

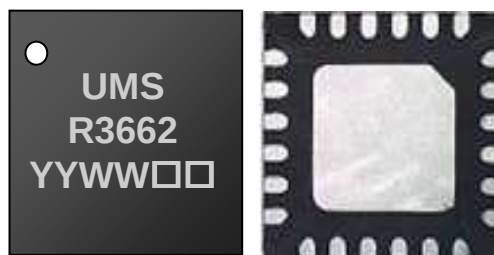
7-16GHz Integrated Down Converter

GaAs Monolithic Microwave IC in SMD package

Description

The CHR3662-QDG is a multifunction part, which integrates a balanced cold FET mixer, a LO buffer, and a RF LNA including gain control. It is designed for a wide range of applications, typically commercial communication systems. The circuit is manufactured with a pHEMT process 0.25 μ m.

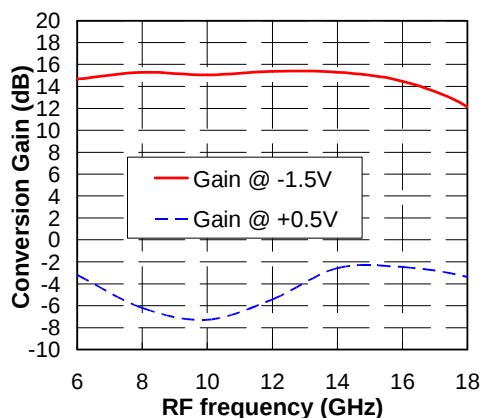
It is available in lead-free SMD package.



Main Features

- Broadband RF performance 7-16GHz
- 13dB gain
- 15dBc Image Frequency Rejection
- 0dBm Input IP3
- 15dB Gain control
- 24LQFN4x4
- ESD protected
- MSL Level: 1

Conversion gain (Sup. Mode) @FI=2GHz



Main Characteristics

Tamb = +25°C, Vd= 4.5V

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
F _{RF}	RF frequency range	7		16	GHz
F _{LO}	LO frequency range	4.5		19.5	GHz
F _{IF}	IF frequency range	DC		3.5	GHz
G _c	Conversion gain maximum	11	14		dB

ESD Protections: Electrostatic discharge sensitive device observe handling precautions!

Electrical Characteristics

T_{amb} = +25°C, V_d = 4.5V

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
F _{RF}	RF frequency range	7		16	GHz
F _{LO}	LO frequency range	4.5		19.5	GHz
F _{IF}	IF frequency range	DC		3.5	GHz
G _c	Conversion gain @ V2_V3=-1.5V (1) (gain max)	11	14		dB
	Conversion gain @ V2_V3=+0.5V (1) (gain min)		-4	-2	dB
ΔG	Gain control range	13	15		dB
NF	Noise Figure @ V2_V3=-1.5V (gain max)		3	3.5	dB
IFR	Image Frequency Rejection (1)	13	15		dBc
P _{LO}	LO Input power		0		dBm
IIP3	Input IP3@ gain max.		0		dBm
	Input IP3 all attenuation		-3		
LO RL	LO Return Loss		-7	-6	dB
RF RL	RF Return Loss @ Gain max		-9	-6	dB
	RF Return Loss @ Gain min		-5	-4	
LO/RF	LO leakage at RF port @ max. gain		-35		dBm
V _d	DC drain voltage		4.5		V
I _d	Drain current	210	280	350	mA
V _G	DC gate voltage LNA		-0.3		V
V2_V3	DC gain control voltage	-1.5		0.5	V
B	DC gate control voltage LO buffer		-5		V
VGM	DC gate voltage mixer		-1		V

(1) An external combiner 90° is necessary on I / Q.

Note: I_d is not affected by V2, V3.

These values are representative of onboard measurements as defined on the drawing given in the paragraph "Evaluation mother board".

Absolute Maximum Ratings ⁽¹⁾T_{amb} = +25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Values	Unit
V _d	Maximum drain bias voltage	5	V
I _d	Maximum drain bias current	400	mA
V _G , V _{GM}	Gate bias voltage range	-2.0 to +0.6	V
V ₂ , V ₃	Gain control voltage range	-2.0 to +1	V
P _{RF}	Maximum peak input power overdrive	10	dBm
P _{LO}	Maximum LO input power	10	dBm
T _{ch}	Maximum channel temperature	175	°C
T _a	Operating temperature range	-40 to +85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-55 to +125	°C

(1) Operation of this device above anyone of these parameters may cause permanent damage.

Device thermal performances

All the figures given in this section are obtained assuming that the QFN device is cooled down only by conduction through the package thermal pad (no convection mode considered).

The temperature is monitored at the package back-side interface (T_{case}) as shown below. The system maximum temperature must be adjusted in order to guarantee that T_{case} remains below than the maximum value specified in the next table. So, the system PCB must be designed to comply with this requirement.

A derating must be applied on the dissipated power if the T_{case} temperature can not be maintained below than the maximum temperature specified (see the curve $P_{diss. Max}$) in order to guarantee the nominal device life time (MTTF).

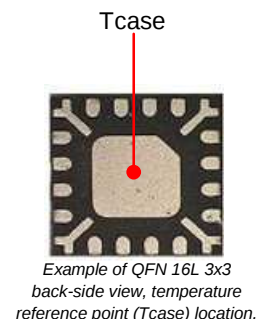
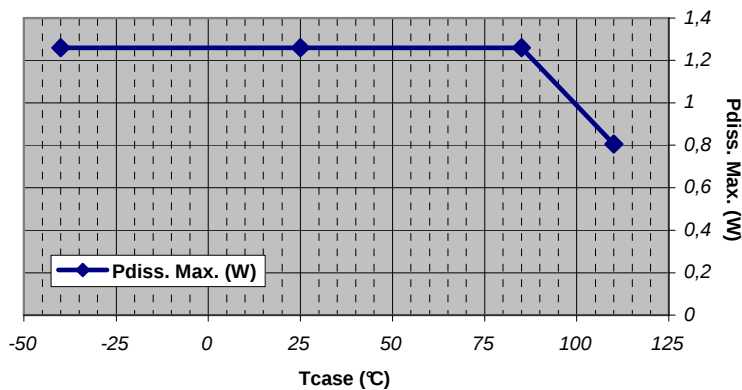
DEVICE THERMAL SPECIFICATION : CHR3662-QDG

Max. junction temperature (T_j max)	:	154 °C
Max. continuous dissipated power @ $T_{case} = 85$ °C	:	1,26 W
=> P_{diss} derating above $T_{case}^{(1)} = 85$ °C	:	18 mW/°C
Junction-Case thermal resistance ($R_{th J-C}^{(2)}$)	:	<55 °C/W
Min. package back side operating temperature ⁽³⁾	:	-40 °C
Max. package back side operating temperature ⁽³⁾	:	85 °C
Min. storage temperature	:	-55 °C
Max. storage temperature	:	125 °C

(1) Derating at junction temperature constant = T_j max.

(2) $R_{th J-C}$ is calculated for a worst case where the **hotter junction** of the MMIC is considered.

(3) T_{case} = Package back side temperature measured under the die-attach-pad (see the drawing below).

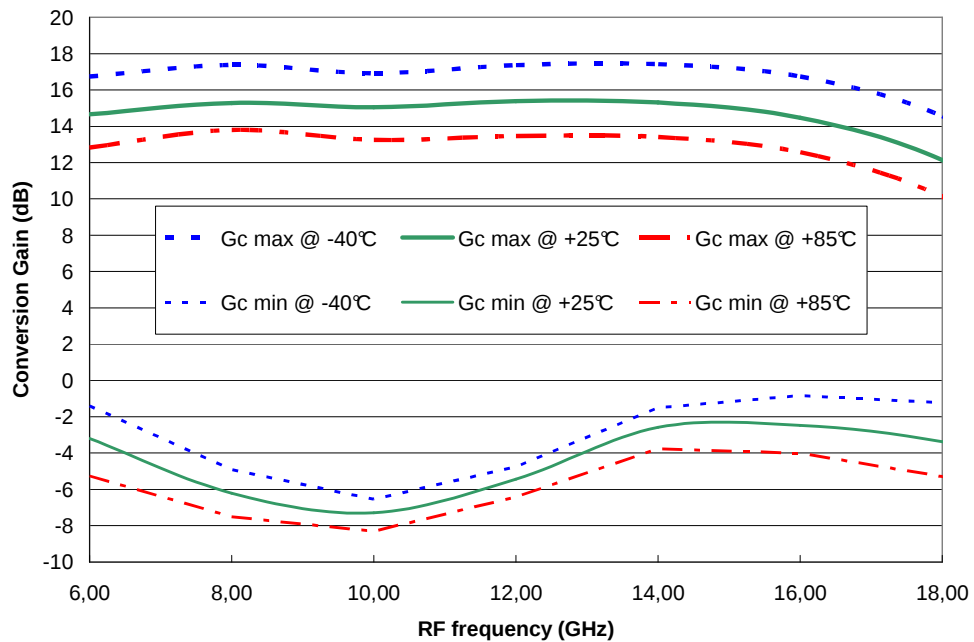


Typical Measured Performances

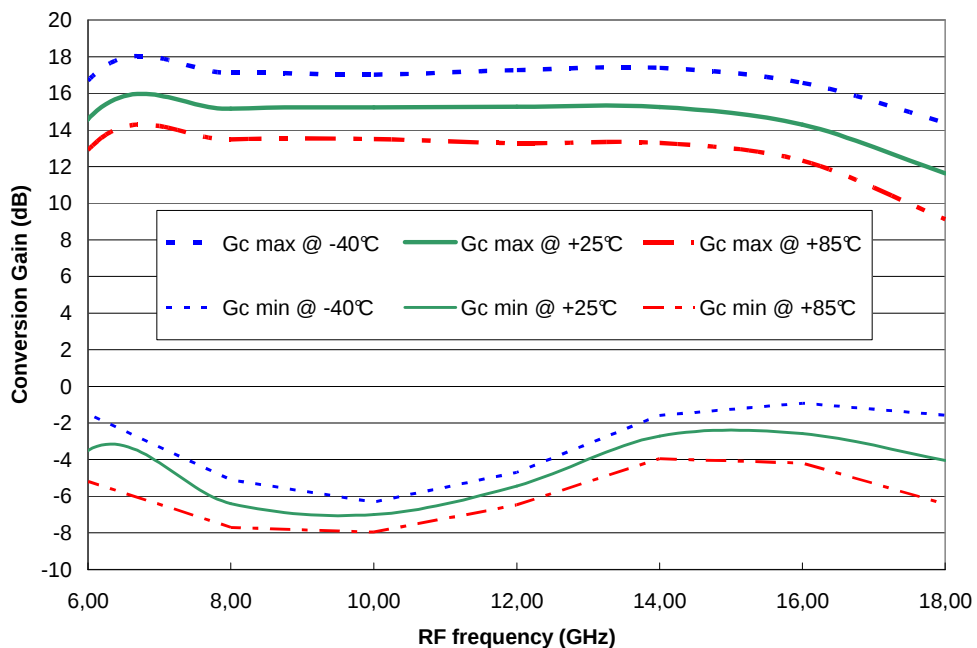
T_{amb} = +25°C, V_D = 4.5V, Typical B = -5V & V_G = -0.3V & V_{GM} = -1V, P_{LO}=0dBm

These values are representative of onboard measurements (on connectors access planes) as defined on the drawing 97342 page 14. The board loss is estimated to 0.5 to 1.5dB in the frequency range.

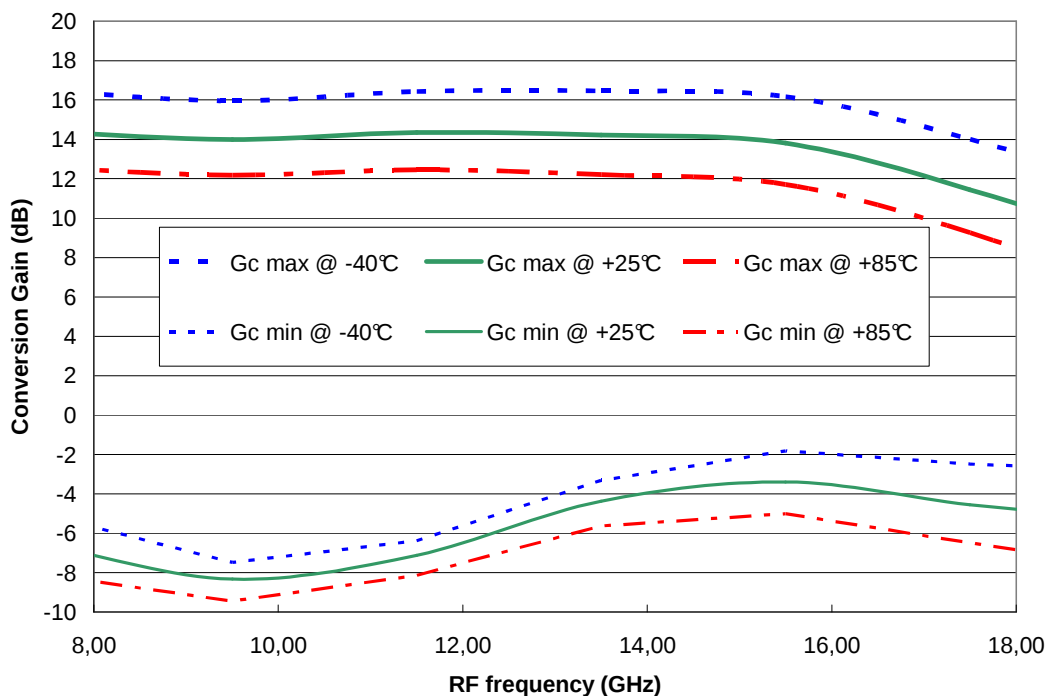
**Conversion Gain @ Freq_IF= 2GHz, F_RF= F_LO + F_IF
versus gain control & temperature**



**Conversion Gain @ Freq_IF= 2GHz, F_RF= F_LO - F_IF
versus gain control & temperature**



**Conversion Gain @ Freq_IF= 3.5GHz, F_RF= F_LO + F_IF
versus gain control & temperature**



**Conversion Gain @ Freq_IF= 3.5GHz, F_RF= F_LO - F_IF
versus gain control & temperature**

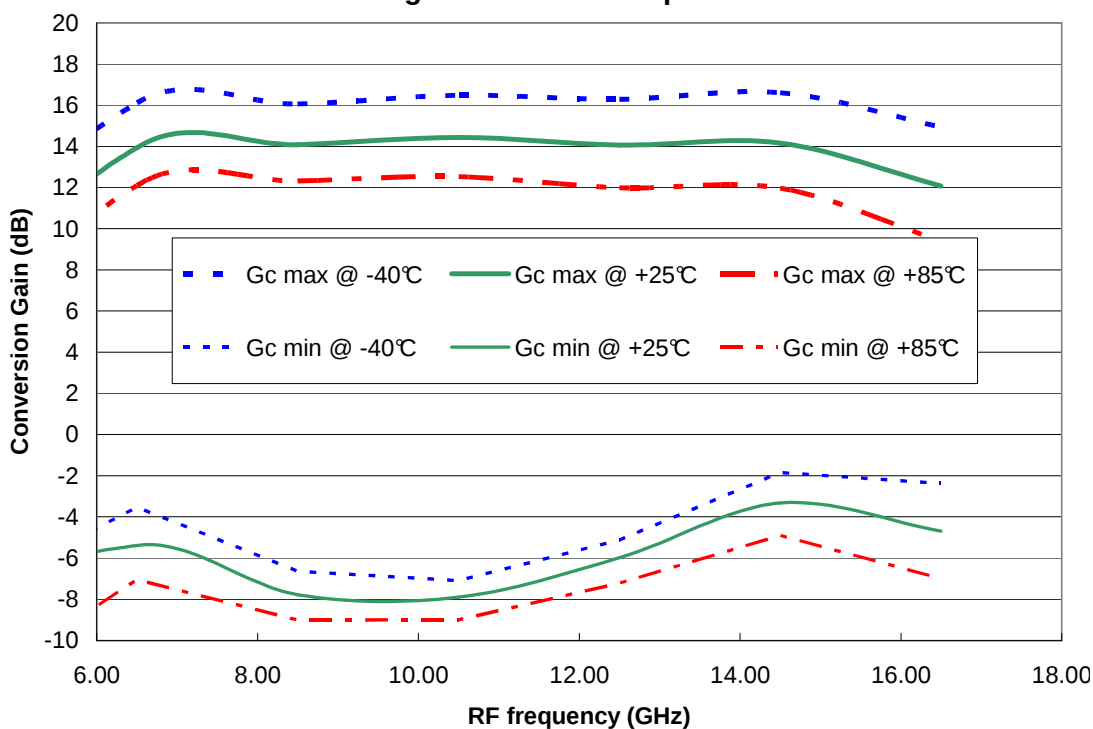
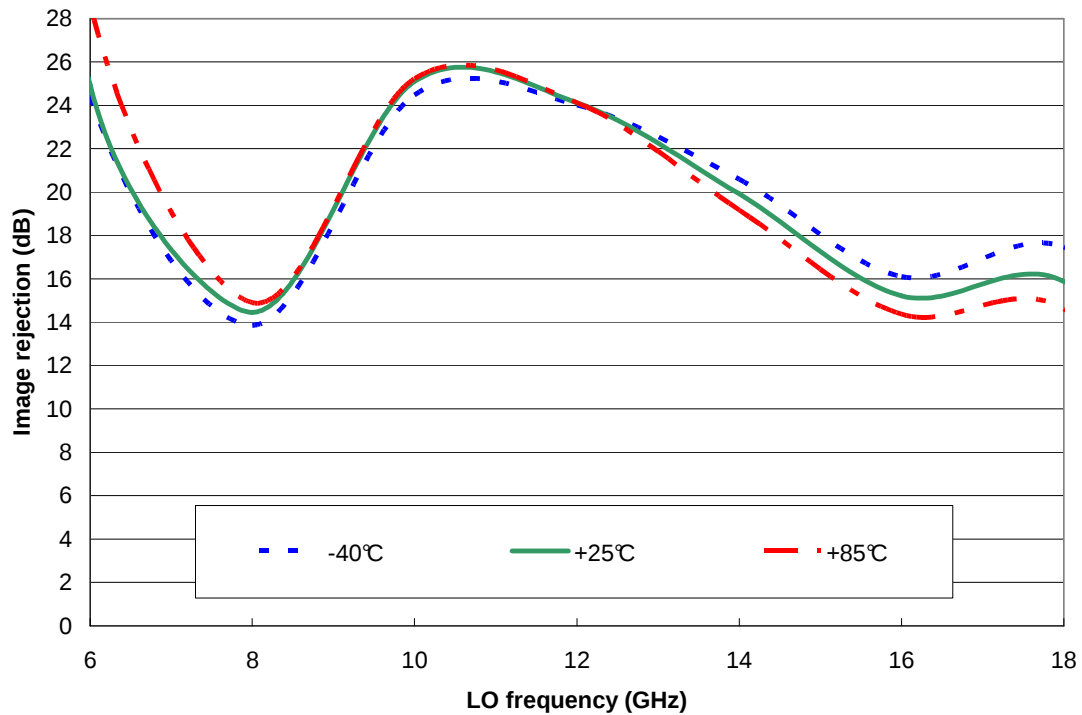
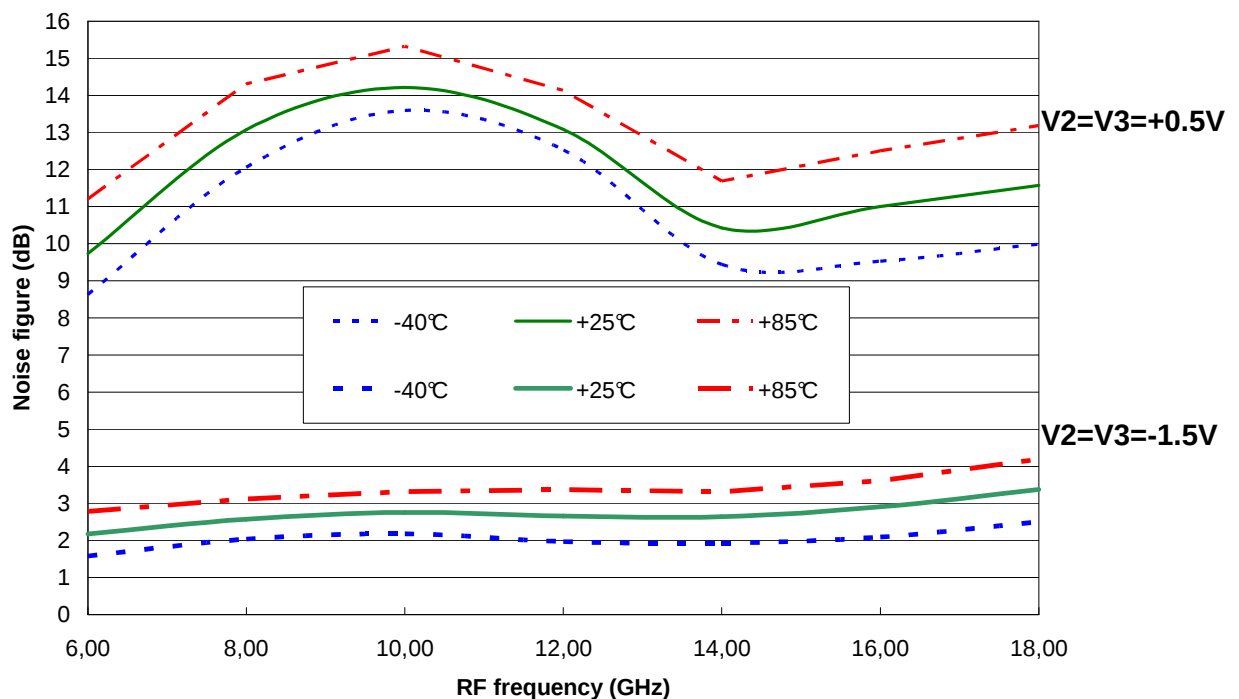


Image rejection @ Freq_IF= 2GHz, V2=V3=-1.5V
versus temperature

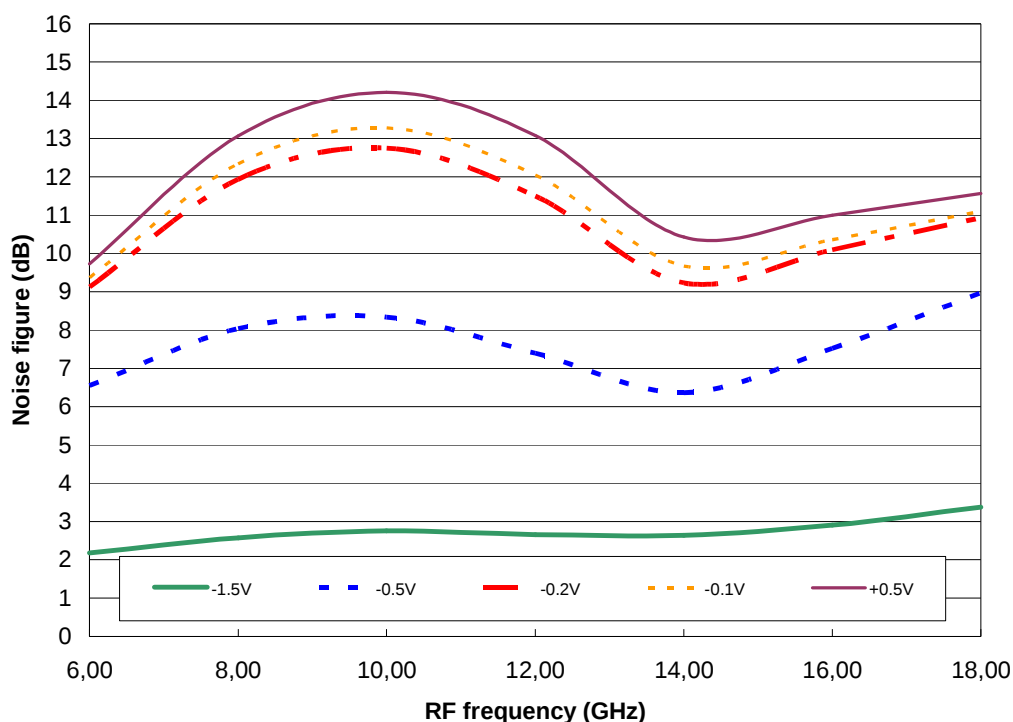


Noise figure @ Freq_IF= 2GHz
versus gain & temperature



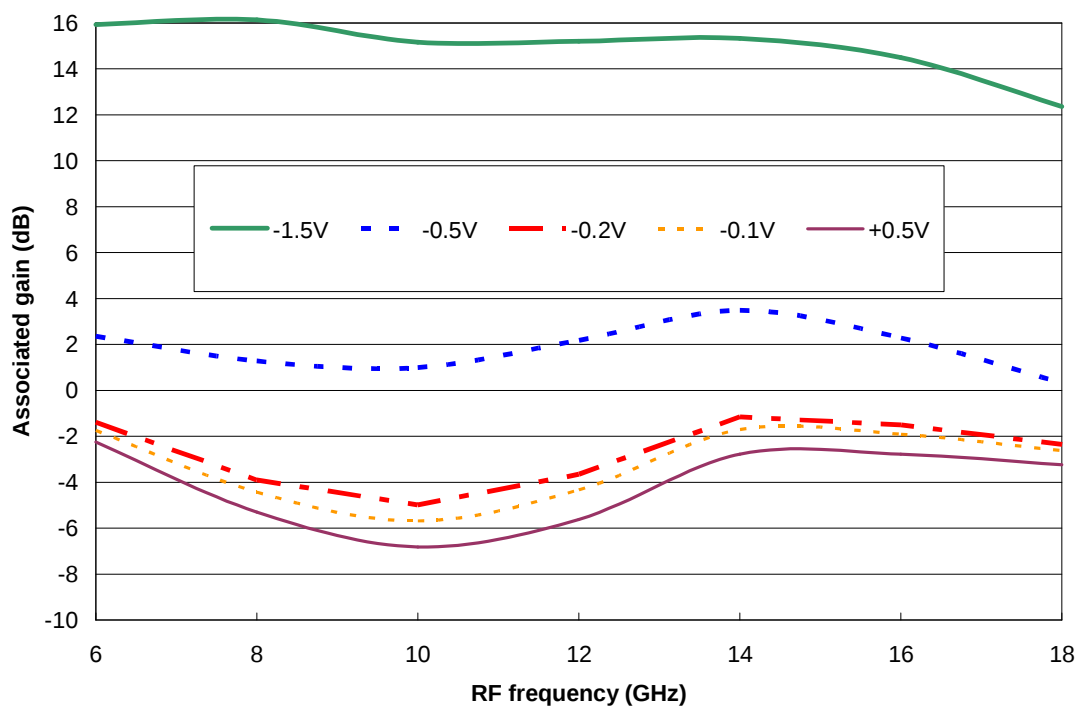
Rem: The losses due to board are removed for noise measurements.

**Noise figure @ Freq_IF= 2GHz
versus V2,V3 at 25°C**

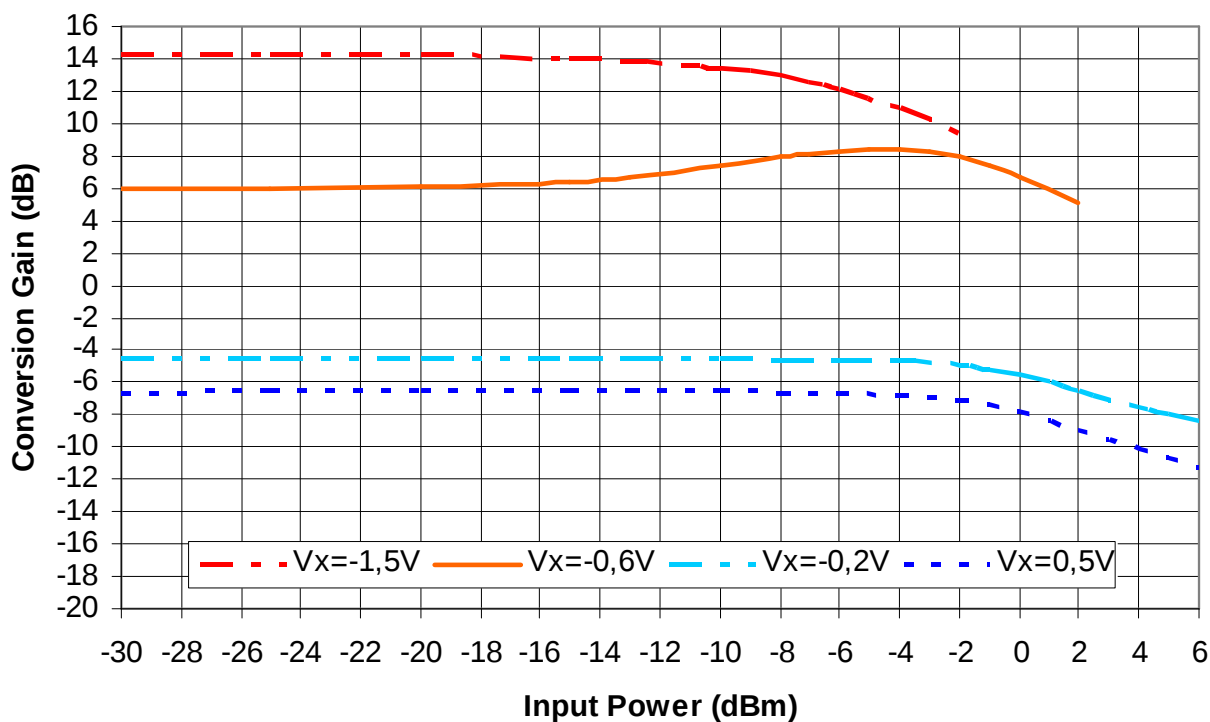


Rem: The losses due to board are removed for noise measurements.

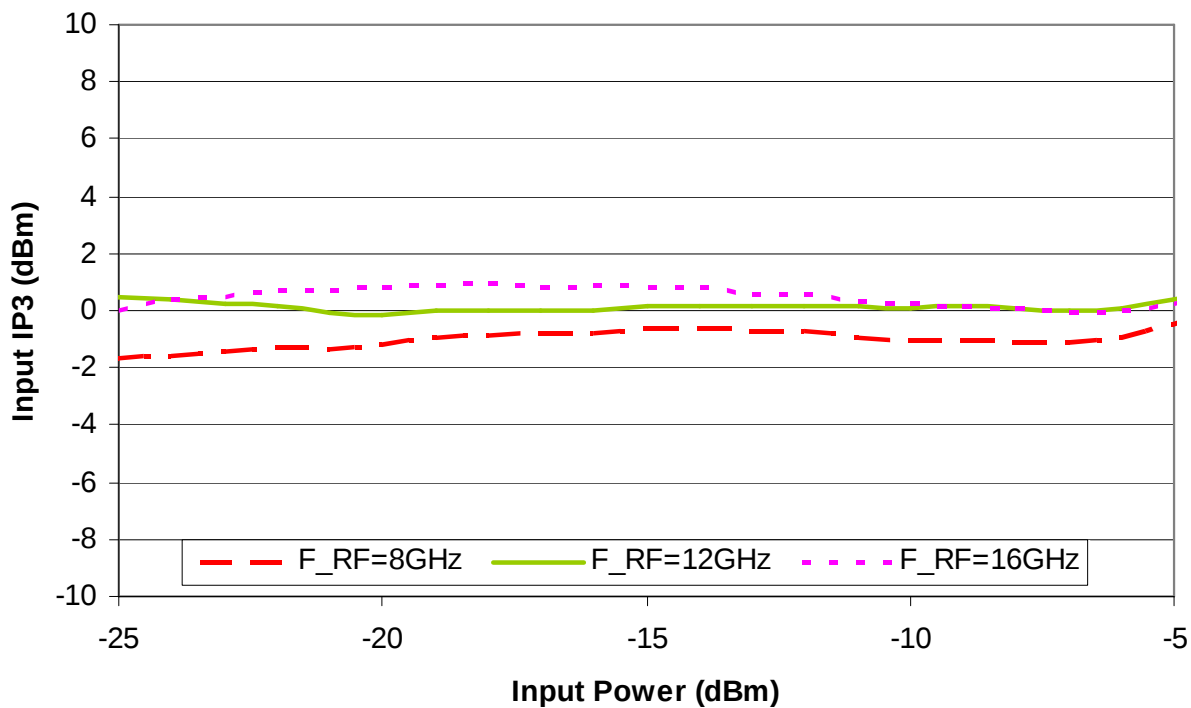
**Associated gain @ Freq_IF= 2GHz
versus V2,V3 at 25°C**



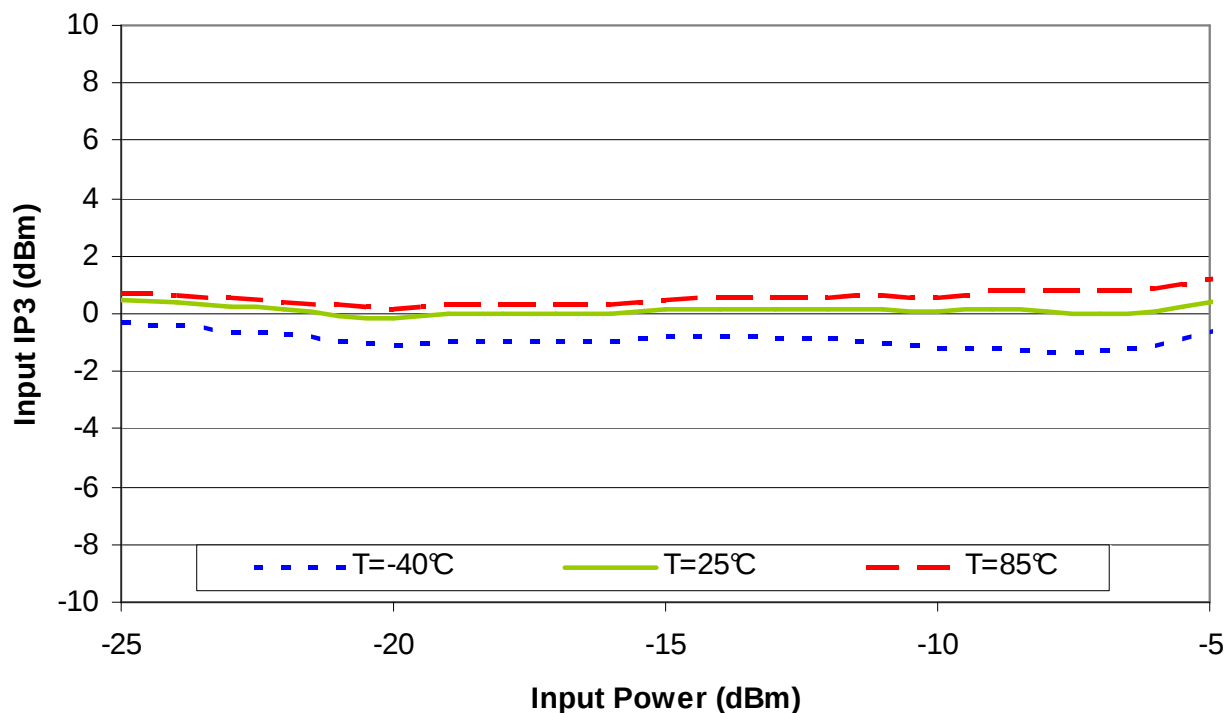
Compression (Sup. mode) @ Freq_RF= 12GHz, Freq_IF= 2GHz
versus V2, V3 & P_RF



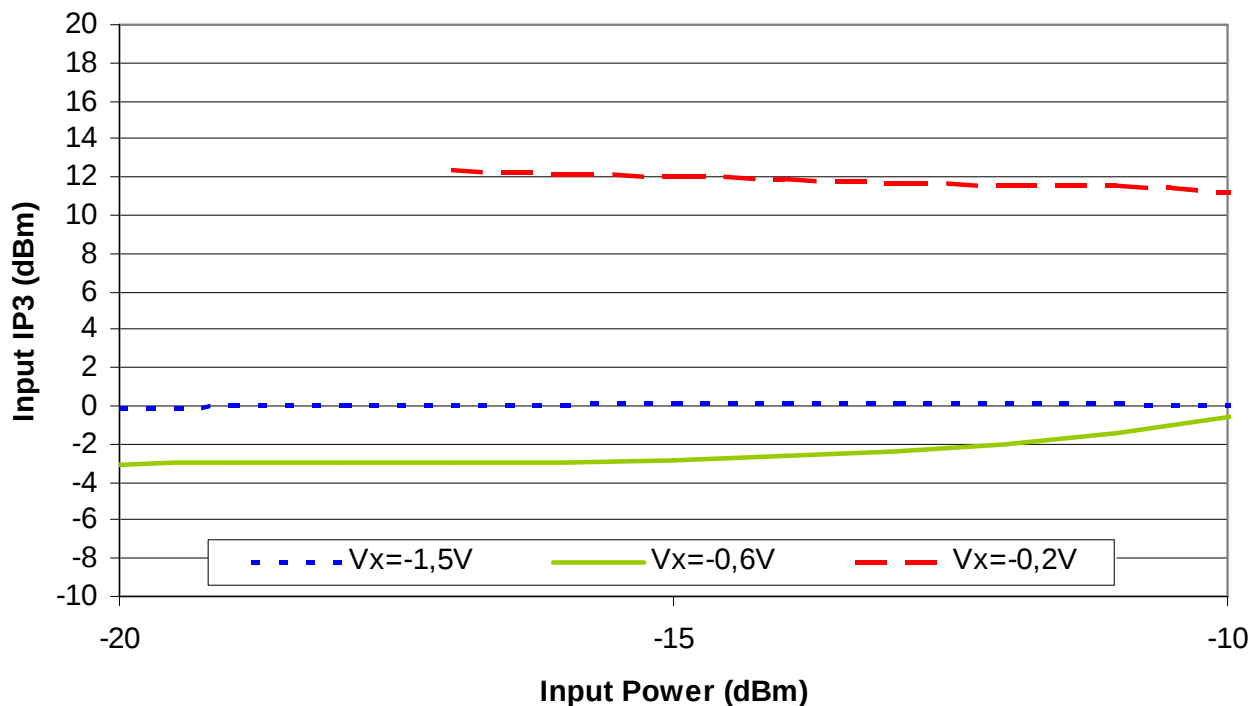
Input IP3 @ Freq_IF= 3.5GHz, V2=V3=-1.5V & T=25°C
versus FreqRF & P_RF (Double Carrier)



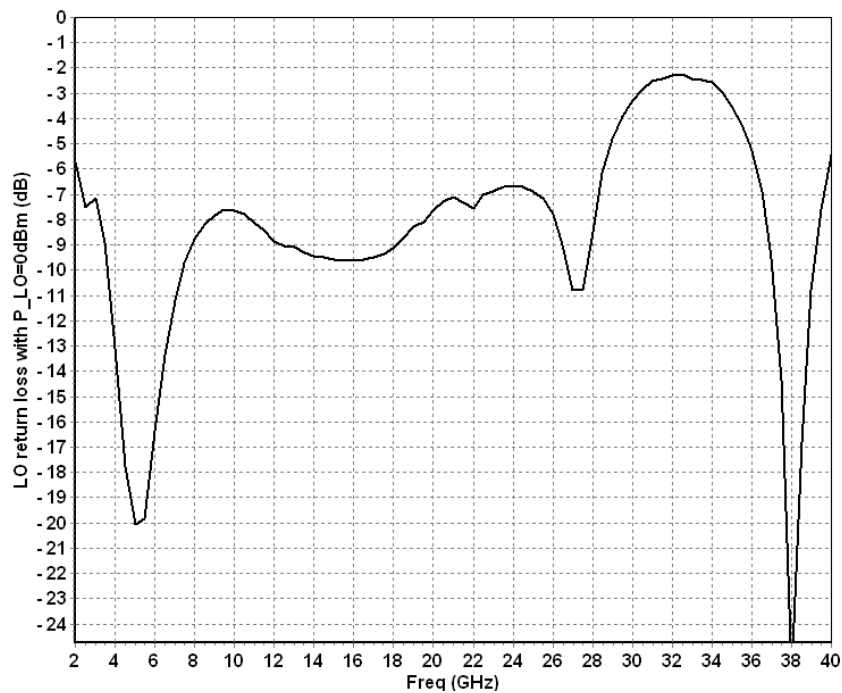
Input IP3 @Freq_RF=12GHz, Freq_IF= 3.5GHz & V2=V3=-1.5V
versus T & P_RF (Double Carrier)



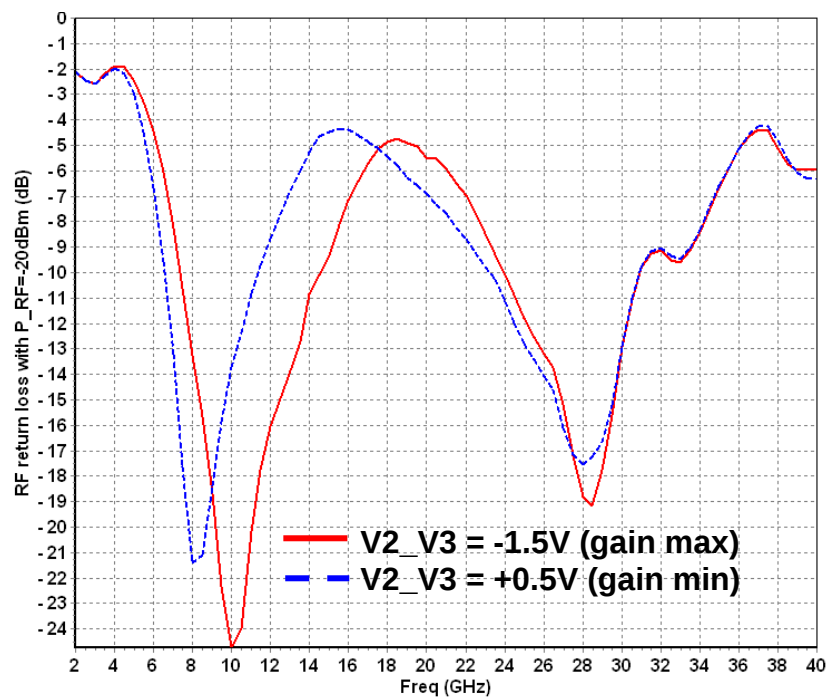
Input IP3 @Freq_RF=12GHz, Freq_IF= 3.5GHz & T=25°C
versus V2,V3 & P_RF (Double Carrier)



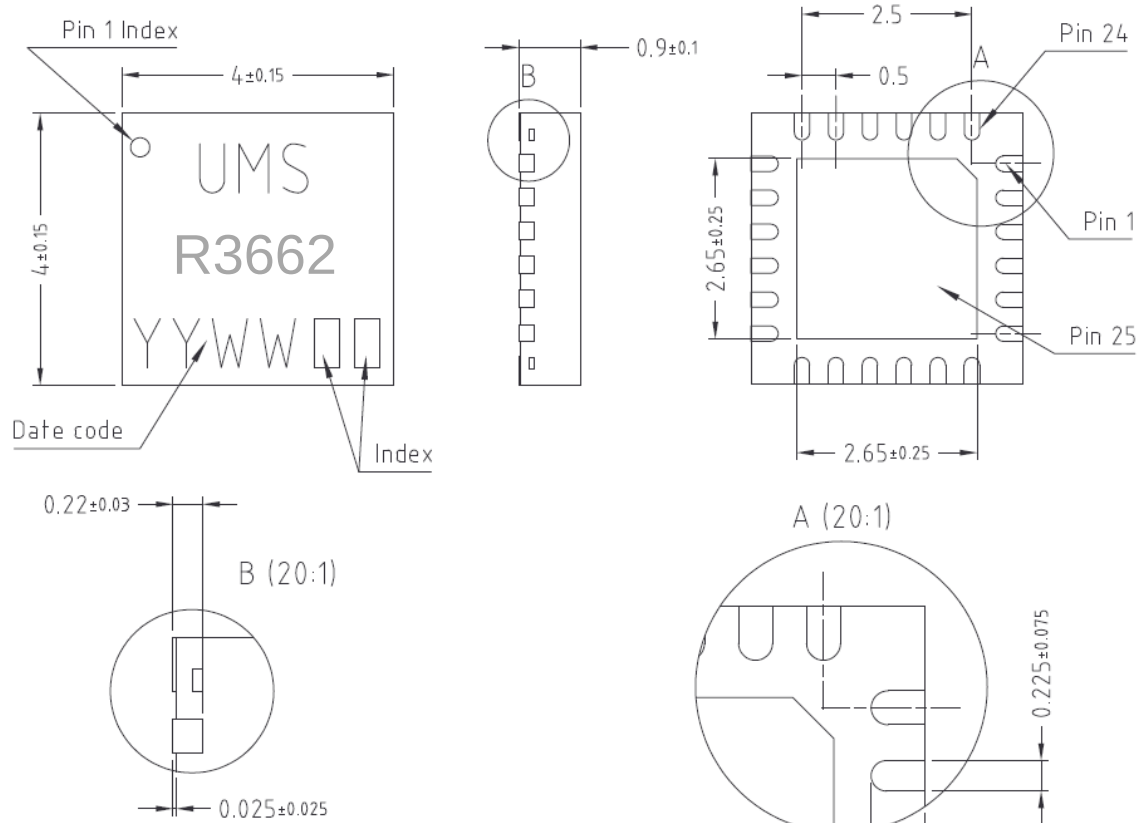
LO Return Loss versus frequency



RF Return Loss versus frequency



Package outline ⁽¹⁾



Units : mm

From the standard : JEDEC MO-220 [VGGD]

Matt tin, Lead free (Green)

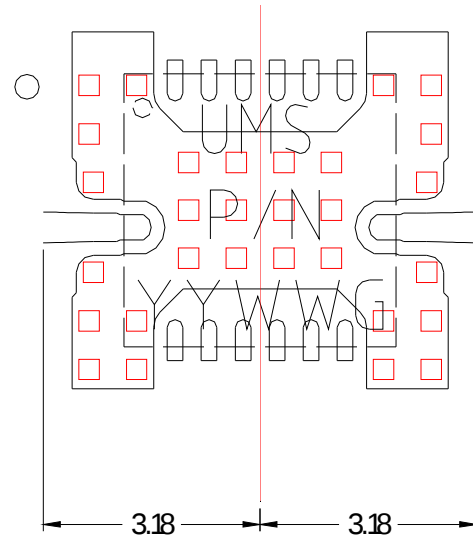
Matt tin, Lead Free (Green)	1- Nc	13- Gnd
Units mm	2- Gnd	14- Gnd
From the standard JEDEC MO-220 (VGGD)	3- Gnd	15- LO
25- GND	4- RF	16- Gnd
	5- Gnd	17- Gnd
	6- Gnd	18- Nc
	7- V2	19- I
	8- V3	20- Gnd
	9- VG	21- Gnd
	10- VGM	22- Q
	11- VD	23- Nc
	12- B	24- Nc

⁽¹⁾The package outline drawing included to this data-sheet is given for indication. Refer to the application note AN0017 available at <http://www.ums-gaas.com> for exact package dimensions.

It is strongly recommended to ground all pins marked "Gnd" through the PCB board. Ensure that the PCB board is designed to provide the best possible ground to the package.

Definition of the Sij reference planes

The reference planes used for Sij measurements given above are symmetrical from the symmetrical axis of the package (see drawing beside). The input and output reference planes are located at 3.18mm offset (input wise and output wise respectively) from this axis. Then, the given Sij parameters incorporate the land pattern of the evaluation motherboard recommended at the page 16.



Recommended package footprint

Refer to the application note AN0017 available at <http://www.ums-gaas.com> for package footprint recommendations.

SMD mounting procedure

The SMD leadless package has been designed for high volume surface mount PCB assembly process. The dimensions and footprint required for the PCB (motherboard) are given in the drawings above.

For the mounting process standard techniques involving solder paste and a suitable reflow process can be used. For further details, see application note AN0017.

Recommended environmental management

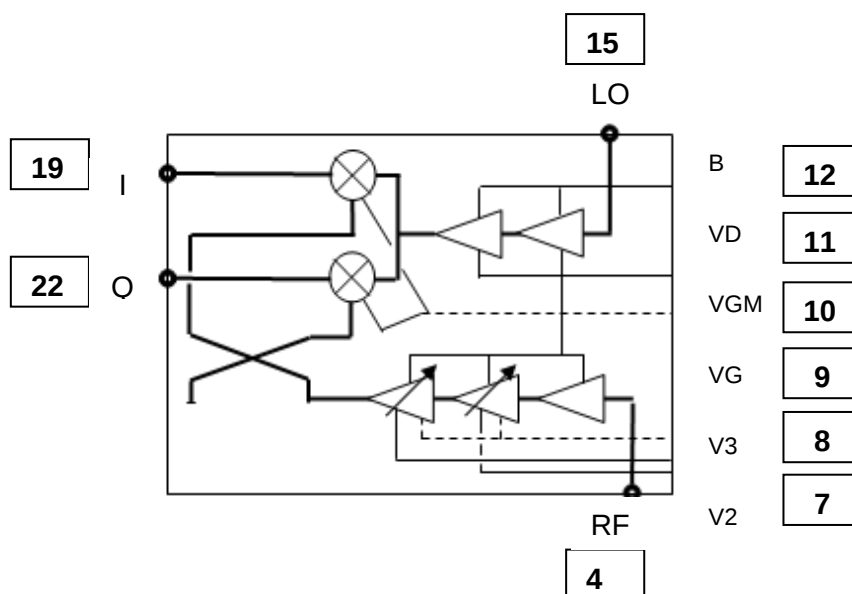
Refer to the application note AN0019 available at <http://www.ums-gaas.com> for environmental data on UMS package products.

Notes

Due to ESD protection circuits on RF and LO inputs, an external capacitance might be requested to isolate the product from external voltage that could be present on these accesses. ESD protections are also implemented on gate accesses.

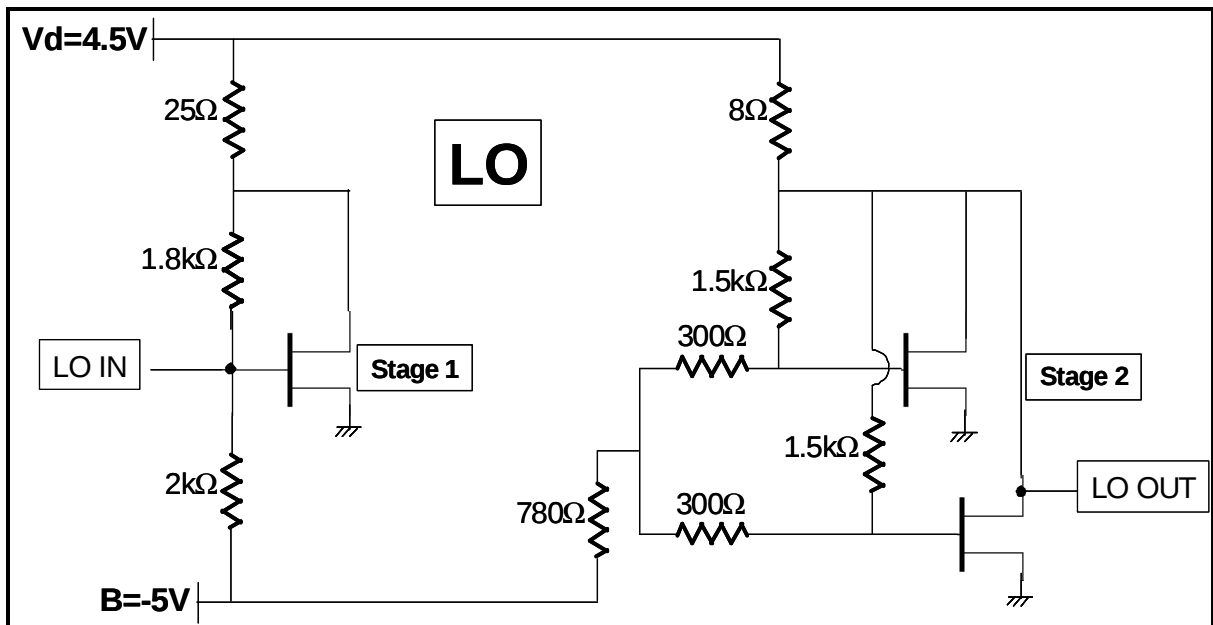
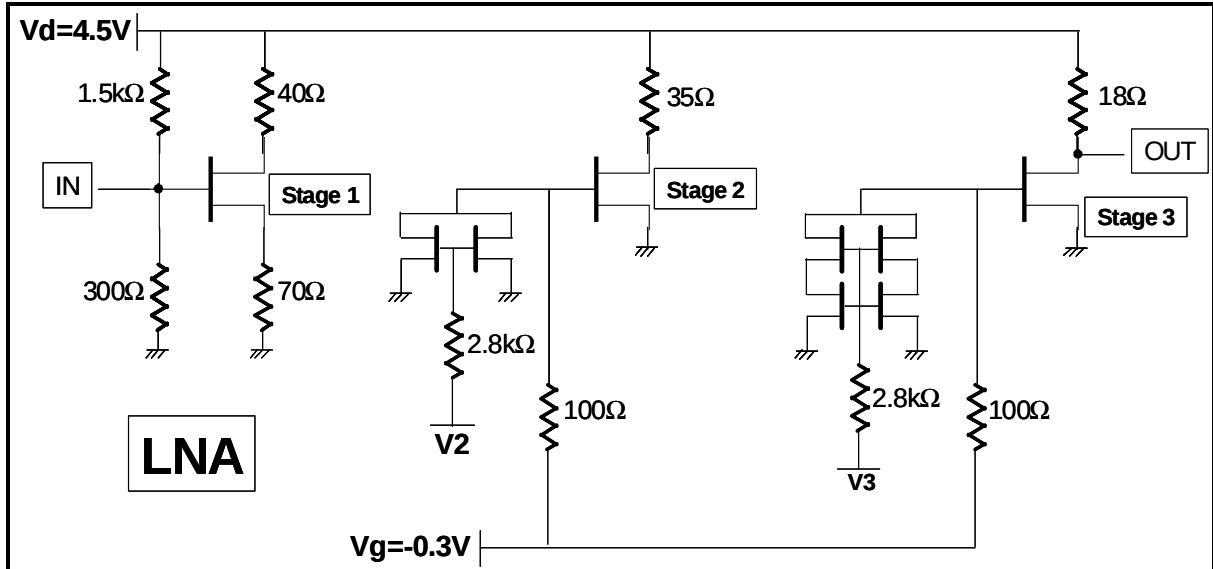
The DC connections do not include any decoupling capacitor in package, therefore it is mandatory to provide a good external DC decoupling on the PC board, as close as possible to the package.

Refer to the application note AN0020 available at <http://www.ums-gaas.com> for general ESD recommendations.



Notes

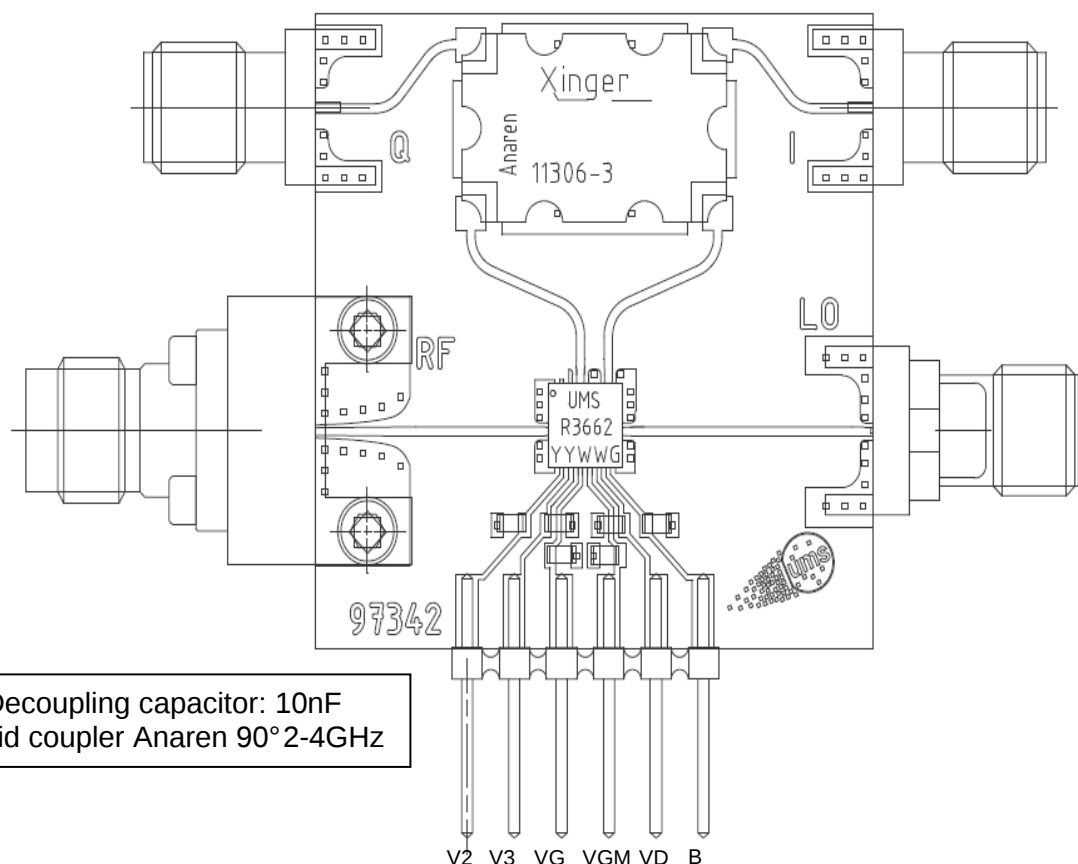
The biasing circuits of the stages of the circuit are given in the schemes below.



Evaluation mother board

- Compatible with the proposed footprint.
- Based on typically Ro4003 / 8mils or equivalent.
- Using a microstrip to coplanar transition to access the package.
- Recommended for the implementation of this product on a module board.
- Decoupling capacitors of 10nF $\pm 10\%$ are recommended for all DC accesses.
- (See application note AN0017 for details).

Proposed Assembly board “97342” for the 24L-QFN4x4 products characterization



Ordering Information

QFN 4x4 RoHS compliant package: CHR3662-QDG/XY
 Stick: XY = 20 Tape & reel: XY = 21

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