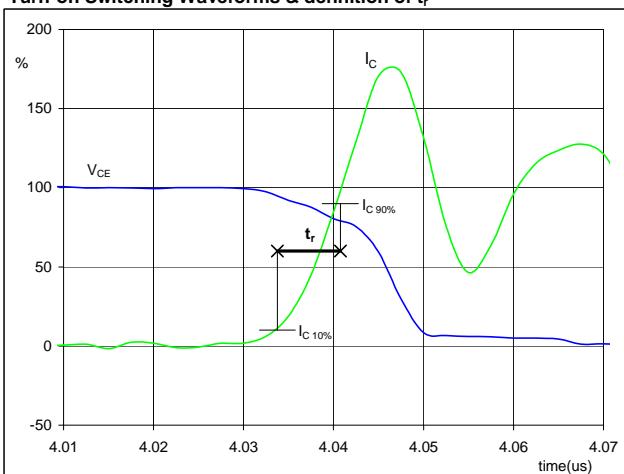
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f



$V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_f = 0.01 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 4 H-Bridge MOSFET

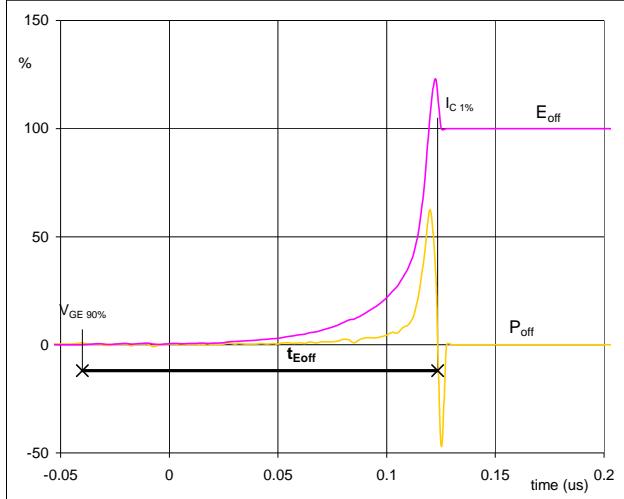
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r



$V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $t_r = 0.01 \mu\text{s}$

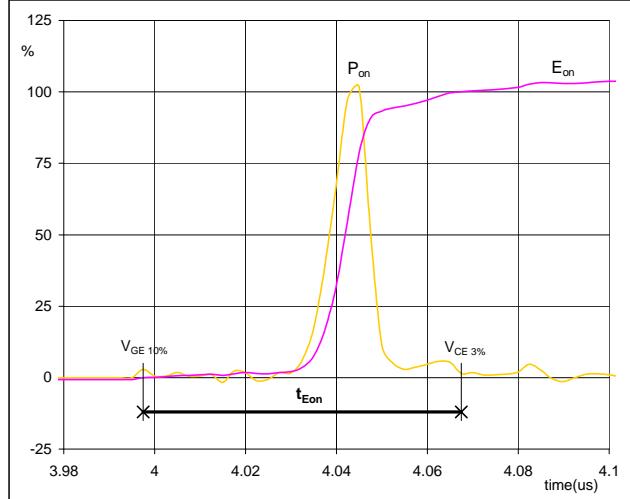
Switching Definitions H-Bridge MOSFET

Figure 5 H-Bridge MOSFET
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}



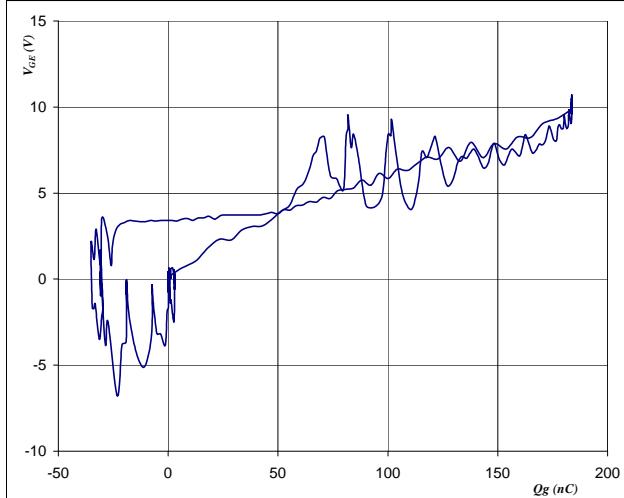
$P_{off} (100\%) = 12.04 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 0.03 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0.16 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 6 H-Bridge MOSFET
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}



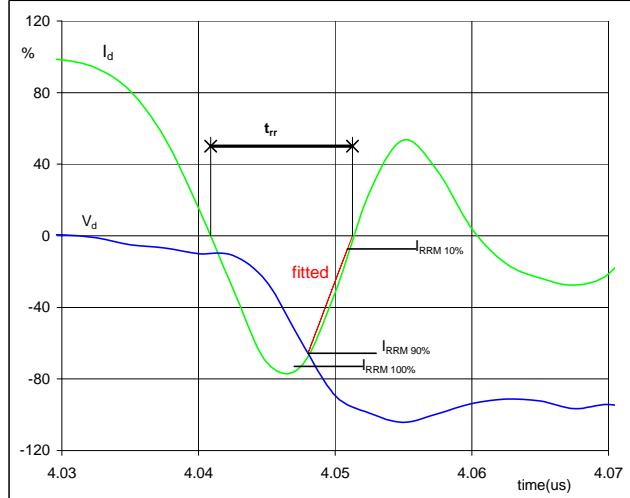
$P_{on} (100\%) = 12.04 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0.14 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0.07 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 7 H-Bridge MOSFET
Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)



$V_{GEoff} = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GEon} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C (100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C (100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $Q_g = 183.73 \text{ nC}$

Figure 8 H-Bridge FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



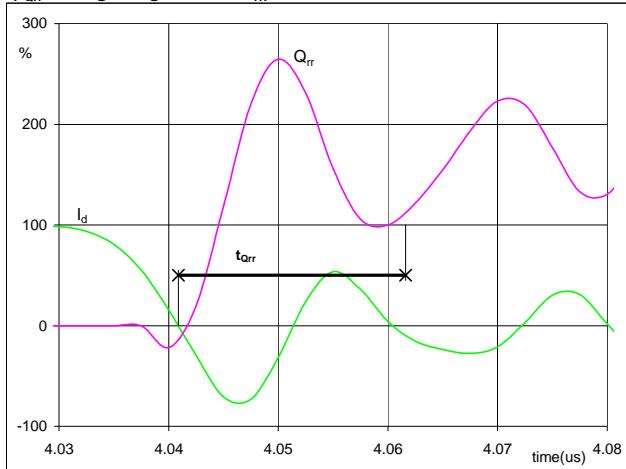
$V_d (100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_d (100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -24 \text{ A}$
 $t_{rr} = 0.01 \mu\text{s}$

Switching Definitions H-Bridge MOSFET

Figure 9

H-Bridge FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
(t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})

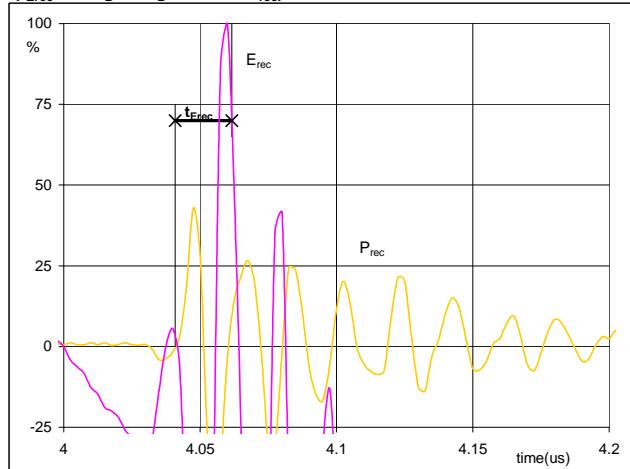


$I_d(100\%) = 30 \text{ A}$
 $Q_{rr}(100\%) = 0.12 \mu\text{C}$
 $t_{Qrr} = 0.02 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 10

H-Bridge FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
(t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})



$P_{rec}(100\%) = 12.04 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{rec}(100\%) = 0.02 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Erec} = 0.02 \mu\text{s}$

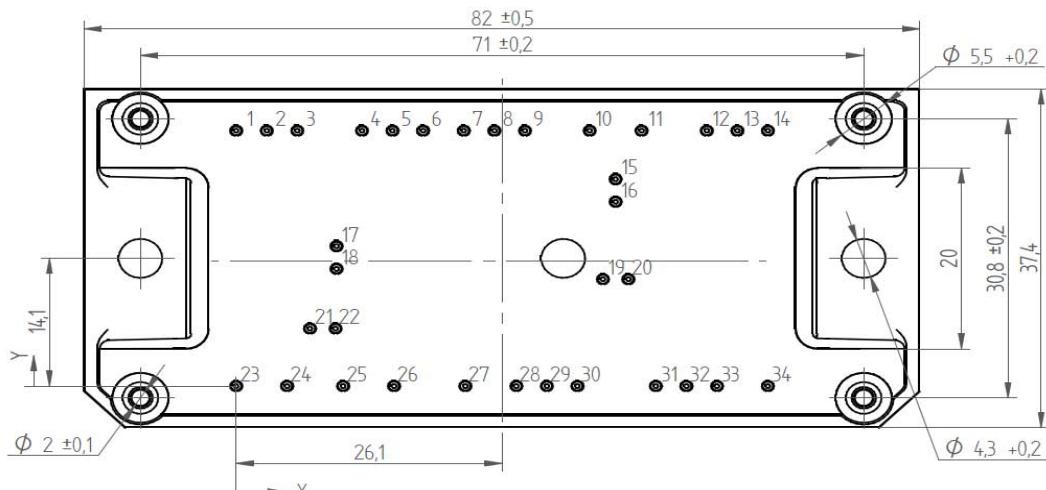
Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

Ordering Code & Marking

Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
without thermal paste 12mm housing	10-FY07BIA041MC-M528E58	M528E58	M528E58

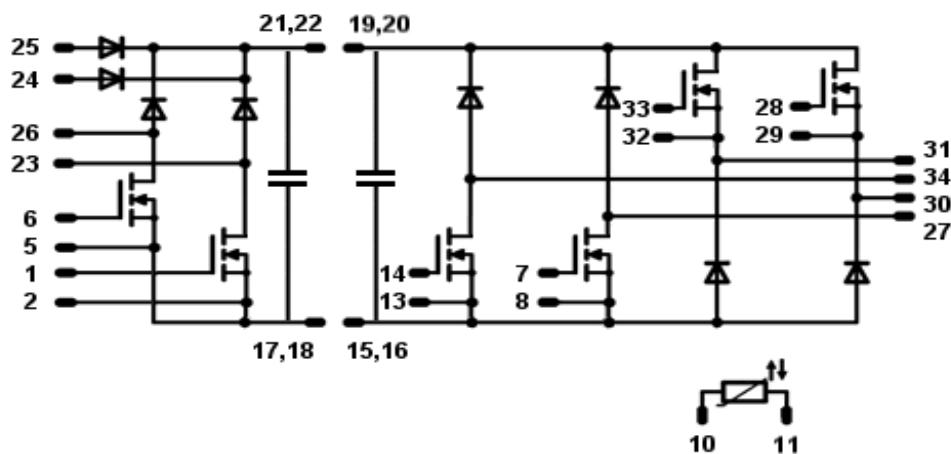
Outline

Pin table		
Pin	X	Y
1	0	28,2
2	3	28,2
3	6	28,2
4	12,35	28,2
5	15,35	28,2
6	18,35	28,2
7	22,35	28,2
8	25,35	28,2
9	28,35	28,2
10	34,7	28,2
11	39,8	28,2
12	46,2	28,2
13	49,2	28,2
14	52,2	28,2
15	37,25	22,85
16	37,25	20,35
17	9,85	15,45
18	9,85	12,95
19	36	11,8
20	38,5	11,8
21	7,25	6,35
22	9,75	6,35
23	0	0
24	5	0
25	10,5	0
26	15,5	0
Pin table		
27	22,5	0
28	27,5	0
29	30,5	0
30	33,5	0
34	52,2	0



Tolerance of pinpositions: $\pm 0,5\text{mm}$ at the end of pins
 Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance
 PCB cutouts and holes see in handling instructions document

Pinout



Pins 3,4,9,12 are not connected.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Datasheet Status	Product Status	Definition
Target	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data may be published at a later date. Vincotech reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.
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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.