

18-36V

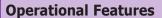
50V

1.8-48V Outputs

120W Max Power 2250V dc
Isolation

Quarter-brick
DC-DC Converter

The InQor quarter-brick converter series is composed of next-generation, board-mountable, isolated, fixed switching frequency dc-dc converters that use synchronous rectification to achieve extremely high power conversion efficiency. Each module is supplied completely encased to provide protection from the harsh environments seen in many industrial and transportation applications.



• High efficiency, 93% at full rated load current

Continuous Input Transient Input

- Delivers full power with minimal derating no heatsink required
- Operating input voltage range: 18-36V
- Fixed frequency switching provides predictable EMI
- No minimum load requirement

Mechanical Features

- Industry standard Quarter-brick pin-out configuration
- Size: 2.386" x 1.536" x 0.500" (60.60 x 39.01 x 12.70 mm)
- Total weight: 3.02 oz. (85.7 g)
- Flanged baseplate version available

Control Features

- On/Off control referenced to input side
- Remote sense for the output voltage
- Output voltage trim range of -20%, +10%

Safety Features

- UL 60950-1/R:2011-12 Basic Insulation
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1/A1:2011
- EN 60950-1/A12:2011
- RoHS compliant (see last page)





Protection Features

- Input under-voltage lockout
- Output current limit and short circuit protection
- · Active back bias limit
- Output over-voltage protection
- Thermal shutdown

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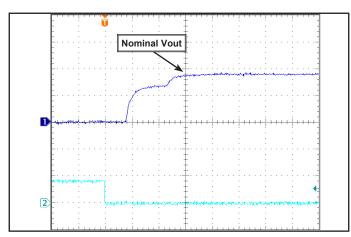
IQ24-QT FAMILY ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (all output voltages)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

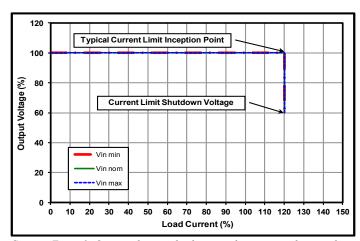
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS					
Input Voltage					
Non-Operating	-1		60	V	Continuous
Operating			36	V	Continuous
Operating Transient Protection			50	V	
Isolation Voltage					
Input to Output			2250	V dc	
Input to Base-Plate			2250	V dc	
Output to Base-Plate			2250	V dc	
Operating Temperature	-40		100	°C	Baseplate temperature
Storage Temperature	-45		125	°C	Busepiate temperature
/oltage at ON/OFF input pin	-2		18	V	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS			10	,	
Operating Input Voltage Range	18	24	36	V	
nput Under-Voltage Lockout	10	21			
Turn-On Voltage Threshold	17.1	17.5	17.9	V	
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold	16.1	16.5	16.9	V	
Lockout Voltage Hysteresis	10.1	220.0	10.9	V	
		220.0		V	Not Available
nput Over-Voltage Shutdown Recommended External Input Capacitance		100.0		μF	
					Typical ESR 0.1-0.2 Ω
nput Filter Component Values (L\C)		1.0\6.6		μΗ\μF	Internal values; see Figure D
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Furn-On Transient					Full land March 2000/ mana
Turn-On Time	200	9	250	ms	Full load, Vout=90% nom.
Start-Up Inhibit Time	200	230	250	ms	Figure E
Output Voltage Overshoot		0		%	Maximum Output Capacitance
ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS					
Solation Voltage (dielectric strength)	20			140	See Absolute Maximum Ratings
Solation Resistance	30			ΜΩ	
Solation Capacitance (input to output)		1000		pF	
TEMPERATURE LIMITS FOR POWER DERATIN	IG CURVES				
Semiconductor Junction Temperature			125	°C	Package rated to 150 °C
Board Temperature			125	°C	UL rated max operating temp 130 °C
Transformer Temperature			125	°C	
Maximum Baseplate Temperature, Tb			100	°C	
FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS			_	,	
Switching Frequency	230	250	270	kHz	Isolation stage switching freq. is half this
ON/OFF Control					
Off-State Voltage	2.4		18	V	
On-State Voltage	-2		0.8		
ON/OFF Control					Application notes Figures A & B
Pull-Up Voltage		5		V	
Pull-Up Resistance		50		kΩ	
Over-Temperature Shutdown OTP Trip Point		125		°C	Average PCB Temperature
Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis		10		°C	
RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS					
Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) TR-NWT-000332		1.49			Tb = 70°C
Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) MIL-HDBK-217F		1.31		10 ⁶ Hrs.	Tb = 70°C
Field Demonstrated MTBF					See our website for details



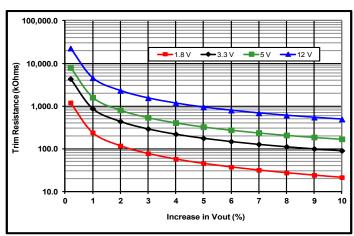
Family Figures (all output voltages)



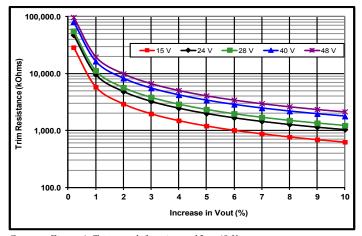
Common Figure 1: Typical startup waveform. Input voltage pre-applied, ON/ OFF Pin on Ch 2.



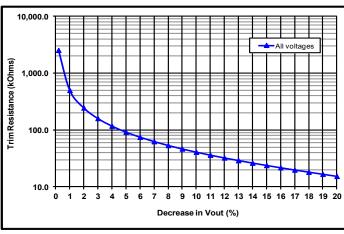
Common Figure 2: Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points.



Common Figure 3: Trim graph for trim-up 1.8 to 12 V outputs.



Common Figure 4: Trim graph for trim-up 15 to 48 V outputs.



Common Figure 5: Trim graph for trim down.



Input:18-36V Output:1.8V

Current:40A

Part No.: 1Q24018QTx40

IQ24018QTx40 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (1.8 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Maximum Input Current			6.3	Α	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		100	130	mA	
Disabled Input Current		1.5	2	mA	
Response to Input Transient		0.08		V	See Figure 6
Input Terminal Ripple Current		40		mA	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			20	Α	Fast acting external fuse recommended
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	1.782	1.800	1.818	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					
Over Line		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Load		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Temperature	-27		27	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	1.755		1.845	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		32	60	mV	Full load
RMS		6.1	10	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		40	А	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	44.0	48.0	52.0	Α	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		0.7		V	
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		1.2		Α	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		15		mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			10,000	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs)		76		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		100		μs	To within 1% Vout nom
Output Voltage Trim Range	-20		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	2.1	2.2	2.3	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
100% Load		84		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
50% Load		87		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 15 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Product # IQ24xxxQTXxxx Phone 1-888-567-9596 www.syngor.com Doc.# 005-IQ24QTX Rev. G 04/21/14 Page 4



Input: 18-36V
Output: 1.8V
Current: 40A
Part No.: IQ24018QTx40

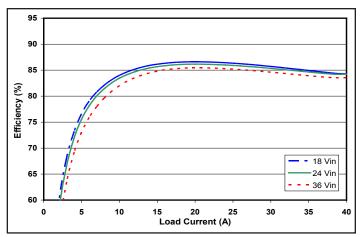


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

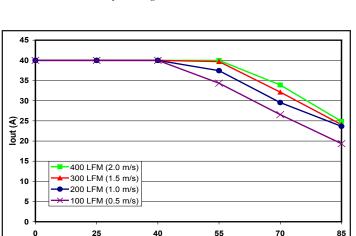


Figure 3: Encased converter (without heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

Ambient Air Temperature (°C)

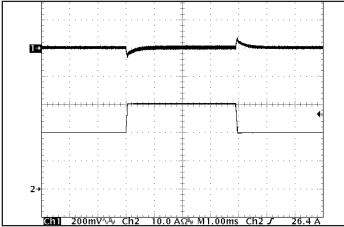


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of Iout(max); $dI/dt = 0.2A/\mu s$). Load cap: $15\mu F$ tantalum cap and $1\mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Iout (10A/div).

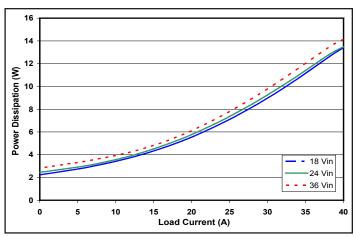


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

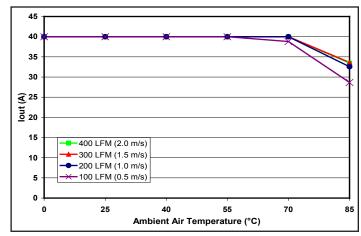


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

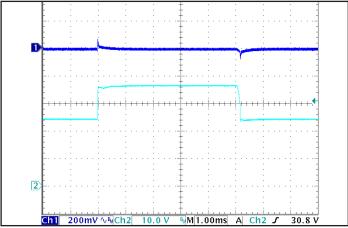


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (nominal to maximum), at full load current. Load cap: 100µF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.



Input: 18-36V Output:3.3V **Current:30A**

Part No.: 1Q24033QTx30

IQ24033QTx30 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (3.3 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Maximum Input Current			8.1	Α	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		100	130	mA	
Disabled Input Current		1.5	2	mA	
Response to Input Transient		0.12		V	See Figure 6
nput Terminal Ripple Current		40		mA	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			20	Α	Fast acting external fuse recommended
DUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	3.267	3.300	3.333	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					
Over Line		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Load		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Temperature	-50		50	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	3.217		3.383	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		38	80	mV	Full load
RMS		7.4	10	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		30	Α	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	33.0	36.0	39.0	Α	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		1.6		V	
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		0.7		Α	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		15		mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			10,000	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs)		112		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		100		μs	To within 1% Vout nom
Output Voltage Trim Range	-20		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	3.9	4.0	4.2	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
L00% Load		90		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
		91		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic and 15 µF low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

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Input:18-36V Output:3.3V Current:30A Part No.:1Q24033QTx30

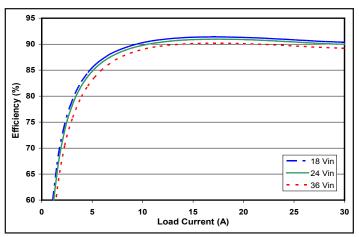


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

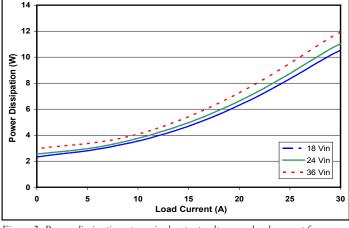


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

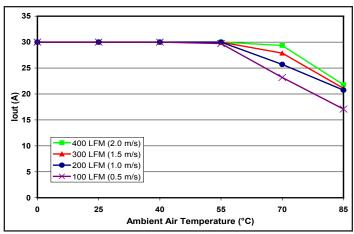


Figure 3: Encased converter (without heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

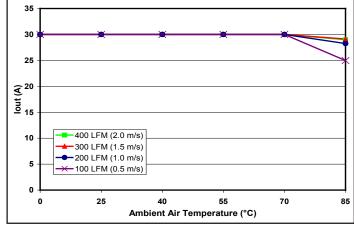


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

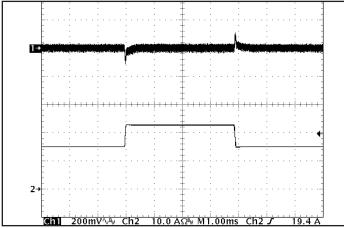


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); $dI/dt = 0.2A/\mu s$). Load cap: $15\mu F$ tantalum cap and $1\mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Iout (10A/div).

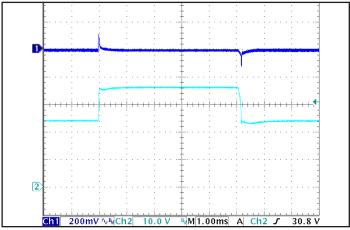


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (nominal to maximum), at full load current. Load cap: 100μF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.



Input: 18-36V Output: 5V Current: 24A

Part No.: 1Q24050QTx24

IQ24050QTx24 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (5.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Maximum Input Current			9.8	Α	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		100	130	mA	
Disabled Input Current		1.5	2	mA	
Response to Input Transient		0.16		V	See Figure 6
Input Terminal Ripple Current		40		mA	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			20	Α	Fast acting external fuse recommended
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	4.950	5.000	5.050	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					
Over Line		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Load		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Temperature	-75		75	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	4.875		5.125	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		42	80	mV	Full load
RMS		8.2	20	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		24	Α	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	26.4	28.8	31.2	Α	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		2.5		V	
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		0.6		Α	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		15		mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			8,000	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs)		160		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		100		μs	To within 1% Vout nom
Output Voltage Trim Range	-20		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	5.9	6.1	6.4	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
100% Load		90		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
50% Load		92		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic and 15 µF low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

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Input:18-36V Output:5V Current:24A Part No.:1Q24050QTx24

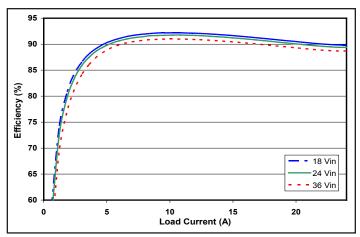


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

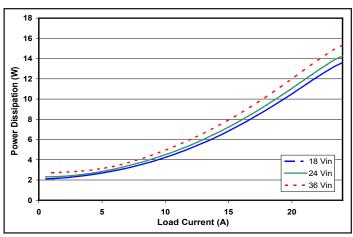


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

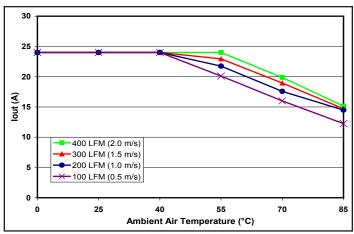


Figure 3: Encased converter (without heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

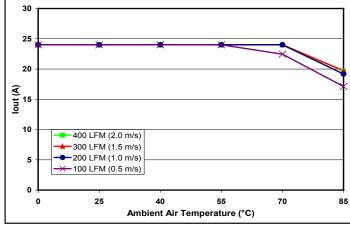


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

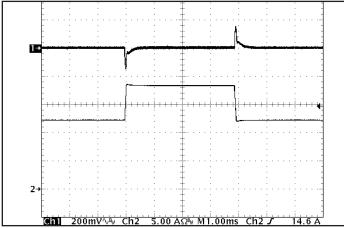


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$). Load cap: $15\mu F$ tantalum cap and $1\mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: lout (5A/div).

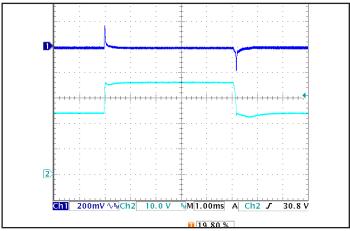


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (nominal to maximum), at full load current. Load cap: 100μF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.



Input: 18-36V
Output: 7V
Current: 17A
Part No : 102407001

Part No.: IQ24070QTx17

IQ24070QTx17 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (7.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
		9.5	Α	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
	110	140	mA	
	1.5	2	mA	
	0.16		V	See Figure 6
	40		mA	RMS
		20	Α	Fast acting external fuse recommended
6.930	7.000	7.070	V	
	±0.1	±0.3	%	
	±0.1	±0.3	%	
-105		105	mV	
6.825		7.175	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
				20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
	48	100	mV	Full load
	9.5	20	mV	Full load
0		17	Α	Subject to thermal derating
18.7	20.4	22.1	Α	Output voltage 10% Low
	3.3		V	
	0.5		Α	Negative current drawn from output
	15		mA	Negative current drawn from output
		4,000	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
	210		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
	100		μs	To within 1% Vout nom
-20		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5
		10	%	Across Pins 8&4
8.2	8.5	8.9	V	Over full temp range
	·			
	92		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
	92		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
	6.930 -105 6.825 0 18.7	110 1.5 0.16 40 6.930 7.000 ±0.1 ±0.1 -105 6.825 48 9.5 0 18.7 20.4 3.3 0.5 15 210 100 -20 8.2 8.5	9.5 110 140 1.5 2 0.16 40 20 6.930 7.000 7.070 ±0.1 ±0.3 ±0.1 ±0.3 ±0.1 ±0.3 105 6.825 7.175 48 100 9.5 20 0 17 18.7 20.4 22.1 3.3 0.5 15 4,000 210 100 -20 10 8.2 8.5 8.9	9.5 A 110 140 mA 1.5 2 mA 0.16 V 40 mA 6.930 7.000 7.070 V ±0.1 ±0.3 % ±0.1 ±0.3 % 105 mV 6.825 7.175 V 48 100 mV 9.5 20 mV 0 17 A 18.7 20.4 22.1 A 18.7 20.4 22.1 A 3.3 V 0.5 A 15 mA 4,000 μF 210 mV 100 μs -20 10 % 8.2 8.5 8.9 V

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 15 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)



Input:18-36V
Output:7V
Current:17A
Part No.:IQ24070QTx17

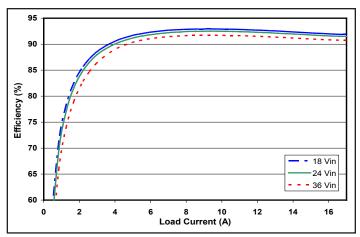


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

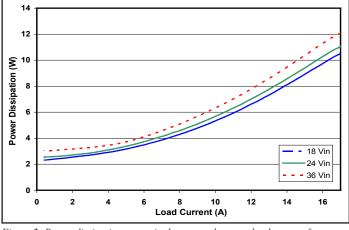


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

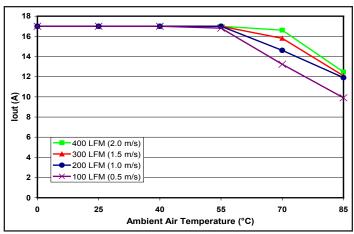


Figure 3: Encased converter (without heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

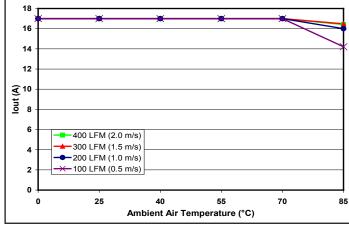


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

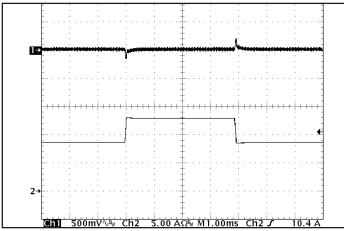


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$). Load cap: $15\mu F$ tantalum cap and $1\mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: lout (5 A/div).

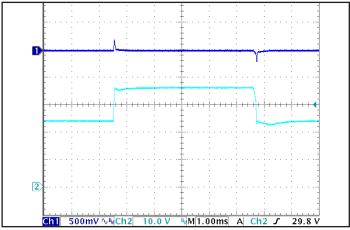


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (nominal to maximum), at full load current. Load cap: 100μF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.



Input: 18-36V Output: 12V Current: 10A

Part No.: 10241200Tx10

IQ24120QTx10 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (12.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Maximum Input Current No-Load Input Current Disabled Input Current		100 1.5 0.17	9.6 130 2	A mA	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		1.5	130		Vin min; trim up; in current limit
		1.5		mA	
Disabled Input Current			2		
		0.17		mA	
Response to Input Transient				V	See Figure 6
nput Terminal Ripple Current		40		mA	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			20	А	Fast acting external fuse recommended
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	11.88	12.00	12.12	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					
Over Line		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Load		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Temperature	-180		180	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	11.70		12.30	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		53	110	mV	Full load
RMS		10.6	20	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		10	Α	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	11.0	12.0	13.0	Α	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		5		V	
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		0.45		Α	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		15		mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			1,500	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs)		340		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		100		μs	To within 1% Vout nom
Output Voltage Trim Range	-20		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5; see Note 2
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	14.0	14.6	15.2	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
L00% Load		92		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
50% Load		92		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 15 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2: Trim-up range is limited below 10% at lower line and full load. Contact SynQor applications support for more detail (email: support@synqor.com)



Input:18-36V
Output:12V
Current:10A

Part No.: IQ24120QTx10

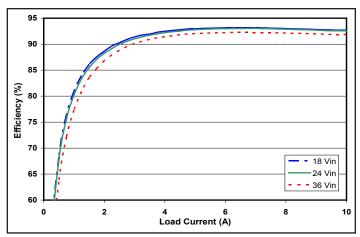


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

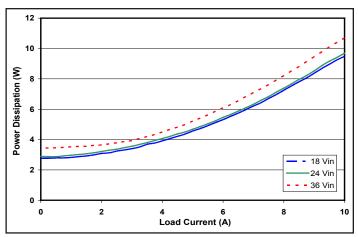


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

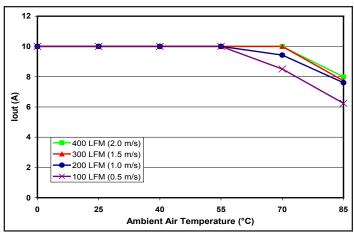


Figure 3: Encased converter (without heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

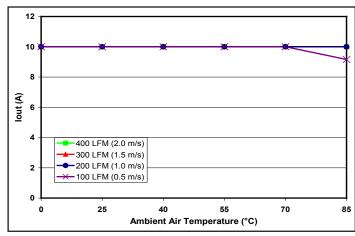


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

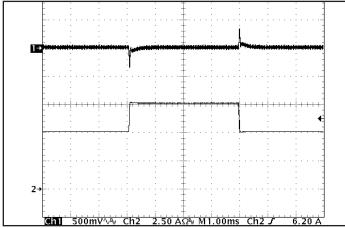


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of Iout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$). Load cap: $15\mu F$ tantalum cap and $1\mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Iout (2.5A/div).

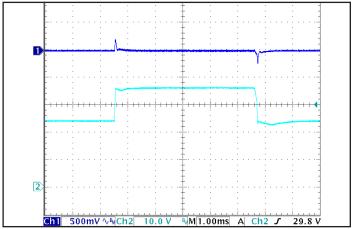


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (nominal to maximum), at full load current. Load cap: 100μF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.



Input:18-36V Output:15V Current:8A

Part No.: IQ24150QTx08

IQ24150QTx08 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (15.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

	100 1.5 0.22 40	9.6 130 2	A mA	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
	1.5 0.22	130	mA	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
	1.5 0.22			
	0.22	2	т Л	
			mA	
	40		V	See Figure 6
	1 0		mA	RMS
		20	Α	Fast acting external fuse recommended
14.85	15.00	15.15	V	
	±0.1	±0.3	%	
	±0.1	±0.3	%	
-225		225	mV	
14.62		15.38	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
				20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
	57	110	mV	Full load
	11.4	20	mV	Full load
0		8	Α	Subject to thermal derating
8.8	9.6	10.4	Α	Output voltage 10% Low
	6.5		V	
	0.3		Α	Negative current drawn from output
	15		mA	Negative current drawn from output
		1,000	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
	520		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
	50		μs	To within 1% Vout nom
-20		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5; see Note 2
		10	%	Across Pins 8&4
17.6	18.3	19.1	V	Over full temp range
		·		
	92		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
			,,,	
	0 8.8	14.62 57 11.4 0 8.8 9.6 6.5 0.3 15 520 50 -20 17.6 18.3	14.62 15.38 57 110 11.4 20 0 8 8.8 9.6 10.4 6.5 0.3 15 1,000 520 50 -20 10 17.6 18.3 19.1	14.62

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 15 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2: Trim-up range is limited below 10% at lower line and full load. Contact SynQor applications support for more detail (email: support@synqor.com)



Input: 18-36V
Output: 15V
Current: 8A
Part No.: IQ24150QTx08

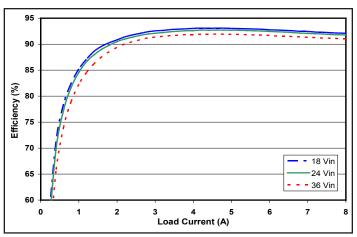


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

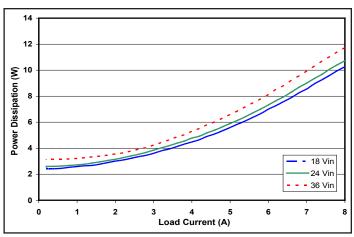


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

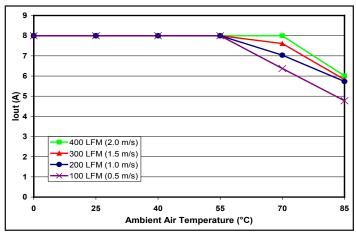


Figure 3: Encased converter (without heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

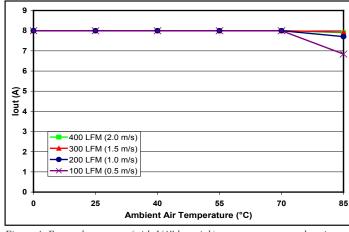


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

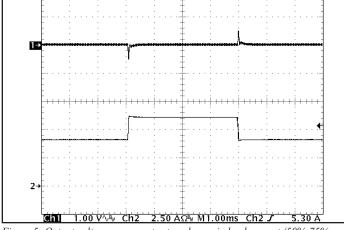


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$). Load cap: $15\mu F$ tantalum cap and $1\mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: lout (2.5A/div).

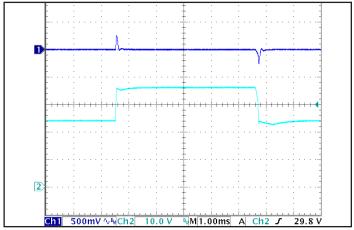


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (nominal to maximum), at full load current. Load cap: 100μF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.



Input: 18-36V Output:24V **Current:5A**

Part No.: 1024240QTx05

IQ24240QTx05 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (24.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Maximum Input Current			9.6	Α	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		100	130	mA	
Disabled Input Current		1.5	2	mA	
Response to Input Transient		0.6		V	See Figure 6
Input Terminal Ripple Current		40		mA	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			20	А	Fast acting external fuse recommended
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	23.76	24.00	24.24	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					
Over Line		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Load		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Temperature	-360		360	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	23.40		24.60	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		65	130	mV	Full load
RMS		13.1	30	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		5	А	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	5.5	6.0	6.5	Α	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		12		V	
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		0.12		Α	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		15		mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			400	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs)		1300		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		50		μs	To within 1% Vout nom
Output Voltage Trim Range	-20		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	28.1	29.3	30.5	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY			·		
100% Load		92		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
				%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic capacitor. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Phone 1-888-567-9596



Input:18-36V
Output:24V
Current:5A
Part No.:IQ24240QTx05

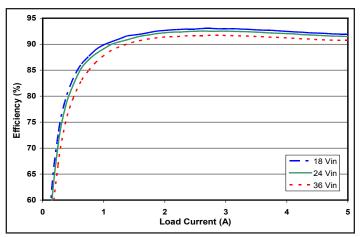


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

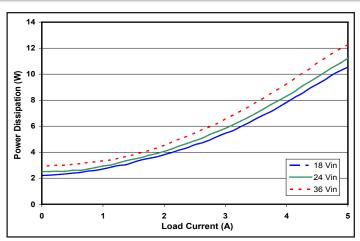


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

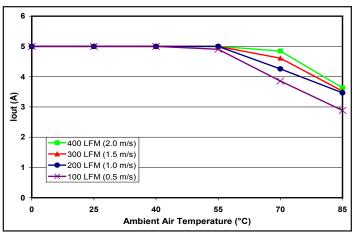


Figure 3: Encased converter (without heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

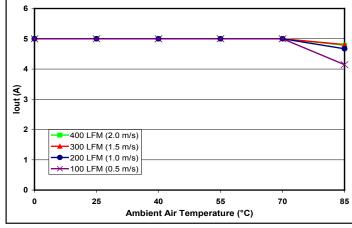


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

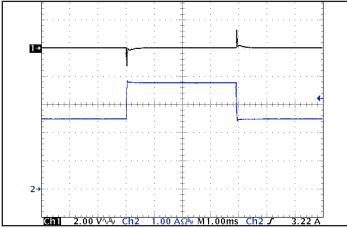


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); $dI/dt = 0.8A/\mu s$). Load cap: $1\mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Iout (1A/div).

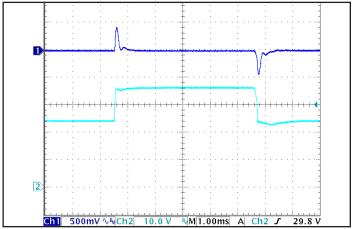


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (nominal to maximum), at full load current. Load cap: 100μF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.



Input: 18-36V Output:30V **Current:4A**

Part No.: 1Q24300QTx04

IQ24300QTx04 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (30.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Maximum Input Current			9.7	Α	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		100	130	mA	
Disabled Input Current		1.5	2	mA	
Response to Input Transient		0.75		V	See Figure 6
Input Terminal Ripple Current		40		mA	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			20	Α	Fast acting external fuse recommended
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	29.70	30.00	30.30	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					
Over Line		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Load		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Temperature	-450		450	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	29.25		30.75	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		70	140	mV	Full load
RMS		14.1	30	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		4	Α	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	4.4	4.8	5.2	Α	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		15		V	
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		0.07		Α	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		15		mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			250	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs)		1700		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		50		μs	To within 1% Vout nom
Output Voltage Trim Range	-20		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	35.1	36.6	38.1	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
100% Load		91		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
50% Load		92		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic capacitor. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)



Input:18-36V Output:30V Current:4A Part No.:1Q24300QTx04

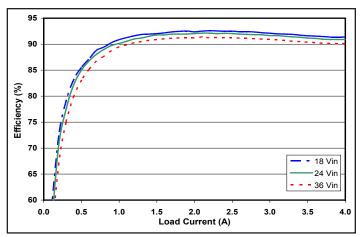


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

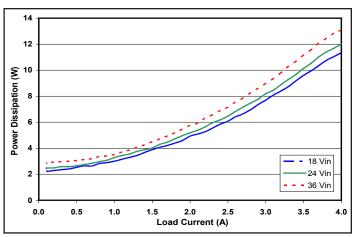


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

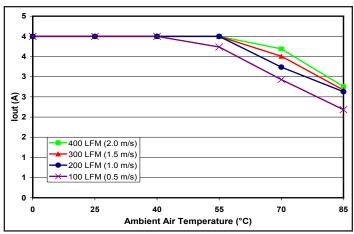


Figure 3: Encased converter (without heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

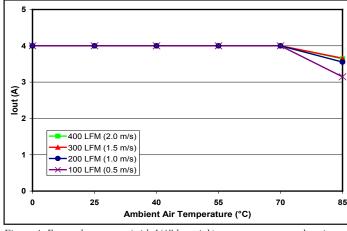


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

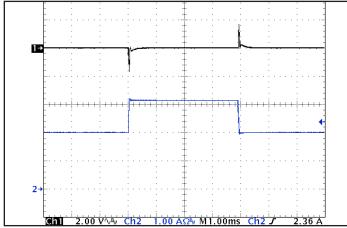


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); $dI/dt = 0.5A/\mu s$). Load cap: $1\mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Iout (1A/div).

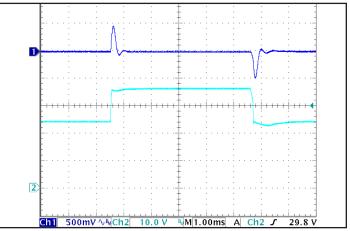


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (nominal to maximum), at full load current. Load cap: 100μF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.



Input:18-36V Output:48V Current:2.5A

Part No.: IQ24480QTx2F

IQ24480QTx2F ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (48.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Maximum Input Current			9.9	Α	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		100	130	mA	
Disabled Input Current		1.5	2	mA	
Response to Input Transient		0.75		V	See Figure 6
Input Terminal Ripple Current		40		mA	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			20	Α	Fast acting external fuse recommended
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	47.52	48.00	48.48	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					
Over Line		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Load		±0.1	±0.3	%	
Over Temperature	-720		720	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	46.80		49.20	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		75	150	mV	Full load
RMS		15.2	30	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		2.5	Α	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	2.8	3.0	3.3	Α	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		24		V	
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		0.05		Α	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		15		mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			100	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs)		2600		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		50		μs	To within 1% Vout nom
Output Voltage Trim Range	-20		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	56.2	58.6	61.0	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
100% Load		89		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
50% Load		92		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic capacitor. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)



Input: 18-36V
Output: 48V
Current: 2.5A
Part No.: IQ24480QTx2F

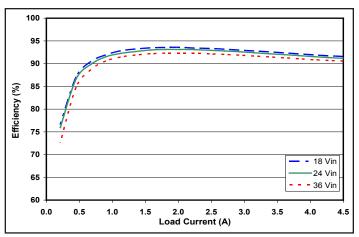


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

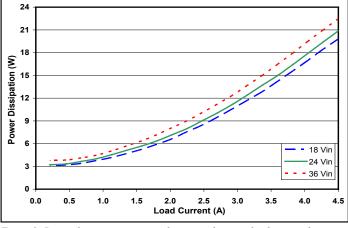


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

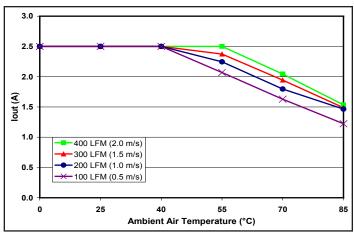


Figure 3: Encased converter (without heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

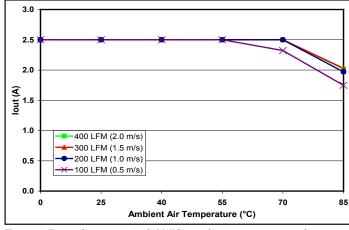


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from input to output (nominal input voltage).

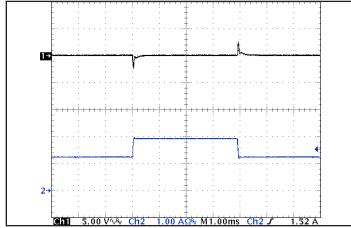


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); $dI/dt = 0.2A/\mu s$). Load cap: $1\mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Iout (1A/div).

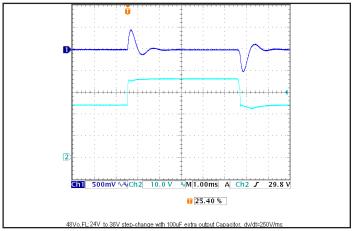


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (nominal to maximum), at full load current. Load cap: 100μF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.

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BASIC OPERATION AND FEATURES

This converter series uses a two-stage power conversion topology. The first stage is a buck-converter that keeps the output voltage constant over variations in line, load, and temperature. The second stage uses a transformer to provide the functions of input/output isolation and voltage step-up or step-down to achieve the output voltage required.

Both the first stage and the second stage switch at a fixed frequency for predictable EMI performance. Rectification of the transformer's output is accomplished with synchronous rectifiers. These devices, which are MOSFETs with a very low on-state resistance, dissipate far less energy than Schottky diodes. This is the primary reason that the converter has such high efficiency.

These converters are offered totally encased to withstand harsh environments and thermally demanding applications. Dissipation throughout the converter is so low that it does not require a heatsink for operation in many applications; however, adding a heatsink provides improved thermal derating performance in demanding applications.

This series of converters use the industry standard footprint and pin-out configuration.

CONTROL FEATURES

REMOTE ON/OFF (Pin 2): The ON/OFF input, Pin 2, permits the user to control when the converter is on or off. This input is referenced to the return terminal of the input bus, Vin(-). The ON/OFF signal is active low (meaning that a low turns the converter on). Figure A details four possible circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin. Figure B is a detailed look of the internal ON/ OFF circuitry.

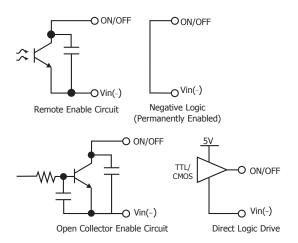


Figure A: Various circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin.

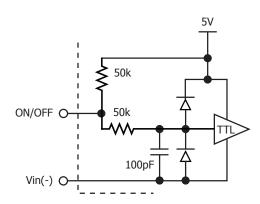


Figure B: Internal ON/OFF pin circuitry

REMOTE SENSE(\pm) (Pins 7 and 5): The SENSE(\pm) inputs correct for voltage drops along the conductors that connect the converter's output pins to the load.

Pin 7 should be connected to Vout(+) and Pin 5 should be connected to Vout(-) at the point on the load where regulation is desired. A remote connection at the load can adjust for a voltage drop only as large as that specified in this datasheet, that is

$$[Vout(+) - Vout(-)] - [Vsense(+) - Vsense(-)] \le$$

Sense Range % x Vout

Sense Range % = Trim-up Range% (usually 10%)

Pins 7 and 5 must be connected for proper regulation of the output voltage. If these connections are not made, the converter will deliver an output voltage that is slightly higher than its specified value.

Note: the output over-voltage protection circuit senses the voltage across the output (pins 8 and 4) to determine when it should trigger, not the voltage across the converter's sense leads (pins 7 and 5). Therefore, the resistive drop on the board should be small enough so that output OVP does not trigger, even during load transients.



OUTPUT VOLTAGE TRIM (Pin 6): The TRIM input permits the user to adjust the output voltage across the sense leads up or down according to the trim range specifications.

To decrease the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 6 and Pin 5 (SENSE(-) input). For a desired decrease of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be

$$R_{\text{trim-down}} = \left(\frac{511}{\Delta\%}\right) - 10.22 \text{ [k}\Omega]$$

where

$$\Delta\% = \begin{vmatrix} V_{\text{nominal}} - V_{\text{desired}} \\ V_{\text{nominal}} \end{vmatrix} \times 100[\%]$$

To increase the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 6 and Pin 7 (SENSE(+) input). For a desired increase of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be

$$\begin{aligned} \text{R}_{\text{trim-up}} &= \left(\frac{5.11 \text{V}_{\text{OUT}} \times \left(100 + \Delta\%\right)}{1.225 \Delta\%} - \frac{511}{\Delta\%} - 10.22 \right) \text{[k}\Omega\text{]} \\ \text{where} \quad \text{V}_{\text{out}} &= \text{Nominal Output Voltage} \end{aligned}$$

Trim graphs show the relationship between the trim resistor value Rtrim-up and Rtrim-down, showing the total range the output voltage can be trimmed up or down.

Note: the TRIM feature does not affect the voltage at which the output over-voltage protection circuit is triggered. Trimming the output voltage too high may cause the over-voltage protection circuit to engage, particularly during transients.

Do not add decoupling capacitance at the Trim pin. The node is internally bypassed to eliminate noise.

Total DC Variation of VOUT: For the converter to meet its full specifications, the maximum variation of the dc value of Vout, due to both trimming and remote sensing voltage drops, should not be greater than that specified for the output voltage trim range.

PROTECTION FEATURES

Input Under-Voltage Lockout: The converter is designed to turn off when the input voltage is too low, helping avoid an input system instability problem, described in more detail in the application note titled "Input System Instability" on our website. The lockout circuitry is a comparator with dc hysteresis. When the input voltage is rising, it must exceed the typical Turn-On Voltage Threshold value (listed on the specifications page) before the converter will turn on. Once the converter is on, the input voltage must fall below the typical Turn-Off Voltage Threshold value before the converter will turn off.

Output Current Limit: The maximum current limit remains constant as the output voltage drops. However, once the output voltage drops below the specified Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage, the converter turns off.

The converter then enters a "hiccup mode" where it repeatedly turns on and off at a 5Hz (nominal) frequency with a 5% duty cycle until the overload is removed. This prevents excessive heating of the converter or the system board.

Output Over-Voltage Limit: If the voltage across the output pins exceeds the Output Over-Voltage Protection threshold, the converter will immediately stop switching. This prevents damage to the load circuit due to 1) excessive series resistance in output current path from converter output pins to sense point, 2) a release of a overload condition, or 3) a release of a current limit condition. Load capacitance determines exactly how high the output voltage will rise in response to these conditions. After 200ms the converter will automatically restart.

Over-Temperature Shutdown: A temperature sensor on the internal converter PCB senses the average temperature of the module. The thermal shutdown circuit is designed to turn the converter off when the temperature at the sensed location reaches the Over-Temperature Shutdown value. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the amount of the Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis value.

APPLICATION CONSIDERATIONS

Input System Instability: This condition can occur because any dc-dc converter appears incrementally as a negative resistance load. A detailed application note titled "Input System Instability" is available on the SynQor website which provides an understanding of why this instability arises, and shows the preferred solution for correcting it. An Input Stability Calculator is also available on SynQor's website under Design Tools.

Application Circuits: Figure C provides a typical circuit diagram which details the input filtering and voltage trimming.

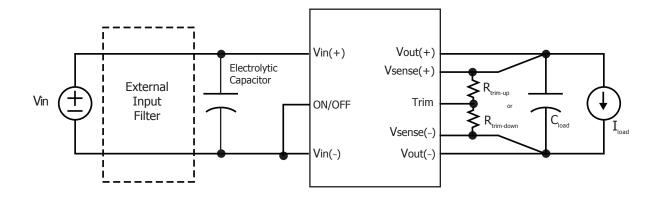


Figure C: Typical application circuit (negative logic unit, permanently enabled).

Input Filtering and External Capacitance: Figure D provides a diagram showing the internal input filter components. This filter dramatically reduces input terminal ripple current, which otherwise could exceed the rating of an external electrolytic input capacitor. The recommended external input capacitance is specified in the

Input Characteristics section on the Electrical Characteristics page. The input capacitance need not exactly match the specified value. More detailed information is available in the application note titled "EMI Characteristics" on the SynQor website.

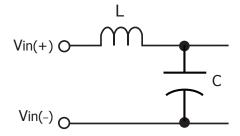


Figure D: Internal Input Filter Diagram (component values listed on the input characteristics page).



Startup Inhibit Period: The Startup Inhibit Period ensures that the converter will remain off for approximately 200ms when it is shut down for any reason. When an output short is present, this generates a 5Hz "hiccup mode," which prevents the converter from overheating. In all, there are seven ways that the converter can be shut down, initiating a Startup Inhibit Period:

- Input Under-Voltage Lockout
- · Input Over-Voltage Shutdown
- Output Over-Voltage Protection
- Over Temperature Shutdown
- Current Limit (when Vout is below shutdown voltage)
- · Short Circuit Protection
- Turned off by the ON/OFF input

Figure E shows three turn-on scenarios, where a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated at t_0 , t_1 , and t_2 :

Before time t_0 , when the input voltage is below the UVL threshold, the unit is disabled by the Input Under-Voltage Lockout (UVL) feature. When the input voltage rises above the UVL threshold, the Input Under-Voltage Lockout is released, and a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated. At the end of this delay, the ON/OFF pin is evaluated, and since it is active, the unit turns on.

At time t_1 , the unit is disabled by the ON/OFF pin, and it cannot be enabled again until the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed.

When the ON/OFF pin goes low after t_2 , and the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed, and the output turns on within the typical Turn-On Time.

Thermal Considerations: The maximum operating baseplate temperature, T_B , is 100° C. As long as the user's thermal system keeps $T_B \leq 100^{\circ}$ C, the converter can deliver its full rated power.

A power derating curve can be calculated for any heatsink that is attached to the base-plate of the converter. It is only necessary to determine the thermal resistance, $R_{TH_{BA}}$, of the chosen heatsink between the base-plate and the ambient air for a given airflow rate. This information is available from the heatsink vendor. The following formula can then be used to determine the maximum power the converter can dissipate for a given thermal condition if its baseplate is to be no higher than 100° C.

$$P_{\text{diss}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{100^{\text{o}}\text{C - T}_{\text{A}}}{R_{\text{TH}_{BA}}}$$

This value of power dissipation can then be used in conjunction with the data shown in Figure 2 to determine the maximum load current (and power) that the converter can deliver in the given thermal condition.

We recommend that a suitable thermal interface material such as a thermally conductive pad or grease be used to assure a good thermal interface between the base plate and the conductive cooling device.

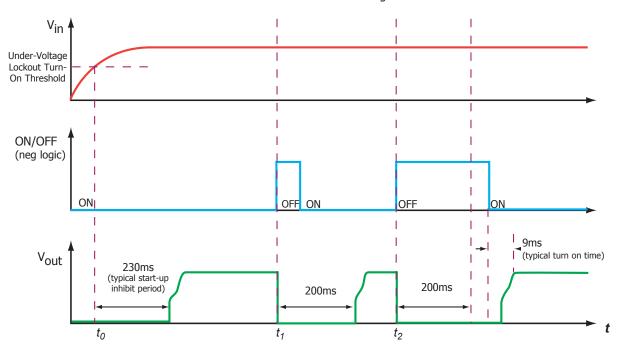


Figure E: Startup Inhibit Period (turn-on time not to scale)





Standards & Qualification Testing

Parameter	Notes & Conditions
STANDARDS COMPLIANCE	
UL 60950-1/R:2011-12	Basic Insulation
CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1/A1:2011	
EN 60950-1/A12:2011	Certified by TUV

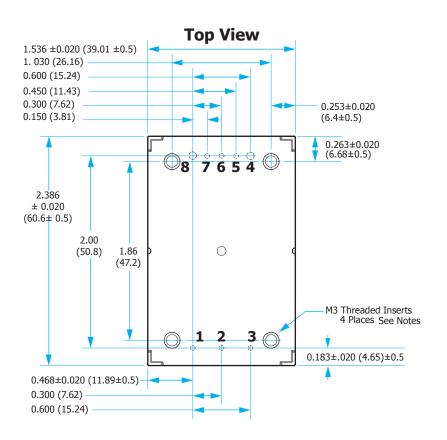
Note: An external input fuse must always be used to meet these safety requirements. Contact SynQor for official safety certificates on new releases or download from the SynQor website.

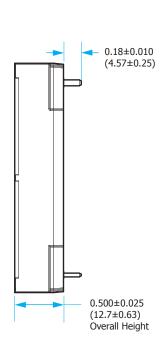
Parameter	# Units	Test Conditions
QUALIFICATION TESTING		
Life Test	32	95% rated Vin and load, units at derating point, 1000 hours
Vibration	5	10-55 Hz sweep, 0.060" total excursion, 1 min./sweep, 120 sweeps for 3 axis
Mechanical Shock	5	100g minimum, 2 drops in x, y, and z axis
Temperature Cycling	10	-40 °C to 100 °C, unit temp. ramp 15 °C/min., 500 cycles
Power/Thermal Cycling	5	Toperating = min to max, Vin = min to max, full load, 100 cycles
Design Marginality	5	Tmin-10 °C to Tmax+10 °C, 5 °C steps, Vin = min to max, 0-105% load
Humidity	5	85 °C, 95% RH, 1000 hours, continuous Vin applied except 5 min/day
Solderability	15 pins	MIL-STD-883, method 2003
Altitude	2	70,000 feet (21 km), see Note

Note: A conductive cooling design is generally needed for high altitude applications because of naturally poor convective cooling at rare atmospheres.



Technical Specification IQ24xxxQTXxxx





Side View

NOTES

- 1)M3 screws used to bolt unit's baseplate to other surfaces (such as a heatsink) must not exceed 0.100" (2.54 mm) depth below the surface of the baseplate.
- 2) Applied torque per screw should not exceed 6in-lb. (0.7 Nm).
- 3)Baseplate flatness tolerance is 0.004" (.10mm) TIR for surface.
- 4)Pins 1-3, 5-7 are 0.040" (1.02mm) diameter, with 0.080" (2.03mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 5)Pins 4 and 8 are 0.062" (1.57 mm) diameter with 0.100" (2.54 mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 6)All Pins: Material Copper Alloy- Finish (RoHS 6/6) Matte Tin over Nickel plate
- 7)Weight: 3.02 oz. (85.7 g) typical
- 8)All dimensions in inches (mm)

Tolerances: x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm)x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm)

- 9)Workmanship: Meets or exceeds IPC-A-610 Class II
- 10)Recommended pin length is 0.03" (0.76mm) greater than the PCB thickness.

PIN DESIGNATIONS

Pin	Name	Function
1	Vin(+)	Positive input voltage
2	ON/OFF	TTL input to turn converter on and off, referenced to Vin(–), with internal pull up.
3	Vin(-)	Negative input voltage
4	Vout(-)	Negative output voltage
5	SENSE(-)	Negative remote sense ¹
6	TRIM	Output voltage trim ²
7	SENSE(+)	Positive remote sense ³
8	Vout(+)	Positive output voltage

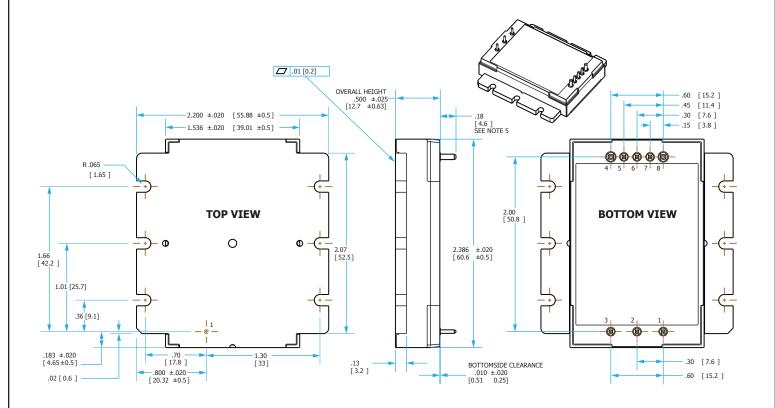
Notes:

- 1) SENSE(-) should be connected to Vout(-) either remotely or at the converter.
- 2) Leave TRIM pin open for nominal output voltage.
- SENSE(+) should be connected to Vout(+) either remotely or at the converter.



Flanged Mechanical Diagram

Technical Specification IQ24xxxQTXxxx



NOTES

- Applied torque per screw should not exceed 5in-lb. (3in-lb recommended).
- Baseplate flatness tolerance is 0.01" (.2mm) TIR for surface.
- Pins 1-3, 5-7 are 0.040" (1.02mm) diameter, with 0.080" (2.03mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- Pins 4 and 8 are 0.062" (1.57 mm) diameter with 0.100" (2.54 mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- All Pins: Material Copper Alloy, Finish (RoHS 6/6) Matte Tin over Nickel plate
- 6) Total Weight: 3.12 oz (88.5 g)
- All dimensions in inches (mm) Tolerances: x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm)x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm)
- Workmanship: Meets or exceeds IPC-A-610 Class II
- Recommended pin length is 0.03" (0.76mm) greater than the PCB thickness.
- 10) A thermal interface material is required to assure proper heat transfer from the flanged baseplate to the cooling surface. Thermal grease may be used, or materials such as Thermalloy's Grafoil or Bergquist HiFlow and Softflow. Other similar products are available from many heatsink manufacturers.

PIN DESIGNATIONS

Pin	Name	Function
1	Vin(+)	Positive input voltage
2	ON/OFF	TTL input to turn converter on and off, referenced to Vin(–), with internal pull up.
3	Vin(-)	Negative input voltage
4	Vout(-)	Negative output voltage
5	SENSE(-)	Negative remote sense ¹
6	TRIM	Output voltage trim ²
7	SENSE(+)	Positive remote sense ³
8	Vout(+)	Positive output voltage

Notes:

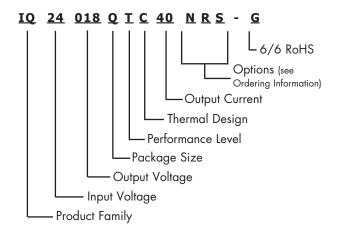
- SENSE(-) should be connected to Vout(-) either remotely 1) or at the converter.
- 2) Leave TRIM pin open for nominal output voltage.
- SENSE(+) should be connected to Vout(+) either remotely 3) or at the converter.

Product # IQ24xxxQTXxxx



PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

The part numbering system for SynQor's dc-dc converters follows the format shown in the example below.



The first 12 characters comprise the base part number and the last 3 characters indicate available options. The "-G" suffix indicates 6/6 RoHS compliance.

Application Notes

A variety of application notes and technical white papers can be downloaded in pdf format from our website.

RoHS Compliance: The EU led RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) Directive bans the use of Lead, Cadmium, Hexavalent Chromium, Mercury, Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB), and Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE) in Electrical and Electronic Equipment. This SynQor product is 6/6 RoHS compliant. For more information please refer to SynQor's RoHS addendum available at our RoHS Compliance / Lead Free Initiative web page or e-mail us at rohs@synqor.com.

Contact SynQor for further information and to order:

Phone: 978-849-0600 Toll Free: 888-567-9596 Fax: 978-849-0602

<u>E-mail</u>: power@synqor.com <u>Web</u>: www.synqor.com Address: 155 Swanson Road

Boxborough, MA 01719

USA

ORDERING INFORMATION

The tables below show the valid model numbers and ordering options for converters in this product family. When ordering SynQor converters, please ensure that you use the complete 15 character part number consisting of the 12 character base part number and the additional characters for options. InQor units are only available with 6/6 RoHS compliance indicated by "-G".

Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Max Output Current
IQ24018QTw40xyz	18-36V	1.8V	40.0A
IQ24033QTw30xyz	18-36V	3.3V	30.0A
IQ24050QTw24xyz	18-36V	5.0V	24.0A
IQ24070QTw17xyz	18-36V	7.0V	17.0A
IQ24120QTw10xyz	18-36V	12.0V	10.0A
IQ24150QTw08xyz	18-36V	15.0V	8.0A
IQ24240QTw05xyz	18-36V	24.0V	5.0A
IQ24300QTw04xyz	18-36V	30.0V	4.0A
IQ24480QTw2Fxyz	18-36V	48.0V	2.5A

The following options must be included in place of the $w \times y \times z$ spaces in the model numbers listed above.

Options Description				
Thermal Design	al Design Enable Logic Pin Style Feature Set			
w	X	y	Z	
C - Encased V - Encased with Flanged Baseplate	N - Negative	R - 0.180"	S - Standard	

Not all combinations make valid part numbers, please contact SynQor for availability.

PATENTS

SynQor holds the following U.S. patents, one or more of which apply to each product listed in this document. Additional patent applications may be pending or filed in the future.

5,999,417	6,222,742	6,545,890	6,577,109	6,594,159	6,731,520
6,894,468	6,896,526	6,927,987	7,050,309	7,072,190	7,085,146
7,119,524	7,269,034	7,272,021	7,272,023	7,558,083	7,564,702
7,765,687	7,787,261	8,023,290	8,149,597	8,493,751	8,644,027

Warranty

SynQor offers a two (2) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our website or is available upon request from SynQor.

Information furnished by SynQor is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by SynQor for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of SynQor.