

Up Converter 40.5 - 43.5 GHz

Rev. V3

#### **Features**

- Integrates Image Reject (Balanced) Mixer, LO Buffer, LO Doubler, and RF Buffer
- 11 dB Conversion Gain
- 30 dBm Output Third Order Intercept (OIP3)
- -15 dBm (2×) LO Leakage (at RF Port)
- Variable Gain with Adjustable Bias
- Lead-Free 6 mm Laminate Package
- RoHS\* Compliant and 260°C Reflow Compatible

#### **Description**

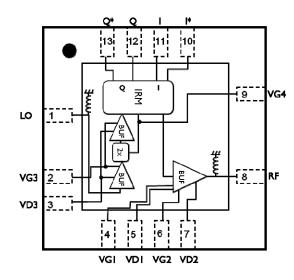
The MAUC-010515 is an integrated USB upconverter that has a typical conversion gain of 10 dB, and an image rejection of greater than 15 dBc. The device includes a LO doubler and buffer, and can be tuned to give 2×LO leakage of less than -15 dBm. Variable gain can be achieved by adjusting the bias, with turn-down trajectories optimized to maintain linearity and 2×LO leakage over the gain control range. At full gain, an OIP3 of 30 dBm is typical. It is ideally suited for 42 GHz band point-to-point radios.

Each device is 100% RF tested to ensure performance compliance. The part is fabricated using an efficient pHEMT process.

### **Ordering Information**

| Part Number        | Package                 |  |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--|
| MAUC-010515-000000 | Bulk Quantity           |  |
| MAUC-010515-TR0500 | 500 Piece Reel          |  |
| MAUC-010515-001SMB | Sample Evaluation Board |  |

#### **Functional Schematic**



### Pin Configuration <sup>1</sup>

| Pin No. | Function |  |  |
|---------|----------|--|--|
| 1       | LO       |  |  |
| 2       | VG3      |  |  |
| 3       | VD3      |  |  |
| 4       | VG1      |  |  |
| 5       | VD1      |  |  |
| 6       | VG2      |  |  |
| 7       | VD2      |  |  |
| 8       | RF       |  |  |
| 9       | VG4      |  |  |
| 10      | I* Input |  |  |
| 11      | I Input  |  |  |
| 12      | Q Input  |  |  |
| 13      | Q* Input |  |  |

The exposed pad centered on the package bottom must be connected to RF and DC ground.

<sup>\*</sup> Restrictions on Hazardous Substances, European Union Directive 2002/95/EC.



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### Electrical Specifications: RF Freq: 40.5-43.5 GHz, LO = 0 dBm, IF = -10 dBm, VD = 4 V, ID1 = ID2 = 90 mA, ID3 = 60 mA, TA = 25°C

| Parameter                              | Units | Min. | Тур. | Max.  |
|--|-------|------|------|-------|
| Frequency Range (LO) <sup>2</sup>      | GHz   | 18.5 | -    | 21.75 |
| Frequency Range (IF)                   | GHz   | DC   | -    | 3.5   |
| LO Input Power (Plo)                   | dBm   | 0    | -    | 8.0   |
| Conversion Gain                        | dB    | 8.0  | 11.0 | 16.0  |
| Image Rejection                        | dBc   | -    | 22   | -     |
| Output IP3                             | dBm   | 25.0 | 30.0 | -     |
| Spurious (2xLO) [tuned]                | dBm   | -    | -40  | -     |
| Spurious (1xLO)                        | dBm   | -    | -57  | -     |
| Noise Figure                           | dB    | -    | 19   | -     |
| Input Return Loss (IF port)            | dB    | -    | 12   | -     |
| Output Return Loss (RF Port)           | dB    | -    | 8    | -     |
| LO Return Loss                         | dB    | -    | 15   | -     |
| Current <sup>3</sup> (ID1 + ID2 + ID3) | mA    | -    | 240  | 400   |
| Gate Voltage (VG4)                     | V     | -    | -3   | -     |
| Gate Current (IG4)                     | mA    | -    | 4.0  | -     |

<sup>2.</sup> LO frequency range limits the performance characteristics to USB only.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings 4,5,6

| Parameter                         | Absolute Max.   |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Drain Voltage                     | +4.3 V          |  |  |
| Gate Bias Voltage (VG1,2,3)       | -1.5V < VG < 0V |  |  |
| Gate Bias Voltage (VG4)           | -4.0V < VG < 0V |  |  |
| Input Power                       | +10 dBm         |  |  |
| LO Input Power                    | +13 dBm         |  |  |
| Storage Temperature               | -55°C to +150°C |  |  |
| Operating Temperature             | -40°C to +85°C  |  |  |
| Junction Temperature <sup>7</sup> | 150°C           |  |  |

- 4. Exceeding any one or combination of these limits may cause permanent damage to this device.
- 5. M/A-COM Technology Solutions does not recommend sustained operation near these survivability limits.
- 6. Operating at nominal conditions with T<sub>J</sub> ≤ 150°C will ensure MTTF >  $1 \times 10^6$  hours.
- 7. Junction Temperature  $(T_J) = T_C + \Theta_{iC} * (V * I)$ Typical thermal resistance ( $\Theta_{jc}$ ) = 40° C/W.
  - a) For  $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_J = 64^{\circ}C$  @ 4 V, 240 mA
  - b) For  $T_C$  = 85°C,  $T_J$  = 124°C @ 4 V, 240 mA

### **Handling Procedures**

Please observe the following precautions to avoid damage:

### **Static Sensitivity**

Gallium Arsenide Integrated Circuits are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD) and can be damaged by static electricity. Proper ESD control techniques should be used when handling these Human Body Model Class 1B and Machine Model Class B devices.

ADVANCED: Data Sheets contain information regarding a product M/A-COM Technology Solutions is considering for development. Performance is based on target specifications, simulated results, and/or prototype measurements. Commitment to develop is not guaranteed.

PRELIMINARY: Data Sheets contain information regarding a product M/A-COM Technology Solutions has under development. Performance is based on engineering tests. Specifications are typical. Mechanical outline has been fixed. Engineering samples and/or test data may be available. Commitment to produce in volume is not guaranteed.

<sup>3.</sup> Adjust VG1, VG2, VG3 between -1.0 and -0.1 V to achieve specified current. Typical 240 mA = 90 (ID1) + 90 (ID2) + 60 (ID3)

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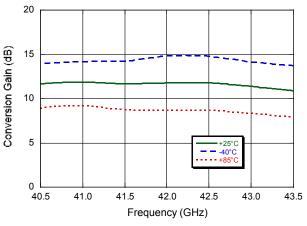


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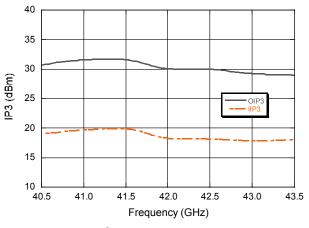
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# Typical Performance Curves: VD = 4 V, ID1 = ID2 = 90 mA, ID3 = 60 mA, LO = 0 dBm, IF = -10 dBm, $T_A = 25 °C$

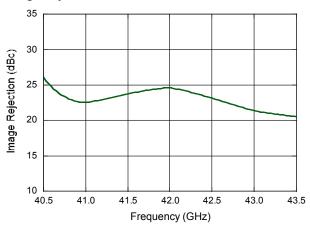
#### Conversion Gain @ 3.5 GHz IF



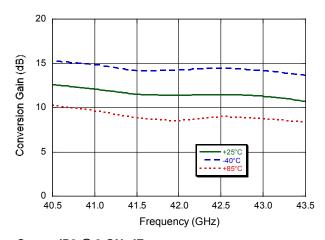
#### IP3 @ 3.5 GHz IF



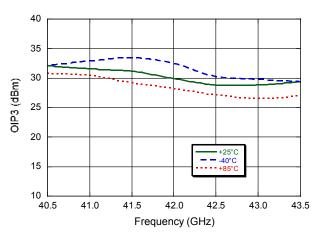
#### Image Rejection @ 3.5 GHz IF



#### Conversion Gain @ 2 GHz IF



#### Output IP3 @ 2 GHz IF



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<sup>3</sup> 

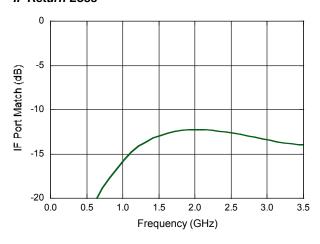


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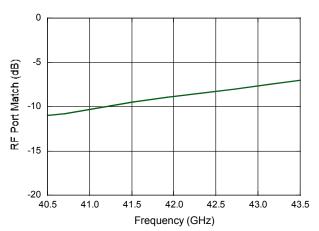
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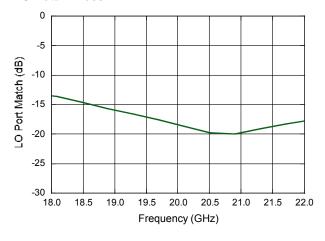
#### IF Return Loss



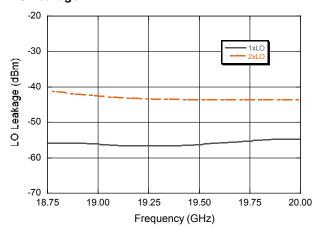
#### RF Return Loss



#### **LO Return Loss**



#### LO Leakage



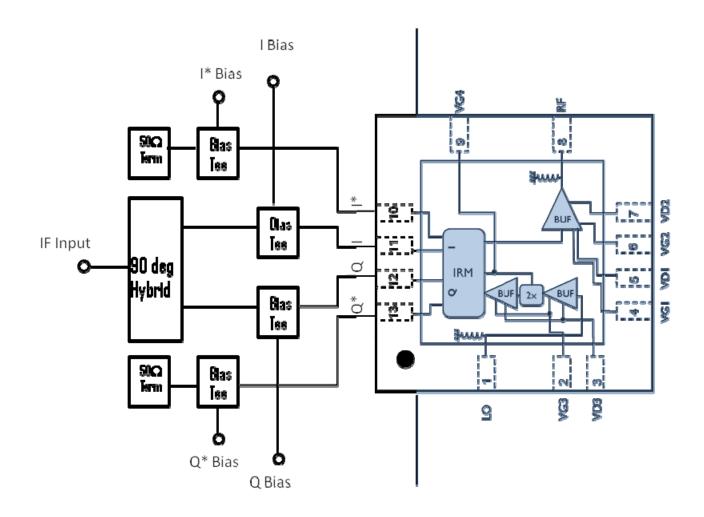


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App Note [1] Biasing - As shown in the Pin Designations table, the device is operated by biasing Vd1, Vd2, and Vd3 at 4.0 V. The corresponding drain currents are set to 90 mA, 90 mA, and 60 mA respectively. Vg4 requires a fixed voltage bias of nominally -3 V. It is recommended to use active bias on Vg1, Vg2, Vg3 to keep the currents in Vd1, Vd2, and Vd3 constant, in order to maintain the best performance over temperature. Depending on the supply voltages available and the power dissipation constraints, the bias circuits may include a single transistor or a low power operational amplifier, with a low value resistor in series with the drain supply to sense the current. Make sure to sequence the applied voltage to ensure negative gate bias is available before applying the positive drain supply.

App Note [2] I/Q versus I\*/Q\* - The IF input to the typical configuration is through a 90deg hybrid coupler. The hybrid splits the IF input into inphase and quadrature phase components. These two signals enter the MAUC-010515 on either the I/Q pair, or the I\*/Q\* complimentary pair. Whichever pair are not used must be terminated into 50  $\Omega$ . There are subtle differences between the performance when using the main IF ports (I, Q) versus the complimentary ports (I\*, Q\*). For highest gain, best image rejection and lowest noise figure, the main IF ports (I, Q) should be used.



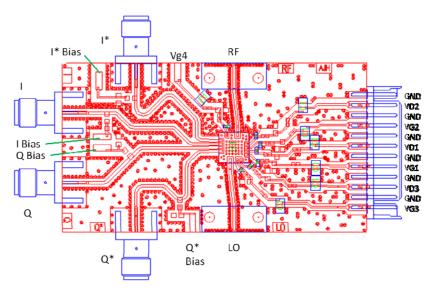


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App Note [3] Board Layout - As shown in the recommended board layout, it is recommended to provide 100 pF decoupling capacitors as close to the bias pins as possible. Additional 10 nF and 1  $\mu$ F on each of the bias lines are recommended placed a distance further away.

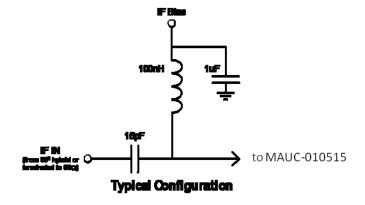
#### **Recommended Board Layout**



**App Note [4] IF Bias -** To obtain optimum 2xLO leakage performance, tuning is achieved by adjusting the DC bias on each of the IF inputs (I, Q, I\*, Q\*). DC bias is implemented by adding simple bias tees to each of the four IF ports. The diagram below shows a typical bias tee design used.

If the I and Q ports are used for the IF input, the I\* and Q\* ports are DC biased and terminated into 50  $\Omega$ . A typical tuning arrangement is to apply a fixed 0.3 V DC bias to both the used IF input ports: I, Q. The remaining two IF ports which have been terminated to 50  $\Omega$  tuning independently for minimum 2xLO leakage.

For minimum 2xLO leakage in a system, it may be necessary to correct the IF DC bias for different frequency and temperature conditions. This can be implemented by calibration and offset tables stored in memory, and used to control IF bias over all practical conditions.

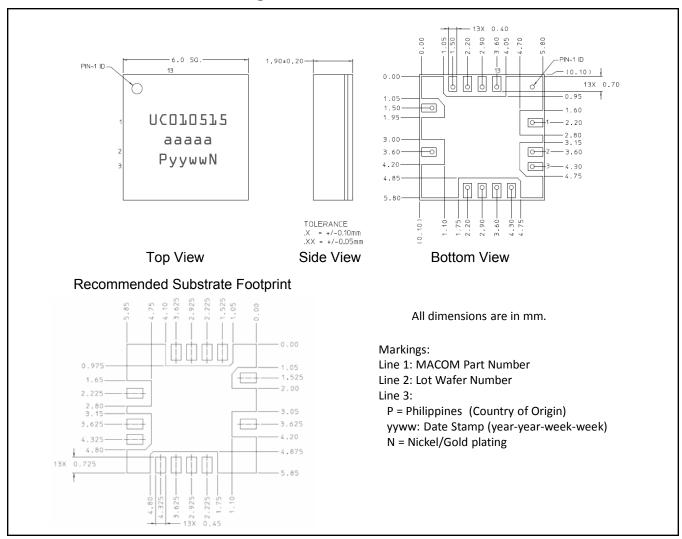




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### Lead-Free 6 mm Laminate Package<sup>†</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Reference Application Note S2083 for lead-free solder reflow recommendations. Meets JEDEC moisture sensitivity level 3 requirements.